BOARD FOR BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGY

TENTATIVE AGENDA April 29, 2024

9:00 a.m., Second Floor, Board Room 4

as regulation or offical Board position **Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation** 9960 Mayland Drive **Richmond, Virginia 23233**

I. CALL TO ORDER

II. EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURES

III. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

1. Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Board Meeting Tentative Agenda, April 29, 2024 const

IV. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

- Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Meeting Draft Minutes, March 25, 2024 1.
- Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Regulatory Review Committee Meeting Draft Minutes, April 8, 2. ion and are 2024

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V. COMMUNICATIONS

- 1. A Tool for Agency Leaders who Utilize, or are Considering Utilizing the NIC Examinations The Legal Defensibility of the National Interstate Council of State Boards of Cosmetology, Inc. (NIC) Examination 20% Program
- 2. Notification Regarding NIC Examinations
- 3. Email from Gwanshema Ladd concerning changes to cosmetology and nail rules

VI. PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD *

VII. CASES

Materials contained in

1,5	2021-01788	Zahra Ali Lakhani	(Roberts and LaPierre)	Disciplinary
\$2.	2023-02328	Lesley Nelson-Cook, dba	(Roberts and LaPierre)	Disciplinary
		Rejuvenation Skin Institu	ıte	
3.	2023-01791	Oualid Tayari t/a Willys	(Roberts)	Disciplinary
		Barbershop & Hair Styli	st	
4.	2023-01146	Sammie Leary	(Dang)	Disciplinary
5.	2023-02274	Viet Thinh LLC t/a	(Dang)	Disciplinary
		Darling Nails		
6.	2024-00830	Pure Nails LLC		Consent Order
7.	2024-01332	Destiney Lyons		Licensing
8.	2024-01075	Headlynaz LLC		Licensing

VIII. REPORTS

IX. OLD BUSINESS

X. NEW BUSINESS

XI. REMINDERS

- 1. New Board Member Training Conference- October 10 & 11, 2024 2. Next Board Meeting- July 8, 2024 IOURN blic comment with the source of th

XII. ADJOURN

* 5-minute public comment, with the exception of any open disciplinary files. Persons desiring to attend the meeting and requiring special accommodations and/or interpretive services should contact the Board Office at (804) 367-8590 at least ten (10) days before the meeting so that suitable arrangements can be made for appropriate accommodation. The Department Materials contained in this agenda are and Board fully comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act.

2024 MEETING DATES: July 8, 2024 September 30, 2024 November 18, 2024

PERIMETER CENTER CONFERENCE CENTER EMERGENCY EVACUATION OF BOARD AND TRAINING ROOMS (Script to be read at the beginning of each meeting.)

PLEASE LISTEN TO THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS ABOUT EXITING THE PREMISES IN THE EVENT OF AN EMERGENCY.

In the event of a fire or other emergency requiring the evacuation of the building, alarms will sound. When the alarms sound, <u>leave the room immediately</u>. Follow any instructions given by Security staff

Board Room 1

Exit the room using one of the doors at the back of the room. Upon exiting the room, turn **RIGHT.** Follow the corridor to the emergency exit at the end of the hall.

Upon exiting the building, proceed straight ahead through the parking lot to the fence at the end of the lot. Wait there for further instructions.

Board Room 2

Exit the room using one of the doors at the back of the room. (Point) Upon exiting the room, turn **RIGHT.** Follow the corridor to the emergency exit at the end of the hall.

Upon exiting the building, proceed straight ahead through the parking lot to the fence at the end of the lot. Wait there for further instructions.

You may also exit the room using the side door, turn **Right** out the door and make an immediate **Left**. Follow the corridor to the emergency exit at the end of the hall.

Upon exiting the building, proceed straight ahead through the parking lot to the fence at the end of the lot. Wait there for further instructions.

Board Rooms 3 and 4

Exit the room using one of the doors at the back of the room. Upon exiting the room, turn **RIGHT.** Follow the corridor to the emergency exit at the end of the hall.

Upon exiting the building, proceed straight ahead through the parking lot to the fence at the end of the lot. Wait there for further instructions.

Training Room 1

Exit the room using one of the doors at the back of the room. Upon exiting the room, turn **LEFT**. Follow the corridor to the emergency exit at the end of the hall.

Upon exiting the building, proceed straight ahead through the parking lot to the fence at the end of the lot. Wait there for further instructions.

Training Room 2

Exit the room using one of the doors at the back of the room. Upon exiting the doors, turn **LEFT**. Follow the corridor to the emergency exit at the end of the hall.

Upon exiting the building, proceed straight ahead through the parking lot to the fence at the end of the lot. Wait there for further instructions.

BOARD FOR BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGY

The Board for Barbers and Cosmetology met at 9:00 a.m. on Monday, March 25, 2024, at the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation Offices, 9960 Mayland Drive, 2nd Floor, Board Room 2, Richmond, Virginia. Floor offical as requiation or offical

Matthew D. Roberts Margaret B. LaPierre Gregory Edwards Oanh "Tina" Pham Kim Dang Kailey Blakeney **Emmanuel Gayot**

The following board members were not present:

Bo Machayo Sandra G. Smith Claudia Espinoza Margues Blackmon

DPOR staff present for all, or part of the meeting included:

Kishore Thota, Director Brian Wolford, Chief Deputy Director Stephen Kirschner, Deputy Director, Licensing & Regulatory Programs Kelley Smith, Executive Director Tamika Rodriguez, Regulatory Operations Administrator Wendy Duncan, Licensing Operations Administrator Heather Garnett, Administrative Coordinator

A representative from the Office of the Attorney General was present for the meeting.

Mr. Roberts, Chair, determined a quorum was present and called the meeting CALL TO ORDER to order at 9:16 a.m.

Mr. Roberts read the Department of Professional & Occupational Regulations mission and stated Board meeting reminders.

Ms. Smith, Executive Director, explained the emergency egress procedure for board room 2.

EMERGENCY EGRESS

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

The Board took the agenda under consideration.

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Minutes of Meeting March 25, 2024 Page 2 of 7

Ms. LaPierre motioned to approve the agenda, seconded by Mr. Edwards.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

The Board took the minutes of the Board meeting on January 29, 2024, under consideration.

Mr. Edwards motioned to approve the minutes, seconded by Ms. LaPierre.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

Matt England addressed the Board with concerns of lowering esthetic and master esthetic training hours, low exam pass rates, and esthetics training topics should not be taught by unlicensed individuals.

Shirley Cameron addressed the Board with interest of teaching a body piercing lenda curriculum.

Ross Ann Bumbry addressed the Board stating she is the mother of John Hopewell Jr. Board chair, Mr. Roberts informed Ms. Bumbry that she can speak upon the case of John Hopewell Jr. when the case is called.

Mr. Roberts addressed the audience, asking if any individual was present to speak upon Consent Order agenda items. With no one present to speak Ms. LaPierre moved to consider the Consent Order agenda items 1 and 2 as a block. Mr. Edwards seconded the motion, which was unanimously approved by Board members, Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney.

A representative from A Head Of The Time Number A Head Of The Times Corporation. In the matter of File Number 2024-00247 A Head Of The Times Corporation, Board members reviewed the Consent Order as seen and agreed

A representative from A Head Of The Times Corporation was not present at

APPROVAL OF AINUTES

Ical Board position

PUBLIC COMMENT

CASES

Consent Orders Considered as a Block

File Number 2024-00247 A Head Of The Times Corporation

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Minutes of Meeting March 25, 2024 Page 3 of 7

rt a Ms. LaPierre motioned to adopt the Consent Order and to accept the violations, seconded by Mr. Edwards. The violations were:

Count 1:	18 VAC 41-20-280.4	\$1,300.00
Count 2:	18 VAC 41-20-280.9	\$4,000.00
	(2 Violations @ \$2,000.00	
	per Violation)	
Sub-total		\$5,300.00
Board Costs		\$150.00
Total		\$5,450.00

For violation of Count 1, A Head Of The Times Corporation agreed to report a change in the officers of the corporation to the Board within thirty (30) days of entry of this Order. If A Head Of The Times Corporation reports this change within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order, \$650.00 of the monetary penalty for Count 1 will be waived.

In addition, for Violation 1 of Count 2, A Head Of The Times Corporation agreed to report its current mailing and/or physical address to the Board, in writing, within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Consent Order. If A Head Of The Times Corporation reports this change within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order, \$1,000.00 of the monetary penalty for Violation 1 of Count 2 will be waived.

Further, for Violation 2 of Count 2, A Head Of The Times Corporation agreed to report its current business and/or trade name to the Board, in writing, within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Consent Order. If A Head Of The Times Corporation reports this change within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order, \$1,000.00 of the monetary penalty for Violation 2 of Count 2 will be waived.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

A representative from A Head Of The T: the meeting. In the matter of File Number 2024-00256, A Head Of The Times **Corporation**, Board members reviewed the Consent Order as seen and agreed

A representative from A Head Of The Times Corporation was not present at

File Number 2024-00256, A Head Of The Times Corporation

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Minutes of Meeting March 25, 2024 Page 4 of 7

rt a Ms. LaPierre motioned to adopt the Consent Order and to accept the violations, seconded by Mr. Edwards. The violations are:

Count 1:	18 VAC 41-70-280.4	\$700.00
Count 2:	18 VAC 41-70-280.9	\$3,200.00
	(2 Violations @ \$1,600.00	
	per Violation)	
Sub-total		\$3,900.00
Board Costs		\$150.00
Total		\$4,050.00

For violation of Count 1, A Head Of The Times Corporation agreed to report a change in the officers of the corporation to the Board within thirty (30) days of entry of this Order. If A Head Of The Times Corporation reports this change within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order, \$350.00 of the monetary penalty for Count 1 will be waived.

In addition, for Violation 1 of Count 2, A Head Of The Times Corporation agreed to report its current mailing and/or physical address to the Board, in writing, within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Consent Order. If A Head Of The Times Corporation reports this change within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order, \$800.00 of the monetary penalty for Violation 1 of Count 2 will be waived.

Further, for Violation 2 of Count 2, A Head Of The Times Corporation agreed to report its current business and/or trade name to the Board, in writing, within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this Consent Order. If A Head Of The Times Corporation reports this change within thirty (30) days of the entry of this Order, \$800.00 of the monetary penalty for Violation 2 of Count 2 will be waived.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

Disciplinary

In the matter of File Number 2023-01791, Oualid Tayari t/a Willys **Barbershop & Hair Stylist**

Ms. Smith addressed the Board stating a quorum could not be established to consider this case due to unexpected Board member absences at the meeting. The case was continued to the next Board meeting.

File Number 2023-01791. Oualid Tavari t/a Willys **Barbershop & Hair Stylist**

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Minutes of Meeting March 25, 2024 Page 5 of 7

In the matter of File Number **<u>2023-01146, Sammy Leary</u>**

Ms. Smith address the Board stating a quorum could not be established to consider this case due to unexpected Board member absences at the meeting. The case was continued to the next Board meeting.

In the matter of File Number <u>2024-00206, Connie Early</u>, Board members reviewed the record of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, which consisted of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, transcript, investigative file, Report of Findings, and exhibits.

Neither Connie Early, counsel, nor any other qualified representative was present at the meeting.

Mr. LaPierre motioned accept the recommendation in the Summary of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference and approve Connie Early's application for cosmetology license, seconded by Mr. Edwards.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

In the matter of, File Number **2024-00898, Eugenia Clark**, Board members reviewed the record of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, which consisted of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, transcript, investigative file, Report of Findings, and exhibits.

Neither Eugenia Clark, counsel, nor any other qualified representative addressed the Board.

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Ms. LaPierre motioned to accept the recommendation in the Summary of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference and approve Eugenia Clark's application for esthetician license, seconded by Mr. Edwards.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

Licensing File Number 2024-00206, Connie Early

File Number 2023-01146, Sammy Leary

<u>File Number 2024-00898, Eugenia</u> <u>Clark</u> Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Minutes of Meeting March 25, 2024 Page 6 of 7

In the matter of, File Number 2024-00902, Kevin Pawul, Board members reviewed the record of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, which consisted

<u>returne recommendation in the Summary of the</u> <u>returne recommendation in the Summary of the</u> <u>regulation of offical point</u> file, Report of Findings, and exhibits.

John Hopewell Jr. and Christina Brooke addressed the Board.

Mr. Edwards motioned to accept the recommendation in the Summary of the Informal Fact-Finding Conference and approve John Hopewell Jr.'s application for barber license, seconded by Mr. Gayot.

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Roberts, Ms. LaPierre, Ms. Dang, Mr. Edwards, Mr. Gayot, and Ms. Blakeney. There were no negative votes. The motion carries die 0

Ms. Duncan presented the examination statistics that were provided in the electronic agenda and presented as a handout.

The Board did not have any questions or discussion.

Ms. Rodriguez presented the regulatory report that was provided in the electronic agenda and presented as a handout.

The Board did not have any questions or discussion.

Materials

Mr. Roberts reminded the Board of the Board Member Training Conference, and the next Board meeting is scheduled for April 29, 2024.

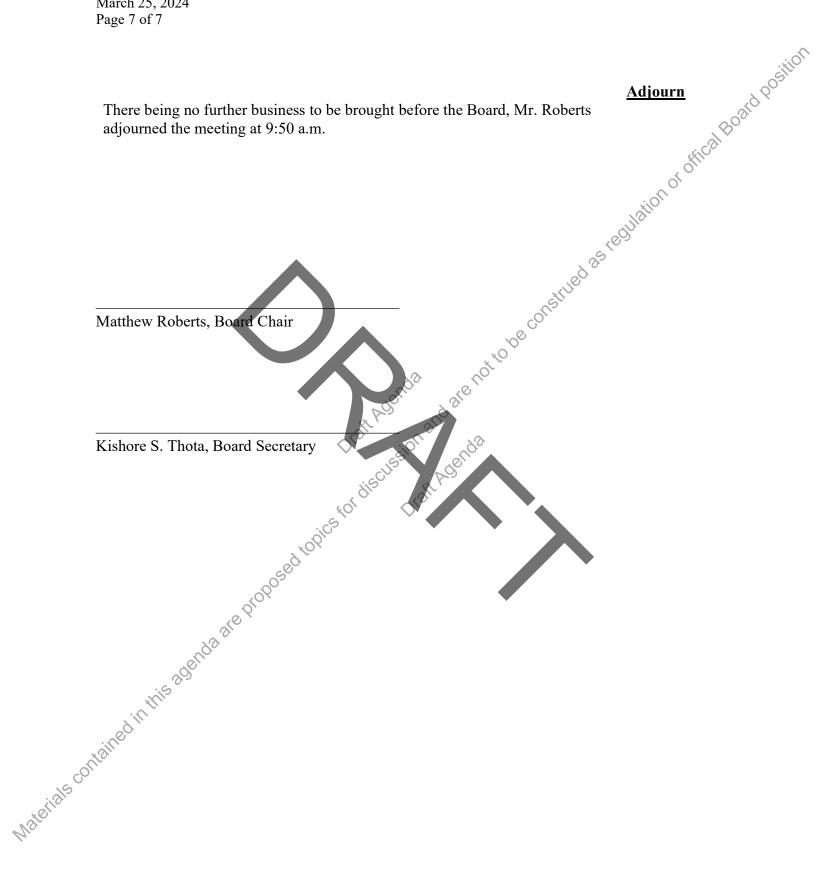
REPORTS

Examination **Statistics**

Regulatory Report

REMINDERS

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Minutes of Meeting March 25, 2024 Page 7 of 7



BOARD FOR BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGY

REGULATORY REVIEW COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF MEETING

The Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, Regulatory Review Committee met on Monday, April 8, 2024 and and and as requilation or off at the Offices of the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, 9960 Mayland Drive, 2nd Floor, Board Room 3, Richmond, Virginia.

The following committee members were present:

Margaret LaPierre Gregory Edwards Marques Blackmon Tina Dang Emmanuel Gayot

The following committee members were not present:

Matthew Roberts

DPOR staff present for all, or part of the meeting included:

Stephen Kirschner, Deputy Director, Licensing and Regulatory Programs Kelley Smith, Executive Director Tamika Rodriguez, Regulatory Operations Administrator Wendy Duncan, Licensing Operations Administrator Heather Garnett, Administrative Coordinator

A representative from the Office of the Attorney General was not present for the meeting.

Ms. LaPierre, Board Vice Chair, called the Board for Barbers and **Call to Order** Cosmetology, Regulatory Review Committee meeting to order at 9:05 a.m.

Ms. LaPierre read the Department of Professional & Occupational Regulations mission and announced several meeting reminders.

Materials Control The C-Ms. Smith, Executive Director, explained the emergency egress procedure for **Emergency Egress**

The Committee took the agenda under consideration. **Approval of** Agen<u>da</u>

Mr. Edward motioned to approve, seconded by Mr. Blackmon.

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology **Regulatory Review Committee** Minutes of Meeting April 8, 2024 Page 2 of 3

The members voting "yes" were Mr. Edwards, Ms. LaPierre, Mr. Blackmon, and Ms. Dang. There were no negative votes. The motion carried.

Ms. LaPierre opened the Public Comment period of the Regulatory Review Committee Meeting.

Construed as regulation or off Laura Todd addressed concerns to the Committee regarding the impact of reducing esthetics and master esthetics training hours on exam pass rates. She suggested licensed schools administer theory and practical exams and recommended a change to the wet disinfection unit regulation change.

Committee member, Mr. Gayot arrived at 9:15 a.m.

Matthew England addressed concerns to the Committee regarding the impact of reducing esthetics and master esthetics training hours on exam pass rates. He recommended a change to the wet disinfection unit regulation and stated that basic estheticians should refrain from performing the dermaplaning procedure.

Jonathan Mulloul addressed concerns to the Committee regarding the impact of reducing esthetics and master esthetics training hours on exam pass rates. He stated the regulatory amendment for school reporting and the curriculum hours of instruction for all barber and cosmetology professions are burdensome.

Shelley Alexander informed the Committee that licensed cosmetologist do not pursue careers in cosmetology, which should be considered when paying back student loans.

Ms. Smith and Mr. Kirschner informed the Committee when edits of the regulatory review count were completed, there was an increase in requirements instead of a decrease. The Committee was asked to continue the regulatory review.

The Committee continued the review of the Barbering and Cosmetology, Tattooing, Esthetics, and Body-Piercing Regulations to determine if the regulation is necessary to protect the health, welfare, and safety of the public. The regulation was amended or removed if it does not currently meet those requirements.

Board Position Public Comment

Member Arrival

Public Comment Continued

Continued Review of Barbering and Cosmetology, Tattooing, Esthetics, and **Body-Piercing** Regulations

Ms. LaPierre called recess from 11:20-11:45 a.m.

Recess

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Regulatory Review Committee Minutes of Meeting April 8, 2024 Page 3 of 3

The Committee continued the review of the Barbering and Cosmetology, Tattooing, Esthetics, and Body-Piercing Regulations to determine if the regulation is necessary to protect the health, welfare, and safety of the public. The regulation was amended or removed if it does not currently meet those requirements.

Committee member, Mr. Gayot exited the meeting at 1:20 p.m.

Upon Committee consensus, the proposed changes to the regulations with any style or technical changes required by staff will be brought to the full Board.

<u>Continued Review</u> of Barbering and <u>Cosmetology</u>. <u>Tattooing</u>. <u>Esthetics</u>, and <u>Body-Piercing</u> <u>Regulations</u>

<u>Committee</u> <u>Member Exit</u>

<u>Continued Review</u> of Barbering and <u>Cosmetology</u>, <u>Tattooing</u>, <u>Esthetics</u>, and <u>Body-Piercing</u> <u>Regulations</u>

Ms. LaPierre reminded the Committee of the next Board meeting scheduled for <u>Reminders</u> April 29, 2024.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 1:40 p.m.

<u>Adjourn</u>

Matthew Roberts, Board Chair

Kishore S. Thora, Board Secretary

Board For Barbers And Cosmetology

General Review of Barbering and Cosmetology Regulations

Chapter 20

Barbering and Cosmetology Regulations

Part I

General

18VAC41-20-10. Definitions.

requisiton or offical Board position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter ascribed to them in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia: c'or

"Barbering" "Barber instructor" "Barbershop"
<u>"Barbering"</u>
"Barber instructor"
"Barbershop"
"Board"
"Cosmetologist"
"Cosmetology"
"Cosmetologist" "Cosmetology" "Cosmetology instructor"
<u>"Cosmetology"</u> <u>"Cosmetology instructor"</u> <u>"Cosmetology salon"</u> <u>"Master barber"</u> <u>"Nail care"</u> <u>"Nail salon"</u> <u>"Nail School"</u>
"Master barber"
"Nail care"
"Nail salon"
"Nail School"
"Nail technician"
"Nail technician instructor"
"Physical (wax) depilatory"
"School of cosmetology"
<u>"Wax technician"</u>
"Waxing"
"Waxing salon"
Waxing school
B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings,
<u>"Waxing school"</u> <u>B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: <u>"Apprenticeship program" means an approved cosmetology, barber, nail technician, or wax technician training program conducted by an approved registered apprenticeship sponsor.</u></u>
"Apprenticeship program" means an approved cosmetology, barber, nail technician, or wax
technician training program conducted by an approved registered apprenticeship sponsor.

"Barber school" means a place or establishment licensed by the board to accept and train students and that offers a barber, master barber, or dual barber/master barber curriculum Board position approved by the board.

"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Clock hours" means a minimum of 50 minutes of supervised or directed instruction and appropriate breaks.

"Credit hour" means a combination of the number of hours in class each week and the number of hours per week in a laboratory by which a school may measure its course work. One unit of credit equals one hour of classroom or online study, two hours of laboratory experience or three hours of internship or practicum or a combination of the three times the number of weeks in the term.

"Direct supervision" means that a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician shall be present in the barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary permit holder or registered apprentice. (i) a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician is present in the barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice; (ii) that a Virginia licensed and certified barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician instructor or a student instructor temporary license holder is present in the barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school at all times when services are being performed by a student, student instructor, or temporary license holder.

"Each and every location" means, for the purposes of schools with multiple suites or classrooms, a single location is one that is enclosed under one roof and all classrooms or suites are within 500 feet of the main office.

"Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Licensee" means any person, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia.

"Post-secondary educational level" means an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges or by an accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

"Reciprocity" means a conditional agreement between two or more states that will recognize one another's regulations and laws for equal privileges for mutual benefit.

Reinstatement" means having a license or certificate restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

Materialscon "Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license or certificate for another period of time.

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;

2. The partners of a general partnership;

3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;

4. The officers of a corporation;

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under his that ividual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of second 1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia. "Substantially equivalent exam" means an event ch covers Virginia's second for individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Virginia state institution" for the purposes of this chapter means any institution approved by the Virginia Department of Education or the Virginia Department of Corrections.

"Wet disinfection unit" is a container large enough to hold an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is a bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed. ie not to

18VAC41-20-15. Gratuitous Services.

Materials contain

Any individual who engages in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nails, or waxing without receiving compensation, reward, or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous services and is exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased. cs for di

Entry

Part

18VAC41-20-20. General requirements for a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician licenseRequirements for a Barber, Master Barber, Cosmetologist, Nail Technician, or Wax Technician License.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing shall obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following gualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure, any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if he has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia barber and cosmetology license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with \$ 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Any plea of noto contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board-approved examination, administered either by the board or by independent examiners.

B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician training program in a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school, respectively, or a Virginia public school's barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician or wax technician program approved by the Virginia Department of Education shall be eligible for examination one of the following programs is eligible for examination:

a. An approved barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician training program in a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school.

Materials contained b. A Virginia public school's barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician program approved by the Virginia Department of Education.

c. A registered apprenticeship.

d. Any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant having a minimum of two years experience in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing in the United States armed forces and having provided documentation satisfactory to the board of that experience shall be eligible for the respective examination.

e. Virginia licensed cosmetologists with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the master barber examination; likewise, a Virginia licensed master barber with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the cosmetology

<u>naving been trained as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant</u> technician in any Virginia state institution shall be eligible for the respective examination. 2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia., but within the United States and it territories. Any person completing a barber, master barber is outside of the completing a barber, master barber is outside of the completing a barber. outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the substantially equivalent training to be eligible for examination. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training, including out of country training, may substitute five years of work experience for training. Applicants should provide their work history demonstrating five years of experience as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

a. Any person completing a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing training program that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the substantially equivalent training to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant.

b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience. Applicants should provide their work history demonstrating three years of experience as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

18VAC41-20-30. License by endorsement Endorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician or who is a licensed instructor in the respective profession in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed both a training program and a written and practical examination that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter, may be issued a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician or wax technician license or the respective instructor certificate without an examination? The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-20-20 A. and 18VAC41 20-100.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute five years of work experience for training. Applicants Materialscor should provide their work history demonstrating five years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed an equivalent training program and whose state only utilizes one licensing examination (written or practical) that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may take the other examination (written or practical) in Virginia to qualify for licensure.

C. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

18VAC41-20-40. Apprenticeship training Training.

A. Licensed barbers, master barbers, cosmetologists, and nail technicians who train of Apprenticeship Training of the Virginia Department of Labor in a salons who train of the train of th apprentices shall must comply with the standards for apprenticeship. training established by the Division of Apprenticeship Training of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry and the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology. Owners of barbershops, cosmetology salons, and nail salons who train apprentices shall comply with the standards for apprenticeship training established by the Division of Apprenticeship Training of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry.

B. Any person completing the Virginia apprenticeship program in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, or nail care shall be eligible for examination.

B. Licensed barbershops, cosmetology salons, and nail salons where apprentices train must comply with the standards for registered apprenticeship training.

18VAC41-20-50. Exceptions to training requirements. (Repealed.)

A. Virginia licensed cosmetologists with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the master barber examination; likewise, a Virginia licensed master barber with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the cosmetology examination.

B. Any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant having been trained as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in any Virginia state institution shall be eligible for the respective examination.

C. Any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant having a minimum of two years of experience in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing in the United States armed forces and having provided documentation satisfactory to the board of that experience shall be eligible for the respective examination.

D. Any licensed barber or barber student enrolling in a master barber training program in a licensed barber school shall be given educational credit for the training and performances completed in a barbering program at a licensed barber school.

18VAC41-20-60. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

Materials

A. Applicants for initial licensure shall must pass both a practical examination and a written portion of the examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any applicant who passes one part of the examination shall not be required to take that part again provided both parts are passed within one year of the initial examination date.

C. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

D.C. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

E.D. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing both a practical examination and a written portions of an examination shall be required to retake both portions. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

E. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

18VAC41-20-70. Reexamination requirements. (Repealed.)

date shall be required to submit a new application and examination fee.

18VAC41-20-80. Examination administration Administration.

The practical examination shall be supervised by a chief examiner.

A. The examination shall be administered by the board or the designated testing service practical examination shall be supervised by a chief examiner. B. Every barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician for the designated testing service of the must hold a current Virginia license in bio the designation of the designated testing service of the must hold a current Virginia license in bio the designation of the designation of the designated testing service of the designation of the designation of the designated testing service of testing service of testing servic shall must hold a current Virginia license in his their respective profession, have three or more years of active experience as a licensed professional, and be currently practicing in that profession. Examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board of by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

C. No certified barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, for wax technician instructor who is (i) currently teaching, (ii) or is a school owner, (iii) or is an apprentice sponsor shall be an examiner.

D. Each barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, and wax technician chief examiner (i) shall must hold a current Virginia license in histheir respective profession, (ii) have five or more years of active experience in that profession (iii) have three years of active experience as an examiner, (iv) and be currently practicing in his respective profession. A licensed cosmetology may serve as an examiner for any license type that is included in the cosmetology profession. Chief examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

E. The applicant shall follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

F. Examiners and chief examiners must attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

18VAC41-20-90. Barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, and wax technician temporary permits Master Barber, Cosmetology, Nail Technician, and Wax Technician Temporary License.

A. A temporary permit license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, respectively may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure who the board finds eligible for examination. There shall be is no fee for a temporary permit license.

1. Licensed cosmetologists may also supervise nail and waxing temporary license holders. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians may also supervise waxing temporary license holders. Licensed master barbers may also supervise barber temporary license holders. B. The temporary permit license will shall remain in force for 45 90 days following the

examination date and no subsequent temporary license will be issued. The examination date shall be the first test date after the applicant has successfully submitted an application to the board that an examination is offered to the applicant by the board.

C. Any person continuing to practice barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing services after a temporary permit license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia. D. No applicant for examination shall be issued more than one temporary permit.

ED. Temporary permits licenses shall will not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-20-20.

18VAC41-20-100. General requirements for a barber instructor certificate, cosmetology instructor certificate, nail technician instructor certificate, or wax technician instructor certificate Requirements for an Instructor Certificate.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in barbering instruction, master barbering instruction, metology instruction, nail care instruction, or waxing instruction shall meet the following lifications: in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care or ways and the following master barbering instruction in the prologe cosmetology instruction, nail care instruction, or waxing instruction shall meet the following qualifications: in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing must meet the following gualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, and instructor, respectively, in Virginia and all other every jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, or in the practice of teaching any of those professions. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure since being previously licensed as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, wax technician and nail technician. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barber instructor, master barber instructor, cosmetology instructor, nail technician instructor, or wax technician instructor.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the instruction of barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action;

2. The applicant shall must hold a current Virginia barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license, respectively;

3. The applicant shall must complete one of the following qualifications:

a. Pass a course in teaching techniques at the post-secondary educational level; or

b. Complete an instructor training course approved by the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology under the supervision of a certified barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician instructor in a barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school, respectively; or

e.b. Pass an instructor examination in barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician instruction respectively, administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board; and.

Materials contained in 4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions since being previously licensed as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, wax technician and nail technician:

B. Instructors shall must be required to maintain a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license, respectively.

C. Certified instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license.

18VAC41-20-110. Student instructor temporary permit Instructor Temporary License.

A. A licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician may be granted a twelve (12) month student instructor temporary permit license to function under the direct supervision of a barber instructor, master barber instructor, cosmetology instructor, nail technician instructor, or wax technician instructor respectively, under the direct supervision of a certified instructor in a licensed school. A licensed nail technician or wax technician may also be granted a student instructor permit to function under the direct supervision of a cosmetology instructor. No subsequent student instructor temporary license shall be issued. Student instructors must pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

B. The student instructor temporary permit shall remain in force for not more than 12 months after the date of issuance and shall be nontransferable and nonrenewable.

C. No applicant for examination shall be issued more than one student instructor temporary permit.

D. Failure to maintain a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license shall disgualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary permit.

E. Temporary permits shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-20-100.

B. Student instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license. Failure to maintain a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license shall disqualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary license.

C. Licensed cosmetologists may also supervise nail and waxing student instructor temporary license holders. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians may also supervise waxing student instructor temporary license holders. Licensed master barbers may also supervise barber student instructor temporary license holders.

D. The student instructor temporary license holder must be associated with both a school and a direct supervisor.

E. Temporary licenses may not issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-20-100.

Materialscor 18VAC41-20-120. General requirements for a shop or salon license Requirements for a Shop or Salon License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate a barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon shall must obtain a shop or salon license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following gualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall <u>must</u> be in good standing as a licensed shop or salon in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, <u>certified</u>, <u>or registered</u>. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, <u>probation</u>, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant or any member of the responsible management the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable may be provided as secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia barber and cosmetology license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54,1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions <u>within two years of the date of application involving</u> moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of note contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facily evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

 5° 5. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. Shop or salon licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business. Any changes in the name or address of the shop or salon shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices of the or promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing portugition of a corporation or limited partnership; and
3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation or limited partnership of Virginia days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license, within 30 days of the change in the business entity, and destroy the license. Such changes include:

Materials contained

of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

E. Mobile shops and salons must have a shop or salon license and provide a physical address.

E.F. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed shop or salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter. For purposes of a board inspection, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public. 2

18VAC41-20-130. General requirements Requirements for a school license School License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate a barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school shall <u>must</u> submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought, obtain a school license in compliance with § 54.1-704.2 of the Code of Virginia, and meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed school in Virginia and all other jurisdiction where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any barbering, cosmetology, nail, or waxing school or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for **licensure** This includes to monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barbering, cosmetology, nail, or waxing school.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a barbering, cosmetology, nail, or waxing school. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case

decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as secondary address.

Board position 3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia barber and cosmetology license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of the application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. Barber, cosmetology, nail technician, and wax technician school licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter, shall must not be transferable, and shall bear the same name and address as the school. Any changes in the name or the and address of record or principal place of business of the school shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such change. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The name of the school must indicate that it is an educational institution. All signs, or other advertisements, must reflect the name as indicated on the license issued by the board and contain language indicating it is an educational institution.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original dicense becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Within 30 days of ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school must provide a written report to the board detailing the performances and hours of each student who has not completed the program.

Materials contained DE. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

EF. Barber schools, cosmetology schools, nail schools, or waxing schools under the Virginia Department of Education shall be exempted from licensure requirements.

Provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public. Part III Fees 18VAC41-20-140. Fees. The following fees apply:are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated: FEE TYPE

	The following fees up	pry.are nonierunuable an		<u> </u>
	FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through August 31, 2024	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2024, and after	WHEN DUE
	Individuals:		×0,0°	
	Application	\$90	\$105	With application
	License by Endorsement	\$90 A POST	\$105	With application
	Renewal:	15.	rende	
	Barber	\$90. discut	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date
	Master Barber	005ed to 90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date
	Cosmetologist	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date
	Nail Technician	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Wax Technician	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Materialscon	Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee and \$105 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application

Application	\$110	\$125	With application
License by Endorsement	\$110	\$125	With application
Renewal	<del>\$110<u></u>\$20</del>	<u>\$150\$20</u>	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Reinstatement	<u>\$220*\$40*</u> *includes \$110 <u>\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$110<u>\$20</u> r<b>ein</b>statement fee</u>	\$300* <u>\$40*</u> *includes \$150 <u>\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$150<u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee</u>	With reinstatement application
Facilities:		Etrue	
Application	\$165	\$190,00	With application
Renewal	\$165	\$190	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee and \$190 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application
Schools:	or dis		
Application	\$185	\$220	With application
Add Program	^{کر \$1} 00	\$100	With application
Renewal	\$185	\$220	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Reinstatement	\$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement fee	\$440* *includes \$220 renewal fee and \$220 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application
18VAC41-20-150. Refun			
All fees are nonrefund 18VAC41-20-160. Licens A license or certificate	<del>lable and shall not be pro</del> Part I		
	Renewal/Rein		

## 18VAC41-20-160. License renewal required Renewal Required.

A license or certificate issued under this chapter shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which it was issued.

#### 18VAC41-20-170. Notice of renewal Renewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the Board position licensee or certificate holder outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice, however, shall not relieve the licensee or certificate holder of the obligation to renew. If the licensee or certificate holder fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license or certificate may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

#### 18VAC41-20-180. Failure to renew Renew.

A. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license of certificate within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for reinstatement of the license or certificate by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application and renewal fee and pay the reinstatement fee.

B. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license or certification within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

1. The former licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for licensure or certification as a new applicant and shall meet all current entry requirements for each respective license or certificate.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under any of the following examination or training waiver provisions, known as grandfathering, shall submit a new application showing the individual met the requirements of the applicable examination or training waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience, and pass the required examination: previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3) years must submit a new application, and pass the required examination.

a. Any person who was exempted from examination for licensure as a barber, as such person was engaged in the practice of barbering on or before July 1, 1966, in any establishment or place of business within which the practice of barbering was carried on by only one barber, and such person filed an application with the board on or before January 1, 1967.

b. Any person exempted from examination as a registered professional hair dresser, as such person was substantially engaged as a hairdresser in Virginia for at least nine months prior to June 29, 1962, and such person filed an application satisfactory to the board on or before July 1, 1963.

c. Any person exempted from training requirements for licensure as a nail technician, as such person had experience or training as a nail technician, and such person applied to the board for examination by October 1, 1991.

d. Any person exempted from examination as a wax technician pursuant to § 54.1-703.1 of the Code of Virginia.

C. The application for reinstatement for a school shall provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school and if the school's records are maintained in accordance with 18VAC41-20-240 and 18VAC41-20-250 by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation. Pursuant to 18VAC41-20-130, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the

expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such <u>C. When a licensed school fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration of the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.</u> notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

date, the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.

reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school. Pursuant to 18VAC41-20-130, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both. 00

2. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

D. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license or certificate is applicable.

E. When a license or certificate is reinstated, the licensee or certificate holder shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

F. A licensee or certificate holder that reinstates its license or certificate shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed or certified without interruption. Therefore, a licensee or certificate holder shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

G. A licensee or certificate holder that fails to reinstate its license or certificate shall be regarded as unlicensed or uncertified from the expiration date of the license or certificate forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee or certificate holder for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual was licensed or certified. this 20'

Part V

Barber Cosmetology, Nail, and Waxing Schools

1. Hold a school license for each and every location. Any suites or classrooms that are located in a different building or are further than 500 feet from the main office are considered a separate location, and require the school hold an additional license.

2. Hold a salon or shop license if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic.

3. Employ a staff of and ensure all training is conducted under the direct supervision of a by licensed and certified barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician instructors, respectively.

a. Licensed and certified cosmetology instructors may also instruct in nail and waxing programs.

Board position b. Licensed and certified esthetics instructors and master esthetics instructors may also instruct in waxing programs.

c. License and certified barber and master barber instructors may instruct straight razor shaving on face and neck in a cosmetology school.

d. Instructor programs must be taught by a certified instructor.

e. Any change in instructors must be reported to the board within 30 days of the change.

4. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care or waxing.

5. Submit its curricula for board approval. All changes to curricula must be resubmitted and approved by the board.

a. Barber curricula shall be based on a minimum of 1,100 750 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

b. Master barber curricula shall be based on a minimum of 400 250 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

c. Dual barber/master barber program curricula shall be based on a minimum of 1,500 1,000 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

d. Cosmetology curricula shall be based on a minimum of 1,500 1,000 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

e. Nail technician curricula shall be based on a minimum of 150 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

f. Wax technician curricula shall be based on a minimum of 115 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

6. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the shop or salon in plain view of the public.

7. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the clinic area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

8. Possess the necessary equipment and implements to teach the respective curriculum. If any such equipment or implement is not owned by the school, then a copy of all agreements associated with the use of such property by the school shall be provided to the board.

8. The theory portions of the curriculum may be offered online. Practical instruction must be obtained in a traditional brick and mortar classroom setting.

9. Schools should utilize technologies and practices that are effective in verifying the identity of distance-learning students who participate in class or coursework (such as a secure login and pass code) while protecting student privacy. Educational technologies must be capable of monitoring a student's time and activities.

Materials contained

10. There is a measure of competency (examination) of the information the student is taught online which shall be completed in a traditional brick and mortar classroom.

#### 18VAC41-20-210. Curriculum requirements Requirements.

A. Each barber, cosmetology, nail, and waxing school shall must submit with its application a <u>Ine outline for barbering must include the following:</u> 1. School policies; <u>Distinction and business topics - minimum of 25 hours of instruction.</u> <u>Business and shop management; and</u> <u>C. Professional ethics and personal busines</u> curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, days and hours of instruction, program length, a sample of a final transcript, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for barbering shall include the following:

B. The outline for barbering must include the following:

- <u>a. Scnool policies;</u>
  <u>b. Business and shop management; and</u>
  <u>c. Professional ethics and personal hygiene.</u>
  2. State law, and regulations, and professional ethics; minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  <u>3. Business and shop management</u> are not to be construed as t
- 3. Business and shop management:
- 4. Client consultation:
- 5. Personal hygiene;
- 6. Cutting the hair with a razor, clippers, and shears;
- 7. Tapering the hair;
- 8. Thinning the hair:
- 9. Shampooing the hair:
- 10. Shaving;
- 11. Trimming a moustache or bea
- 12. Applying hair color;
- 13. Analyzing skin or scalp conditions
- 14. Giving scalp treatments;
- 15. Giving basic facial massage or treatment
- 16. Sanitizing and maintaining implements and equipment; and
- 17. Honing and stropping a razor.

3. Shampooing, cutting, thinning, tapering the hair with razor, clippers, and shears minimum of 270 hours of instruction.

dends

- a. Client Consultation; and
- b. Styling hair with a hand hair dryer.
- 4. Shaving and trimming a mustache or beard minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
- a. Client Consultation.
- 5. Applying hair color minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
- a Client Consultation.
- 6. Applied sciences minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
- a. Anatomy and physiology;
- b. Skin structure and function;
- c. Skin types;
- d. Skin conditions;
- Materials contained e. Diseases and disorders of the skin;
  - f. Analyzing skin or scalp conditions; and

a. Giving scalp treatments.

7. General sciences - minimum of 80 hours of instruction.

not to be construe

g. Manual facials and treatments;

h. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and

i. General procedures and safety measures

9. Understanding and maintaining implements and equipment (tools) - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

BC. Each barber school seeking to add a master barber program shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for a barber school adding a master barbering shall must include the following:

1. Styling the hair with a hand hair dryer;

2. Thermal waving:

Permanent waving with chemicals;

4. Relaxing the hair;

5. Lightening or toning the hair;

6. Hairpieces and wigs; and

7. Waxing limited to the scalp.

1. Thermal waving - minimum of 20 hours of instruction.

 $\mathbf{\hat{z}}$  Permanent waving and relaxing the hair with chemicals - minimum of 110 hours of instruction.

3. Lightening or toning the hair - minimum of 100 hours of instruction.

4. Hairpieces and wigs - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

5. Waxing limited to the scalp - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

Materialscont CD. Each school seeking to add a dual barber/master barber program shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and

are not to be construed as regulation or official poard position performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for a barber school adding a dual barber/master barber program shall must include the following:

- 1. School policies;
- 2. State law, regulations, and professional ethics;
- 3. Business and shop management;
- 4. Client consultation:
- 5. Personal hygiene;
- 6. Cutting the hair with a razor, clippers, and shears;
- 7. Tapering the hair;
- 8. Thinning the hair;
- 9. Shampooing the hair;
- 10. Styling the hair with a hand hair dryer;
- 11. Thermal waving;
- 12. Permanent waving with chemicals;
- 13. Relaxing the hair;
- 14. Shaving;
- 15. Trimming a moustache or beard
- 16. Applying hair color;
- 17. Lightening or toning the hair;
- 18. Analyzing skin or scalp conditions?
- 19. Giving scalp treatments;
- 20. Waxing limited to the scalp:
- 21. Giving basic facial massage or treatment
- 22. Hair pieces;
- 23. Sanitizing and maintaining implements and equipment; and
- 24. Honing and stropping a razor.
- 1. Orientation and business topics minimum of 25 hours of instruction.
- a. School policies;
- b. Business and Shop Management; and
- c. Professional Ethics and personal hygiene.
- 2. State law and regulations minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

3. Shampooing, cutting, thinning, tapering the hair with razor, clippers, and shears minimum of 270 hours of instruction.

Jends

a. Client Consultation; and

- Materials contained
  - 4. Shaving and trimming a mustache or beard minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
  - a. Client Consultation.
  - 5. Applying hair color minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
  - a. Client Consultation.
  - 6. Applied sciences minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
  - a. Anatomy and physiology;

b. Skin structure and function:

c. Skin types;

e. Extraction techniques;

f. Machines, equipment, and electricity;

g. Manual facials and treatments;

h. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and

i. General procedures and safety measures.

9. Understanding and maintaining implements and equipment (tools) - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

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10. Thermal waving minimum of 20 hours of instruction.

11. Permanent waving and relaxing the hair with chemicals - minimum of 110 hours of instruction. 0

12. Lightening or toning the hair - minimum of 100 hours of instruction.

13. Hairpieces and wigs - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

14. Waxing limited to the scalp - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

DE. Each cosmetology school shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for cosmetology shall must include the following:

1. Orientation:

Materialscon

a. School policies;

b. State law, regulations, and professional ethics;

c. Personal hygiene; and

d. Bacteriology, sterilization, and sanitation.

- 2. Manicuring and pedicuring:
  - a. Anatomy and physiology;
- 3. Shampooing and rinsing:
- 4. Scalp treatments:
- 5. Hair styling:
- 6. Hair cutting:
- 7. Permanent waving-chemical relaxing:
  - a. Analysis;
  - b. Supplies and equipment;
  - c. Procedures and practical application;

6

- d. Chemistry;
- e. Recordkeeping; and
- f. Safety.
- 8. Hair coloring and bleaching:
  - a. Analysis and basic color theory;
  - b. Supplies and equipment;
  - c. Procedures and practical application;
  - d. Chemistry and classifications;
  - e. Recordkeeping; and
  - f. Safety.
- Materials contained in 9. Skin care and make-up:
  - a. Analysis;

b. Anatomy:

c. Health, safety, and sanitary rules;

d. Procedures;

e. Chemistry and light therapy;

f. Temporary removal of hair; and

- g. Lash and brow tinting.
- 10. Wigs, hair pieces, and related theory:
  - a. Sanitation and sterilization:
  - b. Types; and
  - c. Procedures.
- **11. Salon management:** 
  - a. Business ethics: and
  - b. Care of equipment.
- 285 regulation or offical Board position 1. Orientation and business topics - minimum of 45 hours of instruction. are not to be cons
  - a. School policies;

b. Management;

c. Sales, inventory, and retailing;

d. Taxes and payroll;

e. Insurance;

- f. Client records and confidentiality; and
- g. Professional ethics and practices.
- 2. Laws and regulations minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
- 3. General sciences minimum of 55 hours of instruction
  - a. Principles and practices of infection control;
  - b. Safety Data Sheet(SDS);and

c. Chemical usage and safety.

4. Applied sciences - minimum of 40 hours of instruction.

a. Anatomy, physiology, and histology.

5. Shampooing, tinsing, and scalp treatments for all hair types, including textured hair minimum of 25 hours of instruction.

a. Client consultation and analysis; and

b. Procedures, manipulations, and treatments.

6. Hair styling for all hair types, including textured hair - minimum of 65 hours of instruction.

a. Fingerwaving, molding, and pin curling;

b. Roller curling, combing, and brushing; and

c. Heat curling, waving, and pressing.

Materials contained in 7. Hair cutting for all hair types, including textured hair - minimum of 125 hours of instruction.

a. Fundamentals, materials, and equipment; and

b. Procedures.

8. Permanent waving and chemical relaxing for all hair types, including textured hair minimum of 115 hours of instruction.

a. Chemistry:

- b. Supplies and equipment; and

- - b. Effleurage and related movements and manipulations of the face and body;

Jenda

c. Cleansings procedures;

d. Masks;

- e. Extraction techniques:
- f. Machines, equipment, and electricity;
- g. Manual facials and treatments;
- h. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and
- i. General procedures and safety measures.
- 14. Makeup minimum of 35 hours of instruction.
  - a. Setup, supplies, and implements;
  - b. Color theory;
  - c. Consultation:
  - d. General and special occasion application;
  - e. Camouflage;
  - <u>_f</u>Application of false lashes and lash extensions;
  - g. Lash and tinting;

h. Lash perming:

- i. Lightning of the hair on the body except scalp; and
- j. General procedures and safety measures.
- Materials contained in thi 15. Body and other treatments - minimum of 20 hours of instruction.
  - a. Body treatments;
  - b. Aromatherapy; and
  - c. General procedures and safety measures.

16. Hair removal - minimum of 35 hours of instruction.

a. Client consultation and analysis;

b. Waxing;

c. Mechanical hair removal;

d. Tweezing and threading; and

e. Chemical hair removal.

Board Position EF. Each nail school shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for nail care shall must include the following:

- 1. Orientation: minimum of 5 hours of instruction.
  - a. School policies; and
  - b. State law, regulations, and professional ethics;
- 2. Sterilization, sanitation, bacteriology, and safety; minimum of 35 hours of instruction.
- Anatomy and physiology, minimum of 15 hours of instruction.
- 4. Diseases and disorders of the nail; minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

5. Nail procedures (i.e., manicuring, pedicuring, and nail extensions); and - minimum of 75 hours of instruction.

6. Nail theory and nail structure and composition - - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

FG. Each waxing school shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for waxing shall must include the following:

- 1. Orientation: minimum of 10 hours of instruction
  - a. School policies;
  - b. State law, regulations, and professional ethics; and

21.

- c. Personal hygiene.
- d. Salon management, and
- e. Care of equipment.

2. Skin care theory, structure, composition, and treatment: - minimum of 30 hours of instruction.

a. Analysis;

b. Anatomy and physiology;

c Diseases and disorders of the skin;

d. Health sterilization, sanitation, bacteriology, and safety including infectious disease control measures; and

- e. Temporary removal of hair.
- 3. Skin theory, skin structure, and composition.
- Materialscontained in 43. Client consultation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  - a. Health conditions;
  - b. Skin analysis;
  - c. Treatments;
  - d. Client expectations; and

e. Health forms and questionnaires.

Jed as regulation or offical Board position 54. Waxing procedures for brow, lip, facial, legs, arms, underarm, chest, back, and bikini areas: - minimum of 35 hours of instruction.

- a. Fundamentals;
- b. Safety rules; and
- c. Procedures.
- 65. Wax treatments: minimum of 30 hours of instruction.
  - a. Analysis;
  - b. Disorders and diseases;
  - c. Manipulations; and
  - d. Treatments.

7. Salon management:

a. Business ethics; and

b. Care of equipment.

GH. A licensed school with an approved barber, master barber, dual barber/master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in the respective profession and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the hours requirements specified in the respective subsection of this section and 18VAC41-20-220.

The school shall must make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript, documentation of hours and performances provided to the student by the school and the successful completion of a board-approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or the number of hours specified in the board-approved curriculum for a specific topic.

I. The instructor curriculum must include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Orientation, introduction to teaching, and professional ethics:

2. Curriculum;

3. Course outline and development;

4. Lesson planning;

5. Classroom management;

6. Teaching techniques:

7. Methods of instruction (including theory and practical instruction*);

8. Learning styles;

9 Learning disabilities;

10. Teaching aids;

Materials contained 11. Developing, administering and grading examinations;

12. School administration;

13. Recordkeeping;

14. Laws and regulations;

15. Supervision of clinic floor; and

16. Practicum teaching.

### 18VAC41-20-220. Hours of instruction and performances Practical Performance **Requirements.**

hours for barbering, 400 clock hours for master barbering, 1,500 clock hours for dual barber/master barber program and cosmetology, 150 clock hours for nail care, and 115 clock hours for waxing.

B.<u>A.</u> The curriculum requirements for barbering must include the following minimum formances: performances: Hair and scalp treatments 18¹⁰ Hair services regui Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses, and semi-permanent color) 35 **Basic facials** 5 <del>370</del> TOTAL Hair and scalp treatments 10 Straight razor shaving on face and neck <u>12</u> Hair services 285 Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses, and semi-permanent color) 20 Polet JISEUS **Basic facials** <u>5</u> 332 TOTAL

C.B. The curriculum requirements for master barbering must include the following minimum performances:

Bleaching and frosting	10	
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	<del>25</del>	
Hair shaping	<del>50</del>	
Wig care, styling, placing on model	5	
Finger waving and thermal waving	<del>30</del>	
TOTAL	<del>120</del>	
Bleaching and frosting	<u>20</u>	
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	<u>30</u>	
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing         Wig care, styling, placing on model         Finger waving and thermal waving	<u>15</u>	
Finger waving and thermal waving	<u>30</u>	

<u>TOTAL</u> <u>100</u>	<u>)</u>
D. <u>C.</u> The curriculum requirements for dual barber/mas following minimum performances:	oter barber program must include the
Hair and scalp treatments	10
Hair styling services	320
Bleaching and frosting	40
Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses, and sem	ni-permanent color)
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	2 <del>5</del>
Hair shaping	50 50 50
Wig care, styling, placing on model	5
Finger waving and thermal waving	5 30
Basic facials and waxings	5
TOTAL	<del>490</del>
	<u>10</u>
Hair and scalp treatments     Hair services	<u>285</u>
Straight razor shaving on face and neck	<u>12</u>
Bleaching and frosting	<u>20</u>
Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses, and sem	<u>ni-permanent color)</u> 20
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	<u>30</u>
Wig care, styling, placing on model	<u>15</u>
Finger waving and thermal waving	<u>30</u>
Basic facials	5
Waxing limited to the scalp	<u>5</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>432</u>
E. <u>D.</u> The curriculum requirements for cosmetology r performances:	nust include the following minimum
Hair and scalp treatments	10
<del>Hair styling</del>	<del>320</del>

Tinting	- <del>15</del>
Bleaching and frosting	10
Temporary rinses	-10 -10 -10 -10 -25
<del>Semi-permanent color</del>	<del>10</del>
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	25
Hair shaping	50
Wig care, styling, placing on model	5
Finger waving and thermal waving	- <mark>-30</mark>
Manicures and pedicures	<u>4</u> 45
Basic facials and waxings	,
Sculptured nails, nail tips, and wraps	20
TOTAL	6013   <del>525</del>
Shampooing, rinsing, and scalp treatments, for a	all hair types, including 20
textured hair	
Hair styling, for all hair types, including textured I	hair @ <u>60</u>
Hair cutting, for all hair types, including textured	<u>hair <u>60</u></u>
Permanent waving-chemical relaxing, for all hair	types, including textured 60
hair	
Hair coloring and bleaching, for all hair types, inc	cluding textured hair <u>50</u>
Wigs, hair pieces, and related theory	5
Straight razor shaving on face and neck	12
	15
Manicuring and pedicuring	procedures
Individual sculptured nails and nail tips	30
Body and other treatments	<u>5</u>
Makeup. C	<u>20</u>
<u>Skin care</u>	<u>15</u>
Hair removal	<u>15</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>367</u>
F.E. The curriculum requirements for nail performances:	care must include the following minimu

Pedicures	<del>15<u>20</u></del>
Individual sculptured nails and nail tips	<del>200<u>170</u></del>
Individual removals	<del>10</del> 20
Individual nail wrapsUV/LED Gel nails	<del>20</del> 20
TOTAL	<del>275<u>255</u></del>

al Board position G.F. The curriculum requirements for waxing must include the following minimum n or or or performances:

Arms	4 <u>2</u>	ije stati
Back	<del>2</del> 1	Credulati
Bikini area	6 <u>4</u>	25100
Brows	12	30.2
Chest	n ⁵ 1	
Facial (i.e., face, chin, and cheek and lip)	<u>ہ</u> 6	
Leg	3 <u>2</u>	
Underarm	2	
TOTAL	<del>36<u>30</u></del>	

### 18VAC41-20-240. Records.

A. Schools shall must maintain on the premises of each school and available for inspection by the board or any of its agents the following records for the period of a student's enrollment through five years after the student's completion of the curriculum, termination, or withdrawal:

1. Enrollment application containing student's signature and a two-inch by two-inch color head and shoulders photograph;

- Daily record of attendance containing student's signature;
- 3. Student clock hours containing student's signature and method of calculation;
- 4. Practical performance completion sheets containing student's signature;
- 5. Final transcript; and

6. All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

6. Course descriptions, and

7 All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

B. Schools shall must produce to the board or any of its agents within 10 days of the request any document, book, or record concerning any student, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records, for inspection and copying by the board or its agents. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10day period.

C. Schools shall, must within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, provide documentation of hours and performances completed by the student as required to be maintained by subsection A of this section.

D. Prior to a school changing ownership or a school closing, the school is required to provide to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

A. Schools shall provide, in a manner, format, and frequency prescribed by the board, a roster Il current students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior of reporting deadline. B. Within 30 days of ceasing to operative iness entity, the total 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student.

### 18VAC41-20-250. Reporting.

of all current students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

business entity, the school shall provide a written report to the board on performances and hours of each of its students who have not completed the program.

A. Each school must provide student rosters to the board quarterly, no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of every year;

1. A roster of all enrolled students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

2. Students who are enrolled but have not begun classes must be included in the report.

3. Rosters must be submitted via a secure link provided by the board on the board supplied document, which will include the students full name, date of birth, program type, date enrolled, the total number of hours to-date, and the date completed, terminated, or withdrawn.

4. Schools with no students enrolled, but the intention of operating, must submit a report to that effect. Schools with no students enrolled that no longer wish to operate should terminate their license in accordance with board regulations.

# enda Part VI

### Standards of Practice

### 18VAC41-20-260. Display of licenseLicense.

A. Each shop, salon, or school shall must ensure that all current licenses, certificates, or permits issued by the board shall be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop, salon, or school. Duplicate licenses, certificates, or permits shall must be posted in a like manner in every shop, salon, or school location where the regulant provides services.

B. Each shop, salon, or school shall must ensure that no employee, licensee, student, or apprentice performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the applicable license.

C. All licensees, certificate holders, and permit holders shall must operate under the name in which the license, certificate, or permit is issued.

D. Unless also licensed as a cosmetologist, a barber or master barber is required to hold a separate nail technician or wax technician license if performing nail care or waxing.

E All apprenticeship cards issued by the Department of Labor and Industry (DOLI) shall be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor shall require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DOLI registered apprentice. Proof of apprenticeship registration issued by the applicable agency of the Virginia Department of Workforce Development Advancement (DWDA) must be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor must require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DWDA registered apprentice.

### 18VAC41-20-270. Sanitation and safety standards for shops, salons, and schools Safety Standards for Shops, Salons, and Schools.

A. Sanitation and safety standards. Any shop, salon, school, or facility where barber, master barber, cosmetology, or nail or waxing services are delivered to the public must be clean and sanitary at all times. Compliance with these rules does not confer compliance with other requirements set forth by federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations as they apply to business operation, physical construction and maintenance, safety, and public health. Licensees shall take sufficient measures to prevent the transmission of communicable and infectious diseases and comply with the sanitation standards identified in this section and shall ensure that all employees likewise comply.

A. Sanitation and safety standards.

Or 1. Any shop, salon, or school where barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail or wax services are delivered to the public must be clean and sanitary at all times.

2. Compliance with these rules does not confer compliance with other requirements set forth by federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations as they apply to business operation, physical construction and maintenance, safety, and public health.

3. Licensees must take sufficient measures to prevent the transmission of communicable and infectious diseases and comply with the sanitation standards identified in this section and must ensure that all employees likewise comply.

B. Disinfection and storage of implements.

1. Each barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, and wax technician must have a wet disinfection unit at his station and must meet the standards in the definition of wet disinfection requirements. A wet disinfection unit is a container large enough to hold a disinfectant solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination of the solution. The solution must be an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal. Disinfectant solutions shall be used according to manufacturer's directions. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination and any disinfection solutions must be used according to manufacturer instructions.

2. Disinfection of multiuse implements items constructed of hard, nonporous materials such as metal, glass, or plastic that the manufacturer designed for use on more than one client, including clippers, scissors, combs, and nippers is to be carried out in the following manner prior to servicing a client:

a. Remove all foreign matter from the object, utilizing a brush if needed. Drill bits are to be soaked in acetone and scrubbed with a wire brush to remove all foreign matter;

b. Wash thoroughly with hot water and soap;

CR Rinse thoroughly with clean water and dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel;

d. Fully immerse implements into wet disinfectant solution for a minimum of 10 minutes; and

e. After immersion, rinse articles, dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and store in a clean, predisinfected, and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight sealed covered container, or leave instruments in an EPA-registered wet disinfection unit storage solution used according to manufacturer's directions.

Materials contained in 3. Single-use items designed by the manufacturer for use on no more than one client should be discarded immediately after use on each individual client, including but not limited to powder puffs, lip color, cheek color, sponges, styptic pencils, or nail care

implements, or disposable razors. The disinfection and reuse of these items is not permitted and the use of single-use items on more than one client is prohibited.

4. For the purpose of recharging, rechargeable clippers may be stored in an area other than in a closed cabinet or container. This area shall must be clean and the cutting edges of any clippers are to be disinfected.

5. Electrical clipper blades shall must be disinfected before and after each use. If the clipper blade cannot be removed, the use of a spray or foam used according to the  $\infty^{2}$ manufacturer's instructions will be acceptable, provided that the disinfectant is an EPA registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal, and that the entire handle is also disinfected by wiping with the disinfectant solution.

6. All wax pots shall must be cleaned and disinfected with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal and with no sticks left standing in the wax at any time. The area immediately surrounding the wax pot shall must be clean and free of clutter, waste materials, spills, and any other items that may pose a hazard.

7. Each barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, and wax technician must have a wet disinfection unit at his station.

8. Sinks, bowls, tubs, whirlpool units, air jetted basins, pipe less units, and non-whirlpool basins used in the performance of nail care shall be maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. They shall be cleaned and disinfected immediately after each client in the following manner:

a. Drain all water and remove all debris;

b. Clean the surfaces and walls with soap or detergent to remove all visible debris, oils, and product residue and then rinse with water;

c. Disinfect by spraying or wiping the surface with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal; and

d. Wipe dry with a clean towel.

7. Foot tubs, whirlpool units, air-jetted basins, pipe-less units, and non-whirlpool basins used in the performance of hail care shall must be maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. They shall must be cleaned and disinfected immediately after each client in the following manner:

a. Drain all water and remove all debris;

b. Clean the surfaces and walls with soap or detergent to remove all visible debris, oils, and product residue and then rinse with water;

c. Disinfect with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal in accordance with manufacturer directions for pedicure units; and

d. Wipe dry with a clean towel.

C. General sanitation and safety requirements.

Service chairs, wash basins, shampoo sinks, workstations and workstands, and back

2. The floor surface in all work areas must be of a washable surface other than carpet. The floor must be kept clean and free of hair, nail clippings, dropped articles, spills, clutter, trash, electrical cords, other waste materials, and any other items that may pose a hazard;

<u>, ut</u> <u>, y with a cli</u> , al sanitation and sa 1. Service chairs, wash b bars <del>shall</del> <u>must</u> be clean; 2. The floor surface in a <del>The floor must be</del> trash, election 3 a 3. All furniture, fixtures, walls, floors, windows, and ceilings shall must be clean and in good repair and free of water seepage and dirt. Any mats shall must be secured or shall

and position

4. A fully functional bathroom in the same building with a working toilet and sink must be available for clients. There must be hot and cold running water. Fixtures must be in good condition. The bathroom must be lighted and sufficiently ventilated. If there is a window, it must have a screen. There must be soap and clean single-use towels or hand air-drying device for the client's use. Laundering of towels is allowed, space permitting. The bathroom must not be used as a work area or for the open storage of chemicals. For facilities newly occupied after January 1, 2017, the bathroom shall must be maintained exclusively available for client use or shared with other businesses in the same building. If the bathroom is shared, the bathroom shall be available for client use and within 200 feet of the entrance and must adhere to all sanitation requirements of this chapter;

5. General areas for client use must be neat and clean with a waste receptacle for common trash;

65. Electrical cords shall <u>must</u> be placed to prevent entanglement by the client or licensee, and electrical outlets shall <u>must</u> be covered by plates;

76. All sharp tools, implements, and heat-producing appliances shall <u>must</u> be in safe working order at all times, safely stored, and placed so as to prevent any accidental injury to the client or licensee;

8<u>7</u>. The salon area shall must be sufficiently ventilated to exhaust hazardous or objectionable airborne chemicals, and to allow the free flow of air; and

98. Adequate lighting shall must be provided.

D. Articles, tools, and products.

Materials contained

1. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall <u>must</u> be used for each patron. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall <u>must</u> be stored in a clean, predisinfected, and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight covered container. Soiled towels, robes, or other linens shall <u>must</u> be stored in a container enclosed on all sides including the top, except if stored in a separate laundry room;

2. Whenever a haircloth is used, a clean towel or neck strip shall <u>must</u> be placed around the neck of the patron to prevent the haircloth from touching the skin;

3. Soiled implements must be removed from the tops of work stations immediately after use;

4. Any multiuse article, tool, or product that cannot be disinfected by full immersion as specified in 18VAC41-20-270.B.2 or cleaned according to manufactures recommendation, including but not limited to natural hair brushes or neck dusters, is prohibited from use.

4.<u>5.</u> Lotions, ointments, creams, and powders shall <u>must</u> be labeled and kept in closed containers. A clean spatula, other clean tools, or clean disposable gloves shall <u>must</u> be used to remove bulk substances such as creams or ointments from jars. Sterile cotton or sponges shall <u>must</u> be used to apply creams, lotions, and powders. Cosmetic containers shall <u>must</u> be covered after each use;

5.6. For nail care, if a sanitary container is provided for a client, the sanitary container shall <u>must</u> be labeled and implements shall <u>must</u> be used solely for that specific client. Disinfection shall <u>must</u> be carried out in accordance with subdivisions B 1 and B 2 of this section;

6.7. No substance other than a sterile styptic powder or sterile liquid astringent approved for homeostasis and applied with a sterile single-use applicator shall <u>must</u> be used to check bleeding; and

7.8. Any disposable material making contact with blood or other body fluid shall must be disposed of in a sealed plastic bag and removed from the shop, salon, school, or facility

in accordance with the guidelines of the Virginia Department of Health. <u>double bagged</u>, <u>labeled as a biohazard</u>, and disposed of in a closed receptacle.

E. Chemical storage and emergency information.

1. Shops, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> have in the immediate working area a binder with all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) provided by manufacturers for any chemical products used;

2. Shop, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area that contains at minimum latex gloves, two 12-inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) approved blood spill clean-up kit;

3. Flammable chemicals shall <u>must</u> be labeled and stored in a nonflammable storage cabinet or a properly ventilated room; and

4. Chemicals that could interact in a hazardous manner (e.g., oxidizers, catalysts, and solvents) shall must be labeled and separated in storage.

F. Client health guidelines.

1. All employees providing client services shall <u>must</u> cleanse their hands with a soap product prior to providing services to each client. Licensees shall require that clients for nail care services shall <u>must</u> cleanse their hands immediately prior to the requested nail care service;

2. An artificial nail shall must only be applied to a healthy natural nail;

3. A nail drill or motorized instrument <del>shall</del> <u>must</u> be used <del>only</del> on the <mark>artificial nail surface</mark> only free edge of the nail;

4. No shop, salon, school, or facility providing cosmetology or nail care services shall <u>must</u> have on the premises cosmetic products containing hazardous substances that have been banned by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for use in cosmetic products;

5. No product shall be used in a manner that is disapproved by the FDA; and

6. All regulated services must be performed in a facility that is in compliance with current local building and zoning codes.

G. In addition to any requirements set forth in this section, all licensees and temporary permit license holders shall <u>must</u> adhere to regulations and guidelines established by the Virginia Department of Health and the Occupational Safety and Health Compliance Division of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry. Workforce Development and Advancement.

H. All shops, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> immediately report the results of any inspection of the shop, salon, or school by the Virginia Department of Health as required by § 54.1-705 of the Code of Virginia.

I. All shops, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> maintain a self-inspection form on file to be updated on an annual basis, and kept for five years, so that it may be requested and reviewed by the board at its discretion.

18VAC41-20-280. Grounds for license revocation or suspension; denial of application, tenewal, or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penaltyGrounds for License Revocation,Suspension, or Probation; Denial of Application, Renewal or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder; suspend or revoke or refuse to issue, renew or reinstate any <u>a</u> license, or certificate, impose a monetary penalty, place a license or certificate on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate, suspend a license or certificate for a

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stated period of time; or revoke, a license or certificate issued certificate, or permit; or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if it finds that the licensee, certificate holder, permit temporary license holder, or applicant:

1. Is incompetent, or negligent in practice, or incapable unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, mentally or physically, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, (i) to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, or to (ii) operate a shop, salon, or schools

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice or teaching of barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing or fails to teach the <u>board-approved</u> curriculum as provided for in this chapter, or fails to comply with 18VAC41-20-210 H when making an <u>assessment of credit hours awarded</u>;

3. Attempts to obtain, obtained, renewed or reinstated a license, certificate, or temporary license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates or induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating, any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local employee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent, in the performance of his duties, any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed shop, salon, or school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) or this chapter;

8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, certificate holder's, temporary license holder's, applicant's, or owner's responsible management's possession or maintained in accordance with these regulations;

9. Fails to notify the board of a change of name or address in writing within 30 days of the change for each and every license, certificate, or permit temporary license;

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading;

11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license, certificate, or permit in connection with a disciplinary action in any jurisdiction or of any license, certificate, or permit that has been the subject of disciplinary action in any jurisdiction; of final action or disciplinary action taken against a license, registration, certificate, or temporary license in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States, of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

Materials contained

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plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or quilt;

Board Position 13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of any convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section:

14. Allows, as responsible management of a shop, or salon, or school, a person who has not obtained a license or a temporary permit license to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician unless the person is duly enrolled as a registered apprentice;

15. Allows, as responsible management of a school, a person who has not obtained an instructor certificate or a student instructor temporary permit license to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician instructor;

16. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practices of barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing, or the operation of barbershops, cosmetology salons, nail salons, or waxing salons; or

17. Fails to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at any board examination.

FORMS (18VAC41-20)

xamination & License Application, A450-Barber - Master Barber - Barber Instructor 1301 EXLIC-v18 (rev. 5/2022)

Nail Technician - Nail Technician Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1206 07EXLIC-v19 (rev. 5/2022) ò.

Wax Technician - Wax Technician Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1214 15EXLIC-v18 (rev. 5/2022)

Cosmetology - Cosmetology Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1201 04EXLIC-v21 (rev. 5/2022)

Temporary Permit Application, A450-1213TEMP-v3 (rev. 12/2021)

License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (rev. 9/2022)

Individuals – Reinstatement Application, A450-1213REI-v13 (rev. 9/2022)

Salon, Shop, Spa & Parlor License/Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v16 (rev. 9/2022) 20

Salon Shop & Spa Self Inspection Form, A450-1213 SSS INSP-v2 (eff. 5/2016) Instructor Certification Application, A450-1213INST-v17 (rev. 10/2022)

Student Instructor – Temporary Permit Application A450-1213ST TEMP-v4 (rev. 12/2021)

Materialscontain School License Application, A450-1213SCHL-v18 (rev. 5/2023)

School Reinstatement Application A450-1213SCHL-REIN-v9 (eff. 9/2022)

School Self-Inspection Form, A450-1213 SCH INSP-v5 (eff. 1/2022)

Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE-v11 (rev. 9/2022)

Change of Responsible Management Application, A450-1213CRM-v6 (rev. 12/2021)

Training Substitution Form, A450-1213TR_SUB-v1 (rev. 10/2021) Training Verification Form, A450-1213TR-vs1 (eff. 5/2022) Experience Verification Form A450-1213EXP-v2 (eff. 7/2022) Barber-Cosmetology Universal License App A450-1213ULR-v1 (eff. 7/2023) Arbert Provide P

Agenda

Waterials contained in this agenda are proposed topics for discuss

### Board For Barbers And Cosmetology

### **General Review of Tattooing Regulations**

Chapter 50

Tattooing Regulations Part I

### General

### 18VAC41-50-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in ascribed to them in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter .: He not to be cor

Board

Tattoo parlor

Tattoo school

Tattooer

Tattooing

Materials

B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Apprenticeship program" means an approved tattooing training program conducted by an approved apprenticeship sponsor.

"Apprenticeship sponsor" means an individual approved to conduct tattooing apprenticeship training who meets the qualifications in 18VAC41-50-70.

"Aseptic technique" means a hygienic practice that prevents and hinders the direct transfer of microorganisms, regardless of pathogenicity, from one person or place to another person or place.

"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Clock Hours" - means a minimum of 50 minutes of supervised or directed instruction and appropriate breaks.

"Credit hour" means a combination of the number of hours in class each week and the number of hours perimeek in a laboratory by which a school may measure its course work. One unit of credit equals one hour of classroom or online study, two hours of laboratory experience or three hours of internship or practicum or a combination of the three times the number of weeks in the term?

"Direct supervision" means (i) that a Virginia licensed tattooer shall be present in the tattoo parlor at all times when services are being performed by an apprentice; (ii) that a Virginia licensed and certified tattooing instructor or a tattoo student instructor temporary license holder shall be present in the tattooing school at all times when services are being performed by a student: (iii) that a Virginia licensed and certified permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a permanent cosmetic tattooing student instructor temporary license holder shall be present in the permanent cosmetic tattooing school at all times when services are being performed by a student; (iv) that a

Virginia licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooer instructor or a master permanent cosmetic tattooing student instructor temporary license holder shall be present in the permanent cosmetic tattooing school at all times when master permanent cosmetic tattooer services are being performed by a student; or (v) that a Virginia licensed tattooer shall be present in the tattoo parlor at all times when services are being performed by a guest tattooer. Virginia licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer is present in the parlor or salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice; (ii) a Virginia licensed and certified tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a student instructor temporary license holder is present in the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice; (ii) a Virginia licensed and certified tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a student instructor temporary license when services are being performed by a student, student instructor, or temporary license holder.

"Each and every location" means, for the purposes of schools with multiple suites or classrooms, a single location is one that is enclosed under one roof and all classrooms or suites are within 500 feet of the main office.

"Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state or jurisdiction of the United States.

"Event tattoo parlor" means a tattoo parlor temporary location licensed to operate for a maximum of five consecutive days.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Gratuitous services" as used in § 54.1-701.5 of the Code Virginia means providing tattooing services without receiving compensation or reward, or obligation. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

"Guest tattooer" means a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer residing outside of Virginia who is licensed only to work for a two-week period at a specified tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon.

"Guest tattooer sponsor" means a licensed tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattooing salon that is sponsoring and providing direct supervision of a guest tattooer.

"Licensee" means any person, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia.

"Master permanent cosmetic tattooer" means any person who for compensation practices permanent cosmetic tattooing known in the industry as advanced permanent cosmetic tattooing, including scalp micropigmentation, eye shadow, and breast and scar repigmentation or camouflage.

"Master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor" means a person who has been certified by the board who meets the competency standards of the board as an instructor of master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

"Permanent cosmetic tattoo salon" means any place in which permanent cosmetic tattooing is offered or practiced for compensation.

[®]Permanent cosmetic tattooer" means any person who for compensation practices permanent cosmetic tattooing known in the industry as basic permanent cosmetic tattooing, including eyebrows, microblading, scalp micropigmentation, eyeliners, lip coloring, lip liners, or full lips.

"Permanent cosmetic tattooing" means placing marks upon or under the skin of any person with ink or any other substance, resulting in the permanent coloration of the skin on the face, including eyebrows, eyeliners, lip coloring, lip liners, full lips, cheek blush, eye shadow, forehead and scalp micropigmentation, and on the body for breast and scar repigmentation or camouflage, also known as permanent makeup or micropigmentation. I'd Position

"Permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor" means a person who has been certified by the board who meets the competency standards of the board as an instructor of permanent cosmetic tattooing.

, Board Position "Permanent cosmetic tattooing school" means a place or establishment licensed by the board to accept and train students and offers a permanent cosmetic tattooing, and/or a master permanent cosmetic tattooing curriculum approved by the board.

"Pigments" means tattooing ink designed for use on human skin.

"Post-secondary educational level" means an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the U.S. Department of Education.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

"Reinstatement" means having a license restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license or certificate for another period of to be constru time.

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

- 1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;
- 2. The partners of a general partnership;
- 3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;
- 4. The officers of a corporation:
- 5. The managers of a limited liability company
- 6. The officers or directors of an association or both, and

7. Individuals in other business entities recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as having a fiduciary responsibility to the firm

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under that individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

"Sterilization area" means a separate room or area separate from workstations with restricted client access in which tattooing instruments are cleaned, disinfected, and sterilized.

"Substantially equivalent exam" means an examination administered by the licensing entity which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Tattoo convention" means an event where Virginia and out-of-state tattooers gather for no more than five consecutive days to offer tattooing services to the public.

"Tattooing instructor" means a person who has been certified by the board who meets the competency standards of the board as an instructor of tattooing.

"Temporary location" means a fixed location at which tattooing is performed for a specified length of time of not more than five days in conjunction with a single event or convention.

### 18VAC41-50-15. Gratuitous Services.

Any individual who engages in tattooing, guest tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing without receiving compensation, reward or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous services and is exempt from the provisions of this

chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

# Entry 18VAC41-50-20. General requirements for tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic position tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooerGeneral Requirements for Tattooer Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer, or Master Permanent Cosmetic Tatto A. Any individual wishing to engent

tattooing, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing shall must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant must be in good standing as a tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer in every jurisdiction where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia or any other jurisdiction in connection with the applicant's practice as a tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as a tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer.or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in tattooing, guest tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances? Any plea of noto contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia tattooing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other

Materials contained in accord meril a. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima <mark>facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt.</mark> The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

-al Board position 5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board approved examination, administered either by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved tattooing apprenticeship program in a Virginia licensed tattoo parlor or completing an approved tattooing training program in a Virginia licensed tattoo school or completing a permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing training programin a Virginia licensed permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall be eligible to sit for the applicable examination.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia but within the United States or jurisdiction of the United States. Any person completing a tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, master permanent cosmetic tattooing training program, or tattooing apprenticeship that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. If less than the required hours were completed, an applicant must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent tattooing training, tattooing apprenticeship, permanent cosmetic tattooing training, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing or documentation of three years of work experience within the preceding five years as a tattooer and (ii) documentation of completion of a minimum of five hours of health education to include (a) bloodborne pathogens, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; (b) first aid; and (c) CPR that is acceptable to the board in order to be eligible for examination?

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia Any person completing one of the following programs is eligible for examination:

a. An approved tattooing apprenticeship program in a Virginia licensed tattoo parlor;

b. An approved tattooing training program in a Virginia licensed tattoo school; or

c. A permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing training program, in a Virginia licensed permanent cosmetic tattooing or tattooing school shall be eligible to sit for the applicable examination.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Materials contained

a. Any person completing a tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, master permanent cosmetic tattooing training program, or tattooing apprenticeship that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant. b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board; (ii) documentation of completion of board-approved health education to include (a) bloodborne pathogens, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (b) first aid.

### 18VAC41-50-30. License by endorsement Endorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, or who is a licensed instructor in the respective profession in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed a training or apprenticeship program and an examination that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may be issued a tattooer license. permanent cosmetic tattooer license, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license, or the respective instructor certificate, respectively, without an examination. The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-50-20 A 1 through A 4.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

### 18VAC41-50-40. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

A. Applicants for initial licensure shall must pass an examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

CB. The applicant shall follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include any written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and any instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

DC. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

ED. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

FE. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing the written examination shall be required to retake the examination. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

### 18VAC41-50-45. Tattoo, Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo, and Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo Temporary License.

A. A temporary license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, respectively, may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure who the board finds eligible for examination. There shall be no fee for a temporary license.

B. Licensed tattooers may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo and master permanent cosmetic tattoo temporary license holders. Licensed master permanent cosmetic tattooers may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo temporary license holders.

Materialscot C. The temporary license shall remain in force for 90 days and no subsequent temporary license shall be issued.

I'd Position

D. Any person continuing to practice tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing after a temporary license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia.

E. Temporary licenses shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-50-20.

Board position 18VAC41-50-70. General requirements for a tattooing apprenticeship sponsor Requirements for a Tattooing Apprenticeship Sponsor.

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section may be eligible to sponsor a tattooing apprentice if the person: Any individual wishing to sponsor a tattooing apprentice must meet the following lation qualifications:

1. Holds The applicant must hold a current Virginia tattooer license;

2. Provides The applicant must provide documentation of legally practicing tattooing for at least five years; and

3. Provides The applicant must provide documentation indicating that he is in good standing in all jurisdictions where the practice of tattooing is regulated.

B. Apprenticeship sponsors shall be required to maintain a tattooer license.

C. Apprenticeship sponsors shall ensure compliance with the 1500 hour tattooing apprenticeship program and tattooing apprenticeship standards.

### 18VAC41-50-80. General Requirements for a Tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license Parlor, Event Tattoo Parlor, or Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo Salon License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall must obtain a tattoo parlor license, event tattoo parlor license, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following gualifications in order to receive a license.

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed parlor or salon in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed-, certified or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This <del>disclosure</del> includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such

Materials contained

<mark>order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence</mark> <mark>of such disciplinary action.</mark>

2. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia tattooing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Any plea of note contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. A tattoo parlor license, event tattoo parlor license, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable, and shall bear the same name and address of the business. Any changes in the name or address of the parlor or salon shall be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The new responsible management shall be responsible for applying for a new license within 30 days of the changes.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

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2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

E. Any tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon wishing to host a guest tattooer must identify itself as the guest tattooer sponsor and must provide direct supervision of any tattooing by the guest tattooer.

F. Any firm wishing to operate a tattoo parlor in a temporary location must have a tattoo parlor license or event tattoo parlor license issued by the board.

Jard Position

G. An event tattoo parlor license is effective for five consecutive days, prior to the expiration date. Any firm wishing to operate an event tattoo parlor must submit an application to the board at least 45 days prior to the date for which approval is sought.

address.

J. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any more than a compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the definition of Virginia or this chapter. licensed salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the in or of Code of Virginia or this chapter.

### 18VAC41-50-91. Guest tattooer license Tattooer License.

A. A guest tattooer license is effective for 14 days prior to the expiration date.

B. An out-of-state resident may apply for and obtain up to five guest tattooer licenses per calendar year.

C. Per calendar year, a A guest tattooer applicant must meet the following qualifications:

1. Requirements set forth in 18VAC41-50-20 A 1 through A 4.

2. Present documentation showing out-of-state residency.

3. Documentation of board-approved health education knowledge to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR that is acceptable to the board.

4. Documentation showing guest tattoger sponsor, including signature of sponsor parlor's responsible management.

D. A guest tattooer must provide documentation with each application showing the guest tattooer sponsor, including a signature of sponsor parlor's responsible management.

DE. A guest tattooer must provide the name and license number of the guest tattooer's sponsor and the duration of the guest tattooer's tattooing for all guest tattooer locations.

E. A guest tattooer applicant is not required to complete 18VAC41-50-20 A 5.

### 18VAC41-50-92. Guest tattooer sponsor Tattooer Sponsor.

A. The licensed tattoo parlor sponsoring a guest tattooer shall must ensure that the guest tattooer:

1. Has a valid, current guest tattooer license for the entire duration of the guest tattooer tattooing at the parlor.

2. Is directly supervised by a licensed tattooer.

3. Complies with all Virginia regulations relating to health, sanitation, client gualifications, and standards of practice.

B. The licensed permanent cosmetic tattoo salon sponsoring a quest tattooer shall must ensure that the guest tattooer:

A Has a valid, current quest tattooer licensed for the entire duration of the guest tattooer's tattooing at the salon.

2. Is directly supervised by a licensed tattooer or permanent cosmetic tattooer.

3. Complies with all Virginia regulations relating to health, sanitation, client qualifications, and standards of practice.

C. With the exception of tattoo conventions, a member of the guest tattooer sponsor's responsible management must sign the guest tattooer application certifying the sponsor will ensure the requirements of subsections A and B of this section.

D. The quest tattooer sponsor shall must be responsible for the acts or omissions of the quest tattooer in the performance of tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing.

### 18VAC41-50-100. General Requirements for a School licenseLicense.

Board position A. Any firm wishing to operate a tattooing school or permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall must submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought, obtain a school license in compliance with § 54.1-704.2 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed parlor or salonschool in Virginia and in all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, school, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon. school. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia tattooing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of the application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Materials contained in Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. A tattooing <u>Tattooing</u> school licenses or permanent cosmetic tattooing school licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address as the school. Any changes in the name or and address of record or principal place of business of the school shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such change. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The name of the school must indicate that it is an educational institution. All signs or other advertisements must reflect the name as indicated on the license issued by the board and contain language indicating it is an educational institution.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Within 30 days of the closing, ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school shall return the license to the board must and provide a written report to the board on detailing the performances and hours of each student who has not completed the program.

E. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

<u>F. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours, any licensed school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.</u>

18VAC41-50-110. Tattooing instructor certificate General Requirements for a Tattooing, Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing or Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing Instructor Certificate.

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section shall be eligible for a tattooing instructor certificate if the person:

1. Holds a current Virginia tattooer license;

2 Provides documentation of legally tattooing for at least five years; and

3. Passes a course on teaching techniques in a post-secondary education level.

B. Tattooing instructors shall be required to maintain a tattooer license.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in tattoo, permanent cosmetic tattoo or master permanent cosmetic tattoo instruction must meet the following qualifications:

<u>1. The applicant must be in good standing as a licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic</u> <u>tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, and instructor, respectively, in every jurisdiction</u> where licensed, certified, or registered. <u>The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary</u> <u>action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for</u> licensure since being previously licensed as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license.

2. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant must disclose the previously licensed as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master in tattooer. a. All misdemeanor convictions within the tattooer of the code of the tattooer of tattooer of the tattooer of tattooer of the tattooer of tattooer o licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the instruction of tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions since being previously licensed as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer:

turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

b. All felony convictions within 10 years of the date of application,  $^{\circ}$ 

The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

3. The applicant must hold a current Virginia tattooer license, permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license in the respective profession;

4. The applicant must provide documentation of legally tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing for at least three years in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States; and

5. The applicant must pass a course on teaching techniques in a post-secondary education level or train under a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer instructor in the respective profession for 12 months.

B. Tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing and master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors must maintain a tattooer license, permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license in the respective profession.

### 18VAC41-50-120. Permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificate. (Repealed.)

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section shall be eligible for a permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificate if the person:

1. Holds a current Virginia permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license;

2. Provides documentation of legally tattooing for at least five years; and

3. Passes a course on teaching techniques at the post-secondary education level.

B. Permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors shall be required to maintain a permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license.

### 18VAC41-50-125. Student Instructor Temporary License.

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A. A licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, and master permanent cosmetic tattooer may be granted a twelve (12) month student instructor temporary license to function under the direct supervision of a certified instructor in a licensed school. No subsequent student instructor temporary license shall be issued. Student instructors must pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

B. Student instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license. Failure to maintain a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license shall disqualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary license.

Board position C. Certified tattoo instructors may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo and master permanent cosmetic tattoo student instructor temporary license holders. Certified master permanent cosmetic tattoo instructors may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo student instructor temporary license holders.

D. The student instructor temporary license holder must be associated with both a school and a direct supervisor.

Jed 25 regulation E. Temporary licenses may not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18 VAC 41-50-110 and 18 VAC 41-50-120.

Part III

Fees

18VAC41-50-130. Fees.

The following fees apply: are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated

FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through August 31, 2024	AMOUNT E September 1, 2024
Individuals:	da not	
Application	\$90 21	\$105
License by Endorsement	Trail spr\$90 nd8	\$105
Renewal	discut \$90.90	\$105
Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee ar fee
Instructors:Instru	ctor Certificate:	
Application	\$110	\$125
License by Endorsement	<u>\$110</u>	<u>\$125</u>
Renewals	<del>\$110<u></u>\$20</del>	<del>\$150</del> <u>\$20</u>
Renewal	\$110 <u>\$20</u> \$ <u>220*\$40*</u> *includes \$110 <u>\$20</u> renewal fee and \$110 <u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee	\$150 <u>\$20</u> <u>\$300*\$40</u> *includes \$150 <u>\$20</u> renewa reinstatemer
Renewals	<u>\$220*\$40*</u> *includes \$110 <u>\$20</u> renewal fee and \$110 <u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee	\$300* <u>\$40</u> *includes \$150 <u>\$20</u> renewa

\$165	<b>.</b>	
\$100	\$190	
\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee a fee	
Schools:		
\$185	<u>بران</u> ده \$220	
\$185	, ijon or \$220	
\$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement fee	\$440* *includes \$220 renewal fee a fee	
	*includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee \$185 \$185 \$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement	

### 18VAC41-50-140. Refunds. (Repealed.)

All fees are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated.

### 18VAC41-50-150. License renewal required Renewal Required.

Part IV Part IV Renewal and Reinstatement ral required Renewal Part lor licenses, tot A. Tattooer licenses, tattoo parlor licenses, tattooing instructors certificates, tattooing schools licenses, permanent cosmetic tattooer licenses, master permanent cosmetic tattooer licenses, permanent cosmetic tattoo salon licenses, permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificate, master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificates, and permanent cosmetic tattooing schools licenses shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which they were issued.

B. Guest tattooer licenses will shall expire 14 days after the effective date of the license and may not be renewed.

### 18VAC41-50-160. Continuing education requirement Education Requirement.

All licensed tattooers, permanent cosmetic tattooers, and master permanent cosmetic tattooers shall must be required to satisfactorily complete board-approved health education to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR during their licensed term. Documentation of training completion shall must be provided at the time of renewal along with the required fee.

### 18VAC41-50-170 Notice of renewal Renewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the licensee or certificate holder outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice, however, shall not relieve the licensee or certificate holder of the obligation to renew. If the licensee or certificate holder fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

### 18VAC41-50-180. Failure to renew Renew.

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A. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license or certificate within 30 days following the expiration date of the license, the licensee or certificate holder shall must meet the renewal requirements as prescribed in 18VAC41-50-170 and apply for reinstatement of the license by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application along with the required renewal and reinstatement fees.pay the reinstatement fees.

B. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license or certification within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

Board Position 1. The former licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for licensure or certification as a new applicant, shall must meet all current application entry requirements, for each respective license or certificate. shall pass the board's current examination, and shall receive a new license.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under an examination exemption, known as grandfathering, pursuant to 18VAC41-50-20 A 6, shall submit a new application showing the individual met the requirements of the applicable examination waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience, and previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3) years must submit a new application and pass the required examination.

C. The application for reinstatement for a school license shall provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date, and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school and if the school's records are maintained in accordance with 18VAC41-50-250 and 18VAC41-50-330. Pursuant to 18VAC41-50-100, 18VAC41-50-230, and 18VAC41-50-310 upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disqualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

C. When a licensed school fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.

1. After 180 days, the school must submit a reinstatement application and must provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. After 180 days, reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school. Pursuant to 18VAC41-50-100 and 18VAC41-50-230, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both.

2. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

Materialscor D. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license is applicable and an additional fee is required.

E. When a license or certificate is reinstated, the licensee or certificate holder shall have the same license number and shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

F. A licensee or certificate holder that reinstates its license or certificate shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed without interruption. Therefore, a licensee or certificate holder shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

G. A licensee or certificate holder that fails to reinstate its license or certificate shall be regarded as unlicensed or uncertified from the expiration date of the license or certificate forward Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee or certificate holder for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual 25 regulation was licensed or certified.

### Part V

### **Apprenticeship Programs**

### 18VAC41-50-190. General requirements Requirements.

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the tattooing apprenticeship program shall be required to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of board-approved a minimum of five hours of health education to include but not limited to bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing, and first aid and CPR.

B. Any tattooer desiring approval to perform the duties of an apprenticeship sponsor and offer the board's tattooing apprenticeship program shall meet the requirements of 18VAC41-50-70.

C. All apprenticeship training shall be conducted in a tattoo parlor that has met the requirements of 18VAC41-50-80.

### 18VAC41-50-200. Apprenticeship curriculum requirements Curriculum Requirements.

Apprenticeship curriculum requirements are as follows:

1. Microbiology.

- a. Microorganisms, viruses, bacteria, fungi,
- b. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases; and
- c. Characteristics of antimicrobial agents.
- 2. Immunization.
  - a. Types of immunizations;
  - b. Hepatitis A G transmission and immunization;
  - c. HIV/AIDS:
  - d. Tetanus, streptococcal, zoonotic, tuberculosis, pneumococcal, and influenza;
  - e. Measles, mumps, and rubella;
  - S. Vaccines and immunization; and
  - g. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.

3. Sanitation and disinfection.

a. Definition of terms.

(1) Sterilization;

Materials contained

- (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;
- (3) Sterilizer or sterilant;
- (4) Antiseptic;
- (5) Germicide;

,ard position

- (6) Decontamination; and
- (7) Sanitation.
- b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
- S; be construed as requiation of offical Board position c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, disinfectants, and fumigants;
- d. The use of sanitation equipment;
- e. Preservice sanitation procedure; and
- f. Post-service sanitation procedure.
- 4. Safety.
  - a. Proper needle handling and disposal;
  - b. How to avoid overexposure to chemicals;
  - c. The use of Material Safety Data Sheets;
  - d. Blood spill procedures;
  - e. Equipment and instrument storage; and
  - f. First aid and CPR.
- 5. Bloodborne pathogen standards.
  - a. OSHA and CDC bloodborne pathogen standards; notto
  - b. Control plan for bloodborne pathogens;
  - c. Exposure control plan for tattooers;
  - d. Overview of compliance requirements; and
  - e. Disorders and when not to service a client. Agenda
- 6. Professional standards.
  - a. History of tattooing;
  - b. Ethics:
  - c. Recordkeeping:
  - (1) Client health history;
  - (2) Consent forms; and

(3) HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule) Standards.

d. Preparing station, making appointments, parlor ethics:

- (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
- (2) Promoting services of the parlor and establishing clientele.
- e. Parlor management:
- (1) Licensing requirements; and
- (2) Taxes.
- f. Supplies:
- (1) Usages;
- (2) Ordering; and
- (3) Storage.
- Materials contained in t 7. Tattooing.
  - a. Client consultation;
  - b. Client health form;

- c. Client disclosure form:
- d. Client preparation;

e. Sanitation and safety precautions;

- f. Implement selection and use;
- g. Proper use of equipment; and
- h. Material selection and use;
- i. Needles:

i. Ink:

k. Machine:

- (1) Construction;
- (2) Adjustment; and
- (3) Power supply;
- I. Art. drawing: and

m. Portfolio.

8. Anatomy:

Materialsco

- a. Understanding of skin; and
- b. Parts and functions of skin.
- 9. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations

# A to be construed as requilation or official Board position 18VAC41-50-210. Hours of instruction and performances Instruction and Performances.

A. Curriculum requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-200 shall must be taught over a minimum of 1500 hours as follows:

1. 350 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9 of 18VAC41-50-200:

2. 150 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivision 3 of 18VAC41-50-200; and ×0'

3. The remaining 1000 hours shall must be devoted to practical training to include apprenticeship curriculum requirements and a minimum of 100 performances pertaining to subdivision 7 of 18VAC41-50-200.

B. An approved tattooing apprenticeship program may conduct an assessment of an apprentice's competence in the theory and practical requirements for tattooing and, based on the assessment, give a maximum of 700 hours of credit toward the requirements in subdivisions A 1 and A 3 of this section. No credit shall be allowed for the 150 hours required in subdivision A 2 of this section.

Part VI

### Tattooing and Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing Schools

### 18VAC41-50-220. Applicants for tattooing school license. (Repealed.) 18VAC41-50-220. Applicants for tattooing school license.

Any person or entity desiring to operate a tattooing school shall submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought.

### 18VAC41-50-230. General requirements Requirements.

A tattooing and permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall must:

1. Hold a tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school license for each and every location. Any suites or classrooms that are located in a different building or are further than 500 feet from the main office are considered a separate location, and require the school hold an additional license.

2. Hold a tattoo parlor license.or salon license if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic.

- Board Position 3. Employ a and ensure all training is conducted under the direct supervision of a staff of licensed and certified tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors, respectively.

a. Licensed and certified tattoo instructors may also instruct permanent cosmetic tattooing and master permanent cosmetic tattooing programs.

b. Licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic instructors may also instruct ation permanent cosmetic tattooing programs.

c. Instructor programs must be taught by a certified instructor.

d. Any change in instructors shall be reported to the board within 30 days of the change.

4. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

5. Submit its curricula for board approval. All changes to curricula must be resubmitted and approved by the board. Tattoo curricula must be based on a minimum of 1000 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-50-280.C. Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo curricula must be based on a minimum of 200 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-50-280.D. Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo curricula must be based on a minimum of 200 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-50-280.E.

6. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the shop parlor or salon in plain view of the public.

7. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

8. Conduct all instruction and training of students under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified tattooing instructor.

8. The theory portions of the curriculum may be offered online. Practical instruction must be obtained in a traditional brick and mortar classroom setting.

9. Schools should utilize technologies and practices that are effective in verifying the identity of distance-learning students who participate in class or coursework (such as a secure login and pass code) while protecting student privacy. Educational technologies must be capable of monitoring a student's time and activities.

10[°]There is a measure of competency (examination) of the information the student is taught online which shall be completed in a traditional brick and mortar classroom.

### 18VAC41-50-250. Records.

A. Schools are required to keep upon graduation, termination, or withdrawal, written records of hours and performances showing what instruction a student has received for a period of five years after the student terminates or completes the curriculum of the school. These records shall be available for inspection by the Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation. All records must be kept on the premises of each school.

B. For a period of five years after a student completes the curriculum, terminates, or withdraws from the school, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

<u>1. Enrollment application containing student's signature and a two-inch by two-inch color head and shoulders photograph;</u> 2. Daily record of attendance containing student's signature: 3. Student clock hours containing student's signature: 4. Prosting A. Schools must maintain on the premises of each school and available for inspection by the board or any of its agents the following records for the period of a student's enrollment through five years after the student's completion of the curriculum, termination, or withdrawal:

3. Student clock hours containing student's signature and method of calculation; 4. Practical performance completion sheets containing student's signature and method of calculation; 5. Final transcript:

5. Final transcript;

6. Course descriptions, and

7. All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

B. Schools must produce to the board or any of its agents within 10 days of the request any document, book, or record concerning any student, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records, for inspection and copying by the board or its agents. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10day period.

C. Schools shall must within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student provide documentation of hours and performances completed by the student as required to be maintained by subsection A of this section.

D. Prior to a school changing ownership of a school closing, the schools are required to provide to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

E. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

## 18VAC41-50-255. Reporting.

A. Each school must provide student rosters to the board guarterly, no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of every year;

1. A roster of all enrolled students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

2. Students who are enrolled but have not begun classes must be included in the report.

3. Rosters must be submitted via a secure link provided by the board on the board supplied document, which will include the students full name, date of birth, program type, date enrolled, the total number of hours to-date, and the date completed, terminated, or withdrawn.

4. Schools with no students enrolled, but the intention of operating, must submit a report to that effect. Schools with no students enrolled that no longer wish to operate should terminate their license in accordance with board regulations.

18VAC41-50-280. Tattooing school curriculum requirements and Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing School Curriculum Requirements.

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall be required to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of a minimum of five hours of board-approved health education to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR.

B. Tattooing school curriculum requirements are as follows: Each tattoo or permanent as regulation or offical Board position cosmetic tattoo school must submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, days and hours of instruction, program length, a sample of a final transcript, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure.

C. The outline for tattooing must include the following:

- 1. Microbiology- minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
  - a. Microorganisms, viruses, bacteria, fungus;
  - b. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases; and
  - c. Characteristics of antimicrobial agents.
- 2. Immunization- minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
  - a. Types of immunizations;
  - b. Hepatitis A through G transmission and immunization;
  - c. HIV/AIDS;
  - d. Tetanus, streptococcal, zoonotic, tuberculosis, pneumococcal, and influenza;
  - e. Measles, mumps, and rubella;
  - f. Vaccines and immunization; and
  - 00 g. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.
- 3. Sanitation and disinfection. minimum of 150 hours of instruction.
  - a. Definition of terms:
  - (1) Sterilization;
  - (2) Disinfection and disinfectant
  - (3) Sterilizer or sterilant;
  - (4) Antiseptic;
  - (5) Germicide;
  - (6) Decontamination; and
  - (7) Sanitation.
  - b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
  - c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, disinfectants, and fumigants;
  - d. The use of sanitation equipment;
  - e. Preservice sanitation procedure; and
  - f. Postservice sanitation procedure.
- 4. Safety- minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
- a. Proper needle handling and disposal;
  - b. How to avoid overexposure to chemicals;
  - c. The use of Material Safety Data Sheets;
  - d. Blood spill procedures;
  - e. Equipment and instrument storage; and
  - f. First aid and CPR.
- Materials contained in 5. Bloodborne pathogen standards- - minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
  - a. OSHA and CDC bloodborne pathogen standards;
  - b. Control plan for bloodborne pathogens;

- c. Exposure control plan for tattooers;
- d. Overview of compliance requirements; and
- e. Disorders and when not to service a client.
- 6. Professional standards. minimum of 30 hours of instruction.
  - a. History of tattooing;
  - b. Ethics;
  - c. Recordkeeping:

(1) Client health history;

(2) Consent forms; and

or offical Board position (3) HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule) Standards: 100)

- d. Preparing station, making appointments, parlor ethics:
- (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
- (2) Promoting services of the parlor and establishing clientele, renot to be const
- e. Parlor management.
- (1) Licensing requirements; and
- (2) Taxes; and

f. Supplies.

- (1) Usages;
- (2) Ordering; and
- (3) Storage.
- 7. Tattooing- minimum of 500 hours of instruction.
  - a. Client consultation:
  - b. Client health form;
  - c. Client disclosure form;
  - d. Client preparation;
  - e. Sanitation and safety precautions;
  - f. Implement selection and use;
  - g. Proper use of equipment;
  - h. Material selection and use;

i. Needles:

- (1) Groupings:
- (2) Properties; and
- Materials contained in thi (3) Making;

j. Ink;

- k. Machine:
- (1) Construction;
- (2) Adjustment; and
- (3) Power supply;
- I. Art, drawing; and
- m. Portfolio.

- 8. Anatomy- minimum of 60 hours of instruction.
  - a. Understanding of skin; and
  - b. Parts and functions of skin.
- Ind to be construed as regulation of offical poard position 9. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations - - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
- D. The outline for permanent cosmetic tattooing must include the following:
- 1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations, minimum of 5 hours of instruction.
- 2. Machines and devices. minimum of 15 hours of instruction.
  - a. Coil or rotary machine;
  - b. Hand device; and
  - c. Others devices.
- 3. Needles- and cartridges minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  - a. Types;
  - b. Uses; and
  - c. Application.
- 4. Anatomy- minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  - a. Layers of skin;
  - b. Parts and functions of skin; and

c. Diseases.

- 5. Color theory- minimum of 5 hours of instruction
  - a. Skin and pigment color; and 📯
  - b. Handling and storage of pigments.
- 6. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases. minimum of 5 hours of instruction.
- 7. Immunization. minimum of 5 hours of instruction.
  - a. Types of immunizations; and
  - b. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.
- 8. Sanitation and disinfection minimum of 15 hours of instruction.
  - a. Definition of terms:
  - (1) Sterilization:
  - (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;

  - b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
  - c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, and disinfectants;
  - d. The use of sanitation equipment;
  - e. Preservice sanitation procedure; and
  - f. Postservice sanitation procedure.
- <u>_____disi</u> <u>_______septic;</u> <u>(5) Germicide;</u> <u>(6) Decontamination; and</u> <u>(7) Sanitation;</u> <u>b. The use of steam</u> <u>c. The use</u> of <u>d. The</u> 9. Safety- - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.
  - a. Proper needle handling and disposal;

- b. Blood spill procedures:
- c. Equipment and instrument storage; and

- <u>...ni:</u> <u>...ni</u>

  - (1) Licensing requirements; and
- <u>. require</u> <u>. require</u> <u>. remanent cosmetic t</u> <u>a. Client consultation;</u> <u>b. Client health form;</u> <u>c. Client disclos</u> <u>d. Clien</u>t r <u>e</u>. r 14. Permanent cosmetic tattooing- - minimum of 100 hours of instruction.

  - c. Client disclosure form;

  - e. Drawing and mapping;
  - f. Sanitation and safety precautions;
  - g. Implement selection and use;
  - h. Proper use of equipment;
  - i. Material selection and use;

j. Eyebrows;	
<u>k. Microblading;</u>	0
<u>I. Eyeliner;</u>	ition
<u>m. Lip coloring:</u>	00ST
<u>n. Lip liners; and</u>	NO F
o. Scalp micropigmentation.	800
k. Microblading; i. Eyeliner; m. Lip coloring; n. Lip liners; and o. Scalp micropigmentation. E. The outline for master permanent cosmetic tattooing must include the following: 1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations; - minimum of 5 hours of instruction. 2. Machines and devices; - minimum of 5 hours of instruction. a. Coil or rotary machine; b. Hand device; and c. Others devices. 3. Needles; and cartridges - minimum of 5 hours of instruction. a. Types; b. Uses; and c. Application. 4. Advanced practicel clinical anotomy; - minimum of 10 hours of instruction	0
1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
2. Machines and devices: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
a. Coil or rotary machine;	
b. Hand device; and	
c. Others devices.	
3. Needles: and cartridges - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
<u>a. Types;</u>	
b. Uses; and	
<u>c. Application.</u>	
<ol> <li>Advanced practical clinical anatomy: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.</li> </ol>	
<u>a. Eyelid anatomy;</u>	
b. Lip anatomy; and	
c. Breast anatomy.	
5. Advanced color theory minimum of 10 hours of instruction.	
<ol><li>Organic and inorganic pigment minimum of 5 hours of instruction.</li></ol>	
7. Understanding the surgical process: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
a. The latissimus dorsi flap procedure:	
b. Abdominoplasty and breast reconstruction;	
c. Other reconstruction procedures:	
(1) Deep inferior epigastric artery (perforator (DIEP) flap; and	
(2) Superior gluteal artery (perforator (DIEP) flap;	
d. Flap size versus areola size; and	
e. Implant reconstruction:	
(1) Tissue expansion;	
(2) Placing the implant;	
(3) Implant versus flap reconstruction;	
(4) Saline versus silicone;	
(5) Radiation therapy; and	
(6) Lymphedema.	
8. Client consultation minimum of 10 hours of instruction.	
(3) Implant versus flap reconstruction; (4) Saline versus silicone; (5) Radiation therapy; and (6) Lymphedema. 8. Client consultation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction. 9. Breast areolar pigmentation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction. a. Chart notes; b. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);	
a. Chart notes;	
b. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);	
<u>c. Room setup:</u>	
2	25

d. Anesthetic for breast procedures:

e. Color selection;

f. Needle selection;

g. Design and placement;

(1) Position of the areola/nipple complex;

(2) The Penn Triangle;

(3) Diameter of the areola; and

(4) Nipple reconstruction;

h. Creating three-dimensional nipple/areola;

(1) Understanding and creating a reflection of light; and

(2) The value of color;

i. Covering scar tissue and periareolar scar blending;

i. Aftercare:

(1) Tegaderm aftercare instructions; and

(2) Follow up; and

k. Precautions and contraindications.

10. Skin cancer: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

a. Basal cell carcinomas:

b. Squamous cell carcinomas; an

c. Melanoma.

...tion. to be construed as regulation or offical Board position 11. The art of camouflage: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

a. Client/patient selection and handling;

b. Contraindications and when not to perform service

c. Skin tones;

d. Color selection and skin tone matching

e. Scars;

f. Burn scar; and

g. Common needle configurations used for camouflage.

12. Side effects - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

13. Insurance - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

14. Master permanent cosmetic tattooing procedures: - minimum of 110 hours of

d. Camouflage; and

e. Eyeshadow.

Materials contained in the difference of the dif <u>GF.</u> A licensed tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo school may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in the respective profession and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the hours requirements specified in this section and 18VAC41-50-290. A licensed tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo school with an approved master permanent cosmetic tattoo program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in master permanent cosmetic tattooing and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the requirements specified in subsection E of this section and 18VAC41-50-290.D.

The school shall <u>must</u> make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript, <u>documentation of hours and performances provided to the student by the school</u>, and the successful completion of a <del>board approved</del> competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or the number of hours specified in the board-approved curriculum for a specific topic. Credit may only be given for in-person training.

# 18VAC41-50-290. Hours of instruction and performances Instruction and Performances.

A. <u>Tattooing Curriculum curriculum</u> requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-280. shall must be taught over a minimum of 1,000 hours as follows:

1. 350 hours <del>shall</del> <u>must</u> be devoted to theory pertaining to 18VAC41-50-280 B<u>C</u> 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9;

2. 150 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to 18VAC41-50-280 BC 3; and

3. The remaining 500 hours shall <u>must</u> be devoted to practical training to include tattooing curriculum requirements and a minimum of 100 performances pertaining to 18VAC41-50-280 B<u>C</u> 7.

B. An approved tattooing school may conduct an assessment of a student's competence in the theory and practical requirements for tattooing and, based on the assessment, give a maximum of 700 hours of credit toward the requirements in subdivisions A 1 and A 3 of this section. No credit shall be allowed for the 150 hours required in subdivision A 2 of this section.

C. Individuals enrolled in a program prior to duly 1, 2022, may complete the program at the hours in effect at the time they enrolled.

B. Curriculum and performance requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-280.D and E must be taught over a minimum of 200 clock hours for permanent cosmetic tattooing program and 200 clock hours for a master permanent cosmetic tattooing program.

C. A minimum of 60 performances must be completed as part of the permanent cosmetic tattooing instruction, including:

Eyebrow 6500	<u>10 performances</u>
Microblading	<u>10 performances</u>
Lip Liner S	<u>5 performances</u>
Lip Color	<u>5 performances</u>
Naterials Control Eyeliner Scalp micropigmentation	<u>10 performances</u>
Materito Scalp micropigmentation	20 performances

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D. A minimum of 55 performances must be completed as part of the master permanent 285 regulation or offical Board position cosmetic tattooing instruction, including:

Lip (cleft lip repigmentation)	<u>5 performances</u>
<u>Areola</u>	<u>10 performances</u>
Blush application	<u>10 performances</u>
<u>Camouflage</u>	<u>10 performances</u>
Scar repigmentation	<u>10 performances</u>
<u>Eyeshadow</u>	10 performances

E. Completion of performances are determined as follows:

1. Two complete eyebrows constitutes one performance;

Two complete eye liners constitutes one performance;

3. One complete lip liner (bottom or top lip separately) constitutes one performance;

4. One complete lip color (bottom or top lip separately) constitutes one performance; and

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5. Two complete eveshadows constitute one performance.

Part VII

Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing Schools

18VAC41-50-300. Applicants for permanent cosmetic tattooing school license. (Repealed.)

Any person or entity desiring to operate a permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought.

# 18VAC41-50-310. General requirements. (Repealed.)

A permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall:

1. Hold a permanent cosmetic tattooing school license for each and every location.

2. Hold a permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license if the school receives compensation for services provided in the area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

3. Employ a staff of licensed and certified permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors or licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors.

4. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

5. Submit its curricula for board approval.

Materials contained

6. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the permanent cosmetic tattooing school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the shop or salon in plain view of the public.

7. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

8. Conduct all instruction and training of permanent cosmetic tattooers under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor.

9. Conduct all instruction and training of master permanent cosmetic tattooers under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor.

#### 18VAC41-50-330, Records, (Repealed.)

A. Schools are required to keep upon graduation, termination or withdrawal, written records B. For a period of five years after a student completes the curriculum, terminates or withdraws n the school, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performance appleted by a student upon receipt of a written request from the student C. Prior to a school changing owners: of hours and performances showing what instruction a student has received for a period of five years after the student terminates or completes the curriculum of the school. These records shall be available for inspection by the department. All records must be kept on the premises of each school.

from the school, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

D. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

18VAC41-50-360. Permanent cosmetic tattooing school curriculum requirements. (Repealed.)

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall be required to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of health education on bloodborne disease.

B. Permanent cosmetic tattooing school curriculum requirements are as follows:

ics for discus

- 1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulation
- 2. Machines and devices.
  - a. Coil machine:
  - b. Hand device: and
  - c. Others devices.
- 3. Needles.
  - a. Types;
  - b. Uses; and
  - c. Application.
- 4. Anatomy.
  - a. Layers of skin?
  - b. Parts and functions of skin; and
  - c. Diseases.
- 5. Color theory.

a. Skin and pigment color; and

b. Handling and storage of pigments.

6 Transmission cycle of infectious diseases.

7. Immunization.

Materials contained

a. Types of immunizations; and

- b. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.
- 8. Sanitation and disinfection.
  - a. Definition of terms:
  - (1) Sterilization;
  - (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;

- (3) Sterilizer or sterilant;
- (4) Antiseptic;

- 9. Safety.
- 10. Bloodborne pathogen standards.
- 11. Anesthetics.

  - sed topics for discus
- 12. Equipment.
  - a. Gloves;
  - b. Masks:
  - c. Apron;
  - d. Chair;
  - e. Lighting? and
  - f. Work table.
- 13. Professional standards.
  - A. History of permanent cosmetic tattooing;
- Materials contained in thi b. Ethics;
  - c. Recordkeeping:
  - (1) Client health history; and
  - (2) Consent forms;
  - d. Preparing station, making appointments, salon ethics:
  - (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
  - (2) Promoting services of the salon and establishing clientele; and
  - e. Salon management:

(1) Licensing requirements; and

(2) Taxes.

- 14. Permanent cosmetic tattooing.
  - a. Client consultation;
  - b. Client health form;
  - c. Client disclosure form:
  - d. Client preparation;
  - e. Drawing and mapping;
  - f. Sanitation and safety precautions;
  - g. Implement selection and use;
  - h. Proper use of equipment;
  - i. Material selection and use:
  - i. Evebrows:
  - k. Microblading:
  - I. Eyeliner;
  - m. Lip coloring;
  - n. Lip liners; and
  - o. Scalp micropigmentation.

ot to be construed as regulation or offical poard position C. Master permanent cosmetic tattooing program curriculum requirements are as follows:

Agenda

1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations.

- 2. Machines and devices:
- 3. Needles:
- , <del>PBS;</del> <del>p. Uses; and</del> <del>c. Application.</del> <del>dvanced praction.</del> <del>t. Eyelid.</del> 4. Advanced practical clinical anatomy:

  - b. Lip anatomy; and
  - c. Breast anatomy.

5. Advanced color theory.

Materials contained if 6. Organic and inorganic pigment.

7. Understanding the surgical process:

a. The latissimus dorsi flap procedure;

- b. Abdominoplasty and breast reconstruction;
- c. Other reconstruction procedures:
- (1) Deep inferior epigastric artery perforator (DIEP) flap; and
- (2) Superior gluteal artery perforator (DIEP) flap;
- d. Flap size versus areola size; and

e. Implant reconstruction:

- (1) Tissue expansion;
- (2) Placing the implant;
- (3) Implant versus flap reconstruction;
- (4) Saline versus silicone;
- (5) Radiation therapy; and
- (6) Lymphedema.
- 8. Client consultation.

9. Breast areolar pigmentation:

- a. Chart notes;
- are not to be construed as requilation or offical Board position b. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);
- c. Room setup:
- d. Anesthetic for breast procedures;
- e. Color selection;
- f. Needle selection;
- g. Design and placement;
- (1) Position of the areola/nipple complex;
- (2) The Penn Triangle;
- (3) Diameter of the areola; and
- (4) Nipple reconstruction;
- h. Creating three-dimensional nipple/areol
- (1) Understanding and creating a reflection of light; and
- (2) The value of color;
- i. Covering scar tissue and periareolar scar blending;
- i. Aftercare;
- (1) Tegaderm aftercare instructions; and
- (2) Follow up; and )
- k. Precautions and contraindications.
- 10. Skin cancer:
  - a. Basal cell carcinomas;
  - b. Squamous cell carcinomas; and
  - c. Melanoma.
- 11_The art of camouflage:
  - a. Client/patient selection and handling;
  - b. Contraindications and when not to perform services;
  - c. Skin tones:
  - d. Color selection and skin tone matching;
  - e. Scars;
  - f. Burn scar; and
  - g. Common needle configurations used for camouflage.
- Materials contained in 12. Side effects.

- 13. Insurance.
- 14. Master permanent cosmetic tattooing procedures:
  - a. Lip;
  - b. Areola;
  - c. Blush;
  - d. Camouflage; and
  - e. Eyeshadow.

al Board position D. A licensed school with an approved permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing program may conduct an assessment of a student's competence in the respective profession and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the hours requirements specified in the respective subsection of this section and 18VAC41-50-370.

The school shall make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript and the successful completion of a board-approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or diploma or the number of hours specified in the boardapproved curriculum for a specific topic. Credit may only be given for in-person training.

## 18VAC41-50-370. Hours of instruction and performances. (Repealed.)

A. Curriculum and performance requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-360 and this section shall be taught over a minimum of 200 clock hours for permanent cosmetic tattooing program and 200 clock hours for a master permanent cosmetic tattooing program.

B. A minimum of 50 performances shall be completed as part of the permanent cosmetic tattooing instruction, including two eyebrow, two microblading procedures, two lip liners, one lip color, and one full lips.

C. A minimum of 60 performances shall be completed as part of the master permanent cosmetic tattooing instruction, including:

Lip (cleft lip repigmentation)	10
Areola	<del>10</del>
- so	
Blush application	<del>10</del>
Camouflage	<del>10</del>
Scar repigmentation	<del>10</del>
Eyeshadow	<del>10</del>
D. Completion of performances are determined as f	ormance;
2. Two complete eye liners constitutes one perform	
2. Two complete eye liners constitutes one perform 3. One complete lip liner constitutes one perform E. Individuals enrolled in a program prior to July 1, hours in effect at the time they enrolled.	

E. Individuals enrolled in a program prior to July 1, 2022, may complete the program at the

#### Part VIII

#### Standards of Practice

#### 18VAC41-50-380. Display of licenseLicense.

A. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> ensure that all current licenses issued by the board shall <u>must</u> be displayed at the licensee's station or in plain view of the public. Duplicate licenses shall <u>must</u> be posted in a like manner in every parlor or salon or location where the licensee provides services.

B. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor owner or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> ensure that no licensee, apprentice, or student performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the applicable license.

C. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> offer to licensees the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

D. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> maintain a record for each licensee of one of the following:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

3. Written declaration of refusal of the responsible management's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

E. All licensees shall must operate under the name in which the license is issued.

# 18VAC41-50-390. Physical facilities Facilities.

A. A parlor or salon must be in a permanent building or portion of a building, which must be in a location permissible under local zoning codes, if any. If applicable, the parlor or salon shall <u>must</u> be separated from any living quarters by complete floor to ceiling partitioning and shall <u>must</u> contain no access to living quarters.

B. The parlor, salon, or temporary location shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner. Mobile shops and salons must have a shop or salon license, comply with all requirements found in sections 18 VAC 41-50-260 and 18 VAC 41-50-270 and provide a physical address.

C. All facilities shall have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area. Any parlor, salon, or temporary location where services are delivered to the public shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.

D. Work surfaces shall be cleaned with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered, hospital grade disinfectant. Surfaces that come in contact with blood or other body fluids shall be immediately disinfected with an EPA registered germicide solution. Appropriate personal protective equipment shall be worn during cleaning and disinfecting procedures. All facilities must have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area that contains at minimum latex gloves, two 12-inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) approved blood spill clean-up kit.

E. Work surfaces must be cleaned with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered, hospital grade disinfectant. Surfaces that come in contact with blood or other body fluids must be immediately disinfected with an EPA registered germicide solution. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be worn during cleaning and disinfecting procedures.

E.<u>F.</u> Cabinets for the storage of instruments, pigments, single-use articles, stencils and other utensils shall <u>must</u> be provided for each operator and shall <u>must</u> be maintained in a sanitary manner.

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F.G. Bulk single-use articles shall <u>must</u> be commercially packaged and handled in such a way as to protect them from contamination.

G.<u>H.</u> All materials applied to the human skin shall be from single-use articles or transferred from bulk containers to single-use containers and shall be disposed of after each use.

H.<u>I.</u> The walls, ceilings, and floors shall <u>must</u> be kept in good repair. The tattooing area shall <u>must</u> be constructed of smooth, hard surfaces that are nonporous, free of open holes or cracks, light colored, and easily cleaned. New parlors shall <u>must</u> not include any dark-colored surfaces in the tattooing area. Existing parlors or salons with dark-colored surfaces in the tattooing area shall <u>must</u> replace the dark-colored surfaces with light-colored surfaces whenever the facilities are extensively remodeled or upon relocation of the business.

<u>I.J.</u> Parlors, salons, or temporary locations shall <u>must</u> have adequate lighting of at least 50-foot candles of illumination in the tattooing and sterilization areas.

J.K. Adequate mechanical ventilation shall must be provided in the parlor.

K.L. Each parlor, salon, or temporary location shall <u>must</u> be equipped with hand-cleaning facilities for its personnel with unobstructed access to the tattooing area such that the tattooer can return to the area without having to touch anything with the tattooer's hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall <u>must</u> be equipped either with hot and cold or tempered running water under pressure and liquid germicidal soap or with a sanitizing solution to clean hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall <u>must</u> be equipped with single-use towels or mechanical hand drying devices and a covered refuse container. Such facilities shall be kept clean and in good repair. All facilities must have running water and soap accessible for cleaning of hands contaminated by body fluids.

L.<u>M.</u> Animals are not permitted in the parlor, salon, or temporary location except for guide or service animals accompanying persons with disabilities, or nonmammalian animals in enclosed glass containers such as fish aquariums, which shall <u>must</u> be outside of the tattooing or sterilization areas. No animals are allowed in the tattooing or sterilization areas.

M.N. Use of tobacco products and consumption of alcoholic beverages shall <u>must</u> be prohibited in the tattooing or sterilization areas.

N.O. No food or drink will be stored or consumed in the tattooing or sterilization areas except for client's use in order to sustain optimal physical condition; such food and drink must be individually packaged.

O.<u>P.</u> If tattooing is performed where cosmetology services are provided, it shall <u>must</u> be performed in an area that is separate and enclosed.

P.Q. All steam sterilizers shall must be biological spore tested at least monthly.

Q.R. Biological spore tests shall must be verified through an independent laboratory.

R.<u>S.</u> Biological spore test records shall <u>must</u> be retained for a period of three years and made available upon request.

S.T. Steam sterilizers shall must be used only for instruments used by the parlor's employees.

18VAC41-50-400. Tattooer or permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer responsibilities Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer or Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer Responsibilities.

A. All tattooers shall must provide to the responsible management with one of the following:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

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3. Written declaration of refusal of the responsible management's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

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B. All tattooers shall must wear clean outer garments, maintain a high degree of personal cleanliness, and conform to hygienic practices while on duty.

Board Position C. All tattooers shall must clean their hands thoroughly using hot or tempered water with a liquid germicidal soap or use sanitizing solution to clean hands before and after tattooing and as necessary to remove contaminants.

D. All tattooers must wear single-use examination gloves while assembling tattooing instruments and while tattooing.

E. Each time there is an interruption in the service, the gloves become torn or perforated, or tionorof whenever the ability of the gloves to function as a barrier is compromised:

1. Gloves shall must be removed and disposed of; and

2. Hands shall must be cleaned and a fresh pair of gloves used.

F. Tattooers shall must use standard precautions while tattooing. A tattooer diagnosed with a communicable disease shall must provide to the Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation a written statement from a health care practitioner that the tattooer's condition no longer poses a threat to public health. 0

G. Tattooers with draining lesions on their hands or face will not be permitted to work until co' cleared by a health care professional.

H. The area of the client's skin to be tattooed shall must be cleaned with an approved germicidal soap according to label directions.

I. Tattooing pigments shall must be placed in a single-use disposable container for each client. Following the procedure, the unused contents and container will be properly disposed of.

J. If shaving is required, razors shall must be single-use. After use, razors shall must be recapped and properly disposed of.

K. Each tattooer performing any tattooing procedures in the parlor or salon shall must have the education, training, and experience, or any combination thereof to practice aseptic technique and prevent the transmission of bloodborne pathogens. All procedures shall must be performed using aseptic technique.

L. Multiuse instruments, equipment, furniture, and surfaces that may be contaminated during the tattooing process should must be covered or wrapped in a nonporous disposable barrier. This barrier should must be removed and disposed of after each service.

M. After the disposable barrier is removed, covered items should must be wiped down with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal.

N. A set of individual, sterilized needles shall must be used for each client. Single-use disposable instruments shall be disposed of in a puncture resistant container.

O. Used, rondisposable instruments, such as stainless steel tubes, tips, and grips, shall must be kept in a separate, puncture resistant container until brush scrubbed in hot water soap and then sterilized by autoclaving. Contaminated instruments shall must be handled with disposable gloves

P. Used nondisposable instruments that are ultrasonically cleaned shall must be rinsed under Conning hot water prior to being placed in the used instrument container;

Q. Used nondisposable instruments that are not ultrasonically cleaned prior to being placed in the used instrument container shall must be kept in a germicidal or soap solution until brush scrubbed in hot water and soap and sterilized by autoclaving.

R. The ultrasonic unit shall must be sanitized daily with a germicidal solution.

S. Nondisposable instruments shall must be sterilized and shall be handled and stored in a manner to prevent contamination. Instruments to be sterilized shall must be sealed in bags made U. Nondisposable instruments shall must be placed in the autoclave in a manner to allow live of the autoclave around them. V. A Sealed, puncture proof dirty tube receptacle with cool limit. specifically for the purpose of autoclave sterilization and shall must include the date of sterilization. If nontransparent bags are utilized, the bag shall must also list the contents.

sterilization shall must be utilized during the autoclave sterilization process.

steam to circulate around them.

maintained in the biohazard or cleanup room.

W. Sharps containers should must be located within reach of the tattooing area.

X. Contaminated disposable and single-use items shall must be disposed of in accordance with federal and state regulations regarding disposal of biological hazardous materials.

Y. The manufacturer's written instructions of the autoclave shall must be followed.

#### 18VAC41-50-410. Client qualifications, disclosures, and recordsQualifications. Disclosures, and Records.

A. Except as permitted in § 18.2-371.3 of the Code of Virginia, a client must be a minimum of 18 years of age and shall must present at the time of the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing a valid, government issued, positive identification card including a driver's license, passport, or military identification. The identification must contain a photograph of the individual and a printed date of birth.

B. The tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer shall must verify and document in the permanent client record the client's age, date of birth, and the type of identification provided.

C. No person may be tattooed or permanent cosmetic tattooed who appears to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

D. Tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing shall must not be performed on any skin surface that manifests any evidence of unhealthy conditions, such as rashes, boils, infections, abrasions, or on any asymmetrical, irregular, blurred, or multicolored mole.

E. Before receiving a tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo, each client and client's parent or guardian, if applicable, shall must be informed verbally and in writing, using the client disclosure form prescribed by the board, about the possible risk and dangers associated with the application of each tattoo. Signatures of both the client and/or client's parent or guardian and the tattooer shall must be required on the client disclosure form to acknowledge receipt of both the verbal and written disclosures.

F. The tattoo parlor or temporary location or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall must maintain proper records for each client. The information shall must be permanently recorded and made available for examination by the Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation or authorized agent. Records shall must be maintained at the tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic salon f secords <del>shall <u>i</u> the following:</del> 1. ^T tattoo salon for at least two years following the date of the last entry. The temporary location client records shall must be maintained by the license holder. The permanent records shall must include

1. The name, address, and telephone number of the client; and/or client's parent or guardian;

2. The date tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing was performed;

3. The client's age, date of birth, and a copy of the positive identification provided to the tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer;

4. The specific color or colors of the tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo and, when available, the manufacturer's catalogue or identification number of each color used;

7. A statement that the client <u>and/or client's parent or guardian</u> has received a copy of applicable written care instructions, and that the client has read and understande that instructions; and 8. The signature of the client and if one "

18VAC41-50-420. Grounds for license or certificate revocation, suspension or probation; denial of application, renewal, or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penaltyGrounds for License Revocation, Suspension or Probation, Denial of application, Renewal, or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee or certificate holder and suspend, place on probation, or revoke or refuse to renew or reinstate any license or certificate, or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if it finds that the licensee, certificate holder, or applicant:

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, refuse to issue, renew or reinstate a license or certificate, impose a monetary penalty, place a license or certificate on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate, suspend a license or certificate for a stated period of time; or revoke a license or certificate issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if it finds that the licensee, certificate holder, or applicant:

1. Is incompetent, or negligent in practice tattooing, or incapable mentally or physically, or unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, to (i) practice as a tattooer, tattooer apprentice, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer or (ii) operate a parlor, permanent cosmetic tattooing salon, or school;

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice or teaching of tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing or fails to teach the boardapproved curriculum as provided for in this chapter; , or fails to comply with 18VAC41-50-280.F when making an assessment of credit hours awarded;

3. Obtained attempted to obtain, renewed, or reinstated a license by false or fraudulent representation; Attempts to obtain, obtained, renewed or reinstated a license, certificate, apprentice or temporary license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates or induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating, any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which tattooers, permanent cosmetic tattooers or master permanent cosmetic tattooers may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local employee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent, in the performance of that employee's duties, any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing tattooing as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia;

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6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed parlor, salon, or school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) or this chapter;

Board position 8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, certificate holder's, temporary license holder's, apprentice's, applicant's or responsible management's possession or maintained in accordance with this chapter;

9. Fails to notify the board of a change of name or address in writing within 30 days of the change for each and every license, certificate, apprentice, or temporary license;

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading;

11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license or certificate in connection with a disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction or of any license or certificate that has been the subject of disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of any final action or disciplinary action taken against a license, apprentice, temporary license or certificate in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States, of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia. Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or quilt

13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of any convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section?

14. Allows, as responsible management of a parlor, or salon, or school, a person who has not obtained a license, temporary license, or guest tattooer license to practice as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, unless the person is duly enrolled licensed as an apprentice;

15. Allows, as responsible management of a school, a person who has not obtained an instructor certificate or student instructor temporary license to practice as a tattooing, or permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor,

16. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practice of tattooing, or the operation of tattoo parlors or permanent cosmetic tattooing salons; or

17. Fails to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at any board examination.

Materials contained FORMS (18VAC41-50)

Tattooer Examination & License Application, A450-1231EXLIC-v17 (rev. 9/2023)

Training Verification Form, A450-1213TR-vs1 (eff. 5/2022)	
Tattooing Apprenticeship Sponsor Application, A450-12TATSPON-v6 (rev. 9/2023)	
Tattooing Apprenticeship Sponsor Application, A450-12TATSPON-v6 (rev. 9/2023)         Tattooer Apprenticeship Certification Application, A450-TAT_SOA-v3 (rev. 3/2015)         Tattoo Apprenticeship Completion Form, A450-12TAC-v8 (rev. 1/2020)         Tattoo Client Disclosure Form, A450-12TDIS-v3 (rev. 1/2020)         Limited Term Tattooer License Application, A450-1233LIC-v12 (rev. 9/2022)         Limited Term Tattoo Parlor License Application, A450-1235LIC-v9 (rev. 9/2022)	$\gamma_{0/i}$
Tattoo Apprenticeship Completion Form, A450-12TAC-v8 (rev. 1/2020)	N.C.
Tattoo Client Disclosure Form, A450-12TDIS-v3 (rev. 1/2020)	
Limited Term Tattooer License Application, A450-1233LIC-v12 (rev. 9/2022)	
Limited Term Tattoo Parlor License Application, A450-1235LIC-v9 (rev. 9/2022)	
Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer Examination & License Application, A450-1236EXLIC v16	
<u>(rev. 9/2023)</u>	
Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer Examination & License Application, A450-1237EXLIC- v14 (rev. 9/2023)	
License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (rev. 9/2022)	
Body Piercing, Tattoo, Perm Cos Tattoo Experience Verification Form, A450-	
<u>12BPTATT_EXP-v2 (rev. 7/2022)</u>	
Salon, Shop, Spa & Parlor License-Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v17 (rev. 9-	
Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE-v11 (rev. 9/2022)	
Instructor Certification Application, A450-1213INST-vs18 (tev. 9/2023)	
Individuals - Reinstatement Application, A450-1213RELV13 (rev. 9/2022)	
School License Application, A450-1213SCHL-v19 (rev. 9/2023)	
<u>School Reinstatement Application, A450-1213SCAL-REIN-v9 (rev. 9/2022)</u> Tattoo-Body Piercing Universal App A450-1231-41ULR-v1 (eff. 7/2023)	
Naterials contained in this agenda are proposed topics for the second are proposed top	
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#### Board For Barbers And Cosmetology

#### General Review of the Esthetics Regulations

Chapter 70

**Esthetics Regulations** Part I

#### General

#### 18VAC41-70-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter ascribed to them in Chapter are not to be cor 7(§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia:

"Board"

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"Esthetician"

"Esthetics"

"Esthetics instructor"

"Esthetics spa"

"Master esthetician"

"School of esthetics"

B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Apprenticeship program" means an approved esthetics or master esthetics training program conducted by an approved registered apprenticeship sponsor.

"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Clock Hours" - means a minimum of 50 minutes of supervised or directed instruction and appropriate breaks.

"Credit hour" means a combination of the number of hours in class each week and the number of hours per week in a laboratory by which a school may measure its course work. One unit of credit equals one hour of classroom or online study, two hours of laboratory experience or three hours of internship or practicum or a combination of the three times the number of weeks in the term. Emerging delivery methodologies may necessitate a unit of undergraduate credit to be measured in nontime base methods. These courses shall use the demonstration of competency, proficiency, or fulfillment of learning outcomes to ensure these courses are equivalent to traditionally delivered courses.

"Direct supervision" means that a Virginia licensed esthetician or master esthetician shall be present in the esthetics spa or esthetics school at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or student.(i) a Virginia licensed esthetician or master esthetician is present in the esthetics spa or esthetics school at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice. (ii) a Virginia licensed and certified esthetician or master esthetician instructor or a student instructor temporary license holder is

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present in the esthetic school at all times when services are being performed by a student, student instructor, or temporary license holder.

Board position "Each and every location"- For the purposes of schools with multiple suites or classrooms, a single location is one that is enclosed under one roof and all classrooms/suites are within 500 feet of the main office.

"Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state or jurisdiction.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia

"Licensee" means any sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia.individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology.

"Post-secondary educational level" means an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges or by an accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public,

"Reinstatement" means having a license restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license or certificate for another period of time.

"Responsible management" means the following individuals: renda

- 1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;
- 2. The partners of a general partnership;
- 3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;
- 4. The officers of a corporation

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- 5. The managers of a limited liability company;
- 6. The officers or directors of an association or both; and
- 7. Individuals in other business entities recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as having a fiduciary responsibility to the firm.

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under histhat individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

"Substantially equivalent exam" means an examination administered by the licensing entity which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

Virginia state institution" for the purposes of this chapter means any institution approved by the Virginia Department of Education.

"Wet disinfection unit" is a container large enough to hold an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is a bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed.

## 18VAC41-70-15. Gratuitous Services.

Any individual who engages in esthetics or master esthetics without receiving compensation, ical Board position reward or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous services and is exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

#### Part II

Entry

# 18VAC41-70-20. General requirements for an esthetician license or master esthetician license Requirements for an Esthetician License or Master Esthetician License.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in esthetics or master esthetics shall must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed esthetician or master esthetician in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as an esthetician. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure whether he has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetician or master esthetician.or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of an applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in esthetics or master esthetics. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia esthetics license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

Xa. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Materials contained in t Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board-approved examination requirement administered either by the board or by independent examiners.

B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved esthetics training program or a master esthetics training program in a Virginia licensed esthetics school shall be eligible for the applicable examination. one of the following programs is eligible for examination:

a. An approved esthetics or master esthetics training program in a Virginia licensed esthetics or master esthetics school.

b. A registered apprenticeship.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing esthetics training that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training to be eligible for examination. If less than the required hours of esthetics training was completed, an applicant must submit a certificate, diploma, or other documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent esthetics course and documentation of six months of work experience as an esthetician in order to be eligible for the esthetician examination.

a. Any person completing esthetics training that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated, and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant,

b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit documentation acceptable to the board verifying three vears of work experience. Applicants should provide their work history demonstrating three years of experience as a licensed esthetician or master esthetician in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

# 18VAC41-70-30. License by endorsementEndorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as an esthetician or master esthetician or who is a licensed instructor in the respective profession in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed both a training program and a written examination and a practical examination that are substantially equivalent to those required by this chapter may be issued an esthetician, or master esthetician license or the respective instructor certificate without an examination. The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-70-20 A.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed an equivalent training program and whose state only utilizes one licensing examination (written or practical) that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may take the other examination (written or practical) in Materialscori Virginia to qualify for licensure.

C. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

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#### 18VAC41-70-35. Apprenticeship trainingTraining.

A. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians who train apprentices shall <u>must</u> comply with the standards for apprenticeship training. established by the Division of Registered Apprenticeship of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry and the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology. Owners of esthetics spas who train apprentices shall comply with the standards for apprenticeship training established by the Division of Registered Apprenticeship of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry. B. Any person completing the Virginia connectional

B. Any person completing the Virginia apprenticeship program in esthetics or master esthetics shall be eligible for examination. Licensed spas where apprentices train must comply with the standards for registered apprenticeship training.

### 18VAC41-70-40. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

A. Applicants for initial licensure shall <u>must</u> pass both a <u>practical and</u> written <u>portion of the</u> examination and a practical examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any applicant who passes one part of the examination shall not be required to take that part again provided both parts are passed within one year of the initial examination date.

C. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

D.C. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

E.D. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing both a <u>practical and a</u> written <u>portion of an</u> examination and a practical examination shall be required to retake both portions. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

E. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

#### 18VAC41-70-50. Reexamination requirements. (Repealed.)

Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application and examination fee.

#### 18VAC41-70-60. Examination administrationAdministration.

A. The examination shall <u>must</u> be administered by the board or the designated testing service. The practical examination shall be supervised by a chief examiner.

B. Every esthetics or master esthetics examiner shall <u>must</u> hold a current Virginia license in his <u>their</u> respective profession, have three or more years of active experience as a licensed professional, and be currently practicing in that profession. Examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

C. No certified esthetics or master esthetics instructor who (i) is currently teaching, (ii) is a school owner, or (iii) is an apprentice sponsor shall be an examiner.

D. Each esthetics or master esthetics chief examiner shall <u>must</u> (i) hold a current Virginia license in his respective profession, (ii) have five or more years of active experience in that profession, (iii) have three years of active experience as an examiner, and (iv) be currently practicing in his respective profession. Chief examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

E. The applicant shall follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include written instructions communicated prior to the

examination date and instructions communicated at the site. either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

# 18VAC41-70-70. Esthetician temporary license Master Esthetician Temporary License.

A. A temporary license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed by the board or hetician or master esthetician, respectively, may be issued only to applicants for initial insure that the board finds eligible for the applicable examination of a temporary license. esthetician or master esthetician, respectively, may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure that the board finds eligible for the applicable examination. There shall be is no fee for a temporary license.

1. Licensed master estheticians may supervise estheticians and waxing temporary license holders. Licensed estheticians may supervise waxing temporary license holders.

B. The temporary license shall remain in force for 45 90 days following the examination date. The examination date shall be the first test date after the applicant has successfully submitted an application to the board and no subsequent temporary license shall be issued.

C. Any person continuing to practice esthetics services after a temporary license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia.

D. No applicant for examination shall be issued more than one temporary license.

ED. Temporary permits licenses shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-70-20.

# 18VAC41-70-80. General requirements for spa license Requirements for Spa License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate an esthetics spa shall must obtain a spa license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia, and shall must meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license: ×0'

1. The applicant, and all members of the responsible management, shall must be in good standing as a licensed sparin Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure, any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any esthetics spare practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetics spa.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of an esthetics spa. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority

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t<del>o issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima</del> f<del>acie evidence of such disciplinary action.</del>

2. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia esthetics license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. Spa licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business. Any changes in the name or address of the spa shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. <u>The firm must notify the board</u>, and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license, within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

E Mobile spas must have a spa license and provide a physical address.

E.<u>F.</u> The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed spa for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter. For purposes of a board inspection, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

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### 18VAC41-70-90. General requirements for a school licenseRequirements for a School License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate an esthetics school shall must submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought, obtain a school license in compliance with § 54.1-704.2 of the Code of Virginia, and meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

 I. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed esthetics school in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all other jurisdictions where responsible management shall disclose the licensure any discut. licensure, any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any esthetics school or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetics school.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of an esthetics school. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia esthetics license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving mora turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application: and

Sb. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

Materials contained B. Esthetics school licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address as the school. Any changes in the name or the address of record or principal place of business of the school shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such change. The board shall must not be responsible for the

licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The name of the school must indicate that it is an educational institution. All signs or other advertisements must reflect the name as indicated on the license issued by the board and contain language indicating it is an educational institution.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in business entity. Such changes include: Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. The firm must notify the board, apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia. ୍ବ

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

D. Within 30 days of ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school must provide a written report to the board detailing the performances and hours of each student who has not completed the program.

E. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

EF. Esthetics schools under the Virginia Department of Education shall be exempted from licensure requirements.

FG. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter. For purposes of a board inspection, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours. "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

## 18VAC41-70-100. General requirements for an esthetics instructor certificateRequirements for an Esthetics or Master Esthetics Instructor Certificate.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in esthetics or master esthetics instruction shall must .ee. Materials contained meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed esthetician or master esthetician, respectively, in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as an esthetician. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions since being previously licensed as an esthetician or master esthetician to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions,

revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure whether he has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetician or master esthetician.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in esthetics. <u>Or master esthetics.</u> The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall <u>must provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision account, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action;</u>

2. The applicant shall must hold a current Virginia estheticsesthetician or master esthetician license, respectively;

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> complete one of the following qualifications:

a. Pass a course in teaching techniques at the postsecondary educational level; or

b. Complete an instructor training course approved by the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology under the supervision of a certified esthetics instructor or master esthetics instructor in an esthetics school and pass an examination in esthetics instruction administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board; and

b. Pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions <u>since being previously licensed as an esthetician or master esthetician</u>:

a. All misdemeanor convictions <u>within two years of the date of the application</u> involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of note contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

B. Instructors shall be required to maintain a Virginia esthetician license.

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B. Instructors must maintain an esthetician or master esthetician license, respectively.

<u>C. Certified instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license.</u> 18VAC41-70-105. Student Instructor Temporary License.

A. A licensed esthetician or master esthetician may be granted a twelve (12) month student instructor temporary license to function under the direct supervision of a certified instructor in a licensed school. No subsequent student instructor temporary license shall be issued. Student instructors must pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

B. Student instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license. Failure to maintain an esthetician or master esthetician license shall disqualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary license. I'd position

C. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians may also supervise waxing student instructor temporary license holders. Licensed master estheticians may also supervise esthetician student instructor temporary license holders.

D. The student instructor temporary license holder must be associated with both a school and a direct supervisor.

Board position E. Temporary licenses may not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18 VAC 41-70-100.

# 18VAC41-70-110. General requirements for a master esthetics instructor certificate. (Repealed.)

A. Any individual wishing to engage in master esthetics instruction shall meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall be in good standing as a licensed master esthetician in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as a master esthetician. This includes monetary penalties, fines, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetician or master esthetician.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in esthetics or master esthetics. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facile evidence of such disciplinary action;

2. The applicant shall hold a current Virginia master esthetician license;

3. The applicant shall complete one of the following qualifications:

a. Pass a course in teaching techniques at the postsecondary educational level; or

b. Complete an instructor training course approved by the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology under the supervision of a certified esthetics instructor or master esthetics instructor in an esthetics school and pass an examination in esthetics instruction administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board; and

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

ca. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 years of the date of application.

Materials contained in Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

B. Instructors shall be required to maintain a Virginia master esthetician license.

# Part III

## Fees

# 18VAC41-70-120. Fees.

	Fee	es		
<b>18VAC41-70-120. Fees</b> The following fees-a	<b>s.</b> <del>apply:<u>are nonrefundable a</u></del>	nd shall not be prorated:		2 posi
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through and August 31, 2024	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2024, and after	WHEN DUE	BOSIC
Individuals:			ull ^{atio}	
Application	\$90	\$105	With application	
License by Endorsement	\$90	\$105 con ^{struc}	With application	
Renewal	\$90 en	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee and \$105 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	
Instructors: Instructor C	Certificate:			
Application	×00 ⁰⁵ \$110	\$125	With application	
License by Endorsement	\$110	\$125	With application	
Renewal	<del>\$110<u>\$20</u></del>	\$150 <u>\$20</u>	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Endorsement Renewal				,

Reinstatement	\$ <u>220*<u>\$40*</u> *includes <u>\$110<u>\$20</u> renewal fee and <del>\$110<u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee</del></u></u>	\$300* <u>\$40*</u> *includes \$150 <u>\$20</u> renewal fee and \$150 <u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	Board posi
Spas:			, OTICO	
Application	\$165	\$190	With application	
Renewal	\$165	\$190	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee and \$190 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	
Schools:		n anda		
Application	\$185 discut	\$220	With application	
Renewal	5 ⁶⁵ 185	\$220	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Reinstatement	\$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement fee	\$440* *includes \$220 renewal fee and \$220 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	
18VAC41-70-130. Refu	unds. (Repealed.) ndable and shall not be p	rorated.		I

#### Part IV

#### Renewal/Reinstatement

#### 18VAC41-70-140. License renewal required Renewal Required.

Board position A license or certificate issued under this chapter shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which it was issued.

#### 18VAC41-70-150. Notice of renewalRenewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the licensee or certificate holder outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice. however, shall not relieve the licensee or certificate holder of the obligation to renew? If the licensee or certificate holder fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

#### 18VAC41-70-160. Failure to renewRenew.

A. When a licensee individual or business entity fails to renew its license or certificate within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for reinstatement of the license by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application and pay the renewal fee and reinstatement fee.

B. When a licensee individual or business entity fails to renew its license or certification within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

1. The former licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for licensure or certification as a new applicant and shall meet all current entry requirements for each respective license or certificate. Individuals applying for licensure under this section shall be eligible to apply for a temporary license from the board under 18VAC41-70-70.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under an examination exemption, known as grandfathering, pursuant to § 54.1-703.3 of the Code of Virginia shall submit a new application showing the individual met the requirements of the applicable examination waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience, and pass the required examination.previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3) years must submit a new application and pass the required examination.

C. The application for reinstatement for a school shall must provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enrol at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school and if the school's records are maintained in accordance with 18VAC41-70-230 and 18VAC41-70-240 Upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license, require requalification, or both. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified Materialscori from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

C. When a licensed school fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.

1. After 180 days, the school must submit a reinstatement application and must provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a statement that all students

currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. After 180 days, reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school. Pursuant to 18VAC41-70-90, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both.

2. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disqualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

D. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license is applicable and an additional fee is required. 00

E. When a license is reinstated, the licensee shall have the same license number and shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the previous expiration date of the license.

E. When a license or certificate is reinstated, the licensee or certificate holder shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

F. A licensee or certificate holder that reinstates its license or certificate shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed without interruption. Therefore, a licensee or certificate holder shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

G. A licensee or certificate holder that fails to reinstate its license or certificate shall be regarded as unlicensed or uncertified from the expiration date of the license or certificate forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee or certificate holder for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual or business entity was licensed or certified.

Part V

**Esthetics Schools** 

# 18VAC41-70-180. General requirements Requirements.

An esthetics school shall must:

1. Hold a school license for each and every location. Any suites or classrooms that are located in a different building or are further than 500 feet from the main office are considered a separate location, and require the school hold an additional license.

2. Hold a spa license if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic.

3. For esthetics courses, employ a staff of licensed and certified esthetics instructors or licensed and certified master esthetics instructors.

3. Employ and ensure all training is conducted under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified esthetics instructors or master esthetics instructors, respectively.

a. Licensed and certified esthetics instructors and master esthetics instructors may also instruct a waxing program.

b. Licensed and certified master esthetics instructors may also instruct an esthetics program.

Materials contained c. Instructor programs must be taught by a certified instructor.

d. Any change in instructors shall be reported to the board within 30 days of the change.

board position

4. For master esthetics courses, employ a staff of licensed and certified master esthetics instructors.

54. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in esthetics and master esthetics.

65. Submit its curricula for board approval. Esthetician curricula shall must be based on a minimum of 600 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-70-190.B. Master esthetician curricula shall must be based on a minimum of 600 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in $\infty^{\circ}$ accordance with 18VAC41-70-190 C18VAC41-70-190.C. All changes to curricula must be resubmitted and approved by the board.

76. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the spa in plain view of the public.

87. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the clinic area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

9. Complete practical instruction in the school's clinic area.

8. The theory portions of the curriculum may be offered online. Practical instruction must be obtained in a traditional brick and mortar classroom setting

9. Schools should utilize technologies and practices that are effective in verifying the identity of distance-learning students who participate in class or coursework (such as a secure login and pass code) while protecting student privacy. Educational technologies must be capable of monitoring a student's time and activities.

10. There is a measure of competency (examination) of the information the student is taught online which shall be completed in a traditional brick and mortar classroom.

# 18VAC41-70-190. Curriculum and hours of instruction requirements Hours of Instruction **Requirements.**

A. Each esthetics school shall must submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lessons plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, days and hours of instruction, program length, a sample of a final transcript, and a breakdown of hours or credit hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure or certification. In addition, if a school awards credit in accordance with subsection D of this section, the school shall submit copies of the assessment policy, method of evaluation of transcripts and the examination to be used in making the assessment.

B. The esthetics curriculum and hours of instruction in this technology shall consist of 600 hours or equivalent credit hours and shall include the following: The outline for esthetics must include the following:

1. Orientation and business topics - minimum of 25 hours of instruction.

a School policies;

, wb. Management;

- c. Sales, inventory, and retailing;
- d. Taxes and payroll;
- e. Insurance;
- f. Client records and confidentiality; and
- g. Professional ethics and practices.
- Materials contained in 2. Laws and regulations - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  - 3. General sciences minimum of 80 hours of instruction.
    - a. Bacteriology;

I'd Position

- b. Microorganisms;
- c. Infection control, disinfection, sterilization;
- d. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements;
- e. Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS);
- f. General procedures and safety measures;
- g. Cosmetic chemistry;
- h. Products and ingredients; and
- i. Nutrition.
- 4. Applied sciences minimum of 95 hours of instruction.
  - a. Anatomy and physiology;
  - b. Skin structure and function;
  - c. Skin types;
  - d. Skin conditions: and
  - e. Diseases and disorders of the skin.
- 5. Skin care minimum of 255 hours of instruction.
  - a. Health screening;
  - b. Skin analysis and consultation
- or хO c. Effleurage and related movements and manipulations of the face and body;

Jends

- d. Cleansings procedures;
- e. Masks;
- f. Extraction techniques;
- g. Machines, equipment, and electricity
- h. Manual facials and treatments;
- i. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and
- j. General procedures and safety measures.
- 6. Makeup minimum of 65 hours of instruction.
  - a. Setup, supplies, and implements;
  - b. Color theory;
  - c. Consultation;
  - d. General and special occasion application;
  - e. Camouflage;
  - f. Application of false lashes and lash extensions;
  - g. Lash and tinting;
  - h. Lash perming;
  - i. Lightning of the hair on body except scalp; and
  - j. General procedures and safety measures.
- Materials contained in 7. Body and other treatments - minimum of 20 hours of instruction.
  - a. Body treatments;
  - b. Body wraps;
  - c. Body masks;
  - d. Body scrubs;

- e. Aromatherapy; and
- f. General procedures and safety measures.
- 8. Hair removal minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
  - a. Types of hair removal;
  - b. Wax types;
  - c. Tweezing;
  - d. Chemical hair removal:
  - e. Mechanical hair removal: and
  - f. General procedures and safety measures.

or offical Board position C. The master esthetics curriculum and hours of instruction in this technology shall consist of 600 hours or equivalent credit hours and shall include the following: The outline for master esthetics must include the following:

1. Orientation, advanced business subjects, and infection control - minimum of 45 hours beconstrued of instruction.

- a. School policies and procedures;
- b. Professional ethics and practices;
- c. Ethics and professional conduct;
- d. Insurance and liability issues;

e. Confidentiality and Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule (HIPAA);

- f. Client records and documentation;
- g. Microbiology and bacteriology:
- h. Infection control, disinfection, and sterilization;

i. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA); and Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS); and

j. Personal protective equipment.

- 2. State laws, rules and regulations minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
- 3. Advanced anatomy and physiology minimum of 65 hours of instruction.
  - a. Advanced anatomy and physiology;
  - b. Advanced skin structure and functions;
  - c. Advanced skin typing and conditions;
  - d. Advanced disease and disorders;
  - e. Advanced cosmetic ingredients;
  - f. Pharmacology; and

Materials contained if

- g. Advanced homecare.
- 4. Advanced skin care and advanced modalities minimum of 90 hours of instruction.
  - a. Introduction to microdermabrasion and dermaplaning;
  - b. Indications and contraindications for crystal microdermabrasion;
  - c. General procedures and safety measures for crystal microdermabrasion;

d. Indications and contraindications for crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning;

e. General procedures and safety measures for crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning; Board position

f. Equipment safety: crystal and crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning;

g. Waste disposal, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA);

h. Introduction to microdermabrasion techniques and proper protocols;

i. Machine parts, operation, protocols, care, waste disposal, and safety;

j. Practical application and consultation for crystal microdermabrasion;

k. Practical application and consultation for crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning; and

I. Pretreatment and posttreatment for microdermabrasion.

101 5. Advanced procedures and chemical exfoliation - minimum of 270 hours of instruction.

a. Advanced skin analysis and consultation and health screening and documentation;

b. Advanced procedures, light treatments, light-emitting diode (LED), intense pulsed light device (IPL);

c. Advanced manual, machine, and electric treatments, microcurrent, and ultrasound;

d. Introduction to chemical exfoliation and peels of the epidermis;

e. Fundamentals of skin care associated with chemical exfoliation and peels and wound healing;

f. Pretreatment and posttreatment for chemical exfoliation and peels;

g. Assessing suitability and predicting chemical exfoliation efficacy;

h. General practical application and consultation protocols;

i. Practical application and consultation for enzymes, herbal exfoliations, and vitaminbased peels;

j. Indications and contraindications for enzymes, herbal exfoliations, and vitaminbased peels;

k. General procedures and safety measures for herbal exfoliations, and vitamin-based peels;

I. Pretreatments and posttreatments for herbal exfoliations, and vitamin-based peels;

m. Practical application and consultation for alpha hydroxy peels;

n. Indications and contraindications for alpha hydroxy peels;

o. General procedures and safety measures for alpha hydroxy peels;

p. Pretreatment and posttreatment for alpha hydroxy peels;

q. Practical application and consultation for beta hydroxy peels;

rondications and contraindications for beta hydroxy peels;

s. General procedures and safety measures for beta hydroxy peels;

t. Pretreatment and posttreatment for beta hydroxy peels;

Materialscontained in

u. Practical application and consultation for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

v. Indications and contraindications for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

w. General procedures and safety measures for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

x. Pretreatment and posttreatment for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

y. Practical application and consultation for trichloracetic acid peels;

z. Indications and contraindications for trichloracetic acid peels;

aa. General procedures and safety measures for trichloracetic acid peels; and

bb. Pretreatment and posttreatment for trichloracetic acid peels.

6. Lymphatic drainage - minimum of 120 hours of instruction.

- a. Introduction to lymphatic drainage;
- b. Tissues and organs of the lymphatic system;
- c. Functions of the lymphatic system;
- d. Immunity;
- e. Etiology of edema;
- f. Indications and contraindications for lymphatic drainage;
- g. Lymphatic drainage manipulations and movements;
- h. Face and neck treatment sequence;
- i. Lymphatic drainage on the trunk and upper extremities;
- j. Lymphatic drainage on the trunk and lower extremities;

k. Cellulite:

- I. Using lymphatic drainage with other treatments; and
- m. Machine-aided lymphatic drainage.

t construed as regulation or offical Board position s D. A licensed esthetics school with an approved esthetics program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in esthetics and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the requirements specified in subsection B of this section and 18VAC41-70-200 A. A licensed esthetics school with an approved master esthetics program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence m master esthetics and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the requirements specified in subsection C of this section and 18VAC41-70-200 B.

The school shall must make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript, documentation of hours and performances provided to the student by the school and the successful completion of a board-approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or the number of hours specified in the board-approved curriculum for a specific topic.

E. The instructor curriculum and hours of instruction shall consist of 400 hours or equivalent credit hours and shall include the following:

- 1. Orientation;
- 2. Curriculum;
- 3. Course outline and development;

4. Lesson planning;

Materials contained S. Classroom management;

6. Teaching techniques;

7. Methods of instruction;

8. Learning styles;

9. Learning disabilities;

10. Teaching aids;

- 11. Developing, administering, and grading examinations;
- 12. School administration:

13. Recordkeeping:

14. Laws and regulations;

15. Supervision of clinic floor; and

16. Practicum teaching.

## 18VAC41-70-200. Practical performance requirements Performance Requirements.

A. The curriculum for estheticians shall must include the following minimum practical performances:

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Consultations, cleansings and analysis of face and body			
Manual facials and treatments	65		
Machine or electrical facials and treatments	50		
Body treatments and back treatments	20		
Макеџр	25		
Hair Removal	25		
^K TOTAL	220		

B. The curriculum for master estheticians shall must include the following minimum

	TOTAL	220
	B. The curriculum for master estheticians shall must include the performances:	followi
:215	Advanced treatments	40
Materi	Microdermabrasion	50
	Chemical exfoliation	75

Lymphatic drainage treatments	50
TOTAL	215

#### 18VAC41-70-210. School equipment. (Repealed.)

Board position A. For an esthetics course, an esthetics school must have at least one treatment table, one magnifier lamp, one steamer, one adjustable stool, and one table for instruments and products for each two students enrolled in the class.

B. For each procedure taught in the esthetics curriculum, the esthetics school must have at least one set of the applicable equipment for each three students enrolled in the class.

C. For a master esthetics course, an esthetics school must have at least one treatment table, one woods lamp, one adjustable stool, and one table for instruments and products for each two students enrolled in the class.

D. For each procedure taught in the master esthetics curriculum, the esthetics school must have at least one set of the applicable equipment for each six students enrolled in the class.

#### 18VAC41-70-230. Records.

A. Schools shall must maintain on the premises of each school and available for inspection by the board or any of its agents the following records for the period of a student's enrollment through five years after the student's completion of the curriculum? termination, or withdrawal:

1. Enrollment application containing the student's signature and a two-inch by two-inch color head and shoulders photograph of the student

- 2. Daily record of attendance containing the student's signature,
- 3. Student clock hours containing the student's signature and method of calculation,
- 4. Practical performance completion sheets containing the student's signature,

5. Final transcript,

#### 6. Competency examinations used to award credit.

7. 6. Course descriptions, and

8.7. All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

B. Schools shall must produce to the board or any of its agents, within 10 days of the request, any document, book, or record concerning any student, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records, for inspection and copying by the board or its agents. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10day period.

C. Schools shall must, within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, provide documentation of hours and performances completed by the student as required to be maintained by subsection A of this section.

D. Prior to a school changing ownership or a school closing, the school is required to provide to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

KE. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, the school shall provide, within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student.

#### 18VAC41-70-240. Reporting.

A. Schools shall provide, in a manner, format, and frequency prescribed by the board, a roster of all current students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

B. Within 30 days of ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school shall provide a written report to the board on performances and hours of each of its students who has not completed the program.

A. Each school must provide student rosters to the board guarterly, no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of every year;

Board position 1. A roster of all enrolled students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

2. Students who are enrolled but have not begun classes must be included in the report.

3. Rosters must be submitted via a secure link provided by the board on the board supplied document, which will include the students full name, date of birth, program type, date enrolled, the total number of hours to-date, and the date completed, terminated, or withdrawn.

4. Schools with no students enrolled, but the intention of operating, must submit a report to that effect. Schools with no students enrolled that no longer wish to operate should terminate their be construed as license in accordance with board regulations.

Part VI

#### Standards of Practice

#### 18VAC41-70-250. Scope of practicePractice.

A. Each licensed spa or school shall must ensure that no licensee or student performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the esthetician or master esthetician license.

B. For chemical exfoliation of the epidermis by a licensed master esthetician, the standards for use of an exfoliator or concentration of acids shall be:

- 1. Jessner and Modified Jessner solution:
- 2. Trichloracetic acid less than 20%;
- Nonprescriptive alpha hydroxyl acids;
- 4. Nonprescriptive beta hydroxyl acids;

5. Nonprescriptive, commercially available used in accordance with products manufacturer's written instructions;

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- 6. Vitamin-based acids; 🔊
- 7. Enzymes; or
- 8. Herbal exfoliators.

#### 18VAC41-70-260. Display of licenseLicense.

A. Each licensed spa or school shall must ensure that all current licenses and temporary licenses issued by the board shall must be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the spa or school. Duplicate licenses or temporary licenses shall must be posted in a like manner in every spa or school location where the licensee or temporary license holder provides services.

B. All licensees and temporary license holders shall must operate under the name in which the license or temporary license is issued.

C. All apprenticeship cards issued by the Department of Labor and Industry (DOLI) shall be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor shall require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DOLI registered apprentice. Proof of apprenticeship registration issued by the applicable agency of the Virginia Department of Workforce Development Advancement (DWDA) must be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual

work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor must require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DWDA registered apprentice.

18VAC41-70-270. Sanitation and safety standards for spas and schoolsSafety Standards for Spas and Schools.

A. Sanitation and safety standards.

Board position 1. Any spa or school where esthetics services are delivered to the public must be clean and sanitary at all times.

2. Compliance with these rules does not confer compliance with other requirements set forth by federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations as they apply to business operation, physical construction and maintenance, safety, and public health.

3. Licensees shall must take sufficient measures to prevent the transmission of communicable and infectious diseases and comply with the sanitation standards identified in this section and shall must ensure that all employees likewise comply.

B. Disinfection and storage of implements.

Materials contained

1. Each esthetician and master esthetician must have a wet disinfection unit available for use and must meet the standards in the definition of wet disinfection requirements. A wet disinfection unit is a container large enough to hold a disinfectant solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination of the solution. The solution must be a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal. Disinfectant solutions shall be used according to manufacturer's directions. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination and any disinfection solutions must be used according to manufacturer instructions.

2. Disinfection of multiuse items implements constructed of hard, nonporous materials such as metal, glass, or plastic, that the manufacturer designed for use on more than one client, is to be carried out in the following manner prior to servicing a client:

a. Remove all foreign matter from the object, utilizing a brush if needed -: Drill bits are to be soaked in acetone and scrubbed with a wire brush to remove all foreign matter;

b. Wash thoroughly with hot water and soap;

c. Rinse thoroughly with clean water and dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel;

d. Fully immerse implements into wet disinfectant solution for a minimum of 10 minutes; and

e. After immersion, rinse articles, dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and store in a clean, predisinfected, and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight sealed covered container, or leave instruments in an EPA-registered wet disinfection unit storage solution used according to manufacturer's directions.

3. Single-use items designed by the manufacturer for use on no more than one client should be discarded immediately after use on each individual client, including but not limited to powder puffs, lip color, cheek color, sponges, styptic pencils, wood implements, chamois, or nail skin care implements or disposable razors. The disinfection and reuse of these items is not permitted and the use of single-use items on more than one client is prohibited.

4. For the purpose of recharging, rechargeable tools or implements may be stored in an area other than in a closed cabinet or container. This area shall must be clean.

5. All materials including cosmetic and nail brushes, sponges, chamois, spatulas, and galvanic electrodes must be cleaned with warm water and soap or detergent to remove all foreign matter. Implements should then be rinsed, thoroughly dried with a clean paper

towel, and completely immersed in an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal. Such implements shall be soaked for 10 minutes or more, removed, rinsed, dried thoroughly, and stored in a predisinfected and dry drawer, cabinet, or nonairtight covered container, or left in an EPA-registered disinfection storage solution used according to manufacturer's directions.

6.5. All wax pots shall <u>must</u> be cleaned and disinfected with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal with no sticks left standing in the wax at any time. The area immediately surrounding the wax pot shall <u>must</u> be clean and free of clutter waste materials, spills, and any other items that may pose a hazard.

7. Each esthetician must have a wet disinfection unit at his station.

8. Nail brushes; nippers; finger bowls; disinfectable or washable buffers; disinfectable or washable files, which must also be scrubbed with a brush to remove all foreign matter; and other instruments must be washed in soap and water, rinsed, dried thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and then completely immersed in an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal for 10 minutes after each use. After disinfection they must be rinsed, dried thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and placed in a dry, predisinfected, nonairtight covered receptacle, cabinet, or drawer, or left in an EPA-registered disinfectant storage system used according to manufacturer's directions.

<u>9.6.</u> Sinks, bowls, tubs, whirlpool units, air-jetted basins, pipe-less units, and non-whirlpool basins used in the performance of <u>skin nail</u> care <u>shall must</u> be maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. They <u>shall must</u> be cleaned and disinfected immediately after each client in the following manner:

a. Drain all water and remove all debris;

b. Clean the surfaces and walls with soap or detergent to remove all visible debris, oils, and product residues and then ruse with water;

c. Disinfect by spraying or wiping the surface with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal; and <u>in accordance with manufacturer</u> <u>directions;</u>

d. Wipe dry with a clean towel.

Materials contained

C. General sanitation and safety requirements.

1. Service chairs, workstations and workstands, and back bars shall must be clean;

2. The floor surface in all work areas must be of a washable surface other than carpet;-The floor must be kept clean and free of debris, nail clippings, dropped articles, spills, clutter, trash, electrical cords, other waste materials, and other items that may pose a hazard;

3. All furniture, fixtures, walls, floors, windows, and ceilings shall <u>must</u> be in good repair and free of water seepage and dirt. All mats shall <u>must</u> be secured or shall <u>must</u> lie flat;

4. A fully functional bathroom with a working toilet and sink must be available for clients. There must be hot and cold running water. Fixtures must be in good condition. The bathroom must be lighted and sufficiently ventilated. There must be soap and clean singleuse towels or hand air-drying device for the client's use. For facilities newly occupied after January 1, 2017, the bathroom shall <u>must</u> be maintained exclusively <u>available</u> for client use or shared with other businesses in the same building. If the bathroom is shared, the bathroom shall be available for client use and within 200 feet of the entrance and must adhere to all sanitation requirements of this chapter;

<mark>5. General areas for client use must be neat and clean with a waste receptacle for common</mark> trash; I'd Position

65. Electrical cords shall be placed to prevent entanglement by the client or licensee and electrical outlets shall be covered by plates;

offical Board position 76. All sharp tools, implements, and heat-producing appliances shall be in safe working order at all times, safely stored, and placed so as to prevent any accidental injury to the client or licensee;

87. The spa area shall be sufficiently ventilated to exhaust hazardous or objectionable airborne chemicals and to allow the free flow of air; and

98. Adequate lighting shall must be provided.

D. Articles, tools, and products.

1. Any multiuse article, tool, or product that cannot be cleansed or disinfected is prohibited from use;

2. Soiled implements must be removed from the tops of work stations immediately after use:

3. Clean spatulas, other clean tools, or clean disposable gloves shall must be used to remove bulk substances from containers:

4. Any multiuse article, tool, or product that cannot be disinfected by full immersion as specified in 18VAC41-70-270.B.2 or cleaned according to manufacturer's recommendation, including but not limited to natural hair brushes or neck dusters, is prohibited from use.

4.5. Lotions, ointments, creams, and powders shall must be accurately labeled and kept in closed containers. A clean spatula shall must be used to remove creams or other products from jars. Sterile cotton or sponges shall must be used to apply creams, lotions, and powders. Cosmetic containers shall must be covered after each use;

5.6. All appliances shall must be safely stored;

6.7. Presanitized tools and implements, linens, and equipment shall must be stored for use in a sanitary enclosed cabinet or covered receptacle;

7.8. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall must be used for each patron. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall must be stored in a clean predisinfected and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight covered container. Soiled towels, robes, or other linens shall must be stored in a container enclosed on all sides including the top, except if stored in a separate laundry room;

8.9. No substance other than a sterile styptic powder or sterile liquid astringent approved for homeostasis and applied with a sterile single-use applicator shall must be used to check bleeding; and

9. Any disposable material making contact with blood or other body fluid shall be disposed of in a sealed plastic bag and removed from the spa or school in accordance with the guidelines of the Virginia Department of Health and OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration).

10. Any disposable material making contact with blood or other body fluid must be double bagged, label as a biohazard, and disposed of in a closed receptacle.

E. Chemical storage and emergency information.

Materials contain

1. Spas and schools shall must have in the immediate working area a binder with all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) provided by manufacturers for any chemical products used;

2. Spas and schools shall must have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area that contains at a minimum latex gloves, two 12-inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash

bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Heath Administration (OSHA)-approved blood spill clean-up kit;

F. Client health guidelines.

Storage
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products containing hazardous substances that have been banned by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for use in esthetics products; 3

4. No product shall must be used in a manner that is disapproved by the FDA; and

5. Esthetics spas must be in compliance with current building and zoning codes.

G. In addition to the requirements set forth in this section, all licensees and temporary license holders shall adhere to regulations and guidelines established by the Virginia Department of Health and the Occupational and Safety Division of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry.

H. All spas and schools shall must immediately report the results of any inspection of the spa or school by the Virginia Department of Health as required by § 54.1-705 of the Code of Virginia.

I. All spas and schools shall must conduct a self-inspection on an annual basis and maintain a self-inspection form on file for five years so that it may be requested and reviewed by the board at its discretion.

#### 18VAC41-70-280. Grounds for license revocation, probation, or suspension; denial of application, renewal or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penaltyGrounds for License Revocation, Suspension, or Probation; Denial of Application, Renewal or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee, certificate holder, or temporary license holder; suspend, place on probation, revoke, or refuse to issue, renew or reinstate any a license or certificate, impose a monetary penalty, place a license or certificate on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate, suspend a license or certificate for a stated period of time; or revoke, a license or certificate issued certificate, or temporary license; or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if the board finds that the licensee, certificate holder, permit temporary license holder, or applicant:

1. Isoincompetent, negligent, or incapable mentally or physically, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, to practice as an esthetician; Is incompetent, Materialscontained negligent in practice, or unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, (i)to practice as an esthetician or master esthetician, or (ii) operate a spa or school;

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice or teaching of esthetics or master esthetics, fails to teach in accordance with the board-approved curriculum as provided for in this chapter, or fails to comply with 18VAC41-70-190 D when making an assessment of credit hours awarded;

3. Attempts to obtain, obtained, renewed, or reinstated a license, certificate, or temporary license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates, induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which any esthetician may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local employee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent, in the performance of his duties, any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing esthetics or master esthetics;

6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed spa or school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter;

8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, certificate holder's, temporary license holder's, applicant's, or owner's responsible management's possession or maintained in accordance with this chapter;

9. Fails to notify the board of a change of name or address in writing within 30 days of the change for each and every license, certificate, or temporary license;

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading;

11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license or temporary license in connection with a disciplinary action in any jurisdiction or of any license or temporary license that has been the subject of disciplinary action in any jurisdiction; of any final or disciplinary action taken against a license, registration, certificate or temporary license in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication, in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia-Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or guilt;

13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section;

14. Allows, as responsible management of a spa <del>or school</del>, a person who has not obtained a license or a temporary <del>permit</del> <u>license</u> to practice unless the person is duly enrolled as a registered apprentice;

15. Allows, as responsible management of a school, a person who has not obtained an instructor certificate <u>or student instructor temporary license</u> to practice as an esthetics or a master esthetics instructor;

Materialscontained

16. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any

local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practices of esthetics or master esthetics or the operation of esthetics spas; or

#### FORMS (18VAC41-70)

v17 (eff. 5/2022)

Esthetician – Esthetics Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1261 62EXLIC-(eff. 5/2022) Master Esthetician – Master Esthetics Instructor Examination & License 4 65EXLIC-v18 (eff. 5/2022) Temporary Permit Applie 10 25 regulation 1264 65EXLIC-v18 (eff. 5/2022)

License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (eff. /2022)

Training Verification Form, A450-1213TR-vs1 (eff. 5/2022)

Individual - Reinstatement Application, A450-1213REI-v13 (eff. 9/2022)

Salon. Shop. Spa & Parlor License/Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v16 (eff. _co

9/2022)

Salon, Shop & Spa Self Inspection, Form, A450-1213 SSS INSP-vs2 (eff. 5/2016)

Instructor Certification Application, A450-1213INST-v17 (eff. 10/2022)

A450-1213SCHL-v18 (eff. 5/2023) School License Application,

School Reinstatement Application, A450-(213SCHD REI-v9 (eff. 9/2022)

School Self Inspection Form, A450-1213SCH INSP-vs5 (eff. 1/2022)

Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE 11 (rev 2022)

Change of Responsible Management, A450-1213CRM-v6 (eff. 12/2021)

Experience Verification Form A450-1261 64EXP-v2 (eff. 2/2023)

Materials contained in this agenda are proposed topics Esthetics-Master Esthetics Universal License App A450-1261-65ULR-v1 (eff. 7/2023)

#### Board For Barbers And Cosmetology

#### **General Review of Body-Piercing Regulations**

Chapter 60

**Body-Piercing Regulations** Part I

#### General

#### 18VAC41-60-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter ascribed to them in Chapter are not to be cor 7(§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia:

"Board"

"Body-piercer"

"Body-piercing"

"Body-piercing salon"

"Body-piercing school"

B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Apprenticeship program" means an approved body-piercing training program conducted by an approved apprenticeship sponsor.

"Apprenticeship sponsor" means an individual approved to conduct body-piercing apprenticeship training who meets the qualifications in 18VAC41-60-70.

"Aseptic technique" means a hygienic practice that prevents and hinders the direct transfer of microorganisms, regardless of pathogenicity, from one person or place to another person or place.

"Body piercer ear only" means any person who uses only a mechanized, presterilized earpiercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both for compensation.

"Body piercing ear only" means the use of a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both.

"Body-piercing ear only salon" means any place in which a fee is charged for the act of using a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both.

Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Direct supervision" means a Virginia licensed body piercer is present in the body-piercing salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice.

Materialscor "Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state or jurisdiction of the United States.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Gratuitous services" as used in § 54.1-701.5 of the Code Virginia means providing bodypiercing services without receiving compensation or reward, or obligation. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

"Licensee" means any <del>person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, sole</del> proprietorship, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia any individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

"Reinstatement" means having a license restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license for another period of time. not to be constru

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

- 1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;
- 2. The partners of a general partnership;
- 3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;
- 4. The officers of a corporation;
- 5. The managers of a limited liability company;
- 6. The officers or directors of an association or both; and

7. Individuals in other business entities recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as having a fiduciary responsibility to the firm.

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under that individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

"Sterilization area" means a separate room or area separate from workstations with restricted client access in which body-piercing instruments are cleaned, disinfected, and sterilized.

"Substantially equivalent exam" means an examination administered by the licensing entity which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Temporary location" means a fixed location at which body piercing is performed for a specified length of time of not more than seven days in conjunction with a single event or convention.

#### 18VAC41-60-15. Gratuitous Services.

Any individual who engages in body piercing and body piercing ear only without receiving compensation, reward or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous Materialscor services and is exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

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#### Part II

#### 18VAC41-60-20. General requirements Requirements.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in body piercing shall must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as a body piercer.or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in body piercing and body piercing ear only. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such <mark>order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence</mark> of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia body-piercing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima f<mark>acie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt.</mark> The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board-approved examination, administered either by the board or by a designated testing service.

Materialscontained B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved body-piercer examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved bodypiercing apprenticeship program in a Virginia licensed body-piercing salon shall be is eligible to sit for the examination.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia., but within the United States or jurisdiction of the United States. Any person completing a body-piercing training or apprenticeship program that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. If less than required hours of body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship was completed, an applicant must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship or documentation of three years of work experience within the preceding five years as a body piercer and (ii) documentation of completion of a minimum of five hours of health education to include (a) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body piercing; (b) first aid; and (c) CPR that is acceptable to the board in order to be eligible for examination.

a. Any person completing a body-piercing training or apprenticeship program that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant.

<u>b.</u> Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board; (ii) documentation of completion of board-approved health education to include (a) bloodborne pathogens, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body-piercing; and (b) first aid.

If less than required hours of body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship was completed, an applicant must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship or documentation of three years of work experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board; and (ii) documentation of completion of board-approved health education to include (a) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body piercing; and (b) first aid.

C. In order to receive a license as a body piercer ear only, an applicant must meet the following qualifications: Any individual wishing to engage in body-piercing ear only must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall have completed a minimum of three hours of health education to include bloodborne disease and first aid that is acceptable to the board and provide verification of training on a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both and aftercare of piercing.

21. The applicant shall be in good standing in every jurisdiction where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in another jurisdiction in connection with the applicant's licensed, certified, or registered practice. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure whether he has been previously licensed in Virginia in any profession regulated by the board. The applicant must be in good standing in Virginia and in all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other

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jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection Board Position with a disciplinary action pertaining to services within the respective scope of practice, or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in body piercing.

32. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

43. The applicant shall-must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia body-piercing license laws and the board's body-piercing regulations this chapter.

54. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall-must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant must have completed board-approved health education to include bloodborne disease and first aid and provide verification of training on a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both and aftercare of piercing. 2

#### 18VAC41-60-30. License by endorsement Endorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as a body piercer in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed a training or apprenticeship program and an examination that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may be issued a body piercer license without an examination. The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-60-20 A 1 through A 4.

B. Applicants for dicensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

#### 18VAC41-60-40. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

A Applicants for initial licensure shall must pass an examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

Materialscor GB. The applicant shall must follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include any written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and any instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board

and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

DC. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

ED. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

E. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing the written examination shall be required to retake the examination. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

#### 18VAC41-60-70. requirements for a body-piercing apprenticeship General sponsorRequirements for a Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Sponsor.

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section may be eligible to sponsor a body-piercing apprentice if the person: Any individual wishing to sponsor a body-piercing apprentice must meet the following qualifications:

1. Holds The applicant must hold a current Virginia body-piercing license;

2. Provides The applicant must provide documentation of legally practicing body piercing for at least five years; and

3. Provides The applicant must provide documentation indicating that he is in good standing in all jurisdictions where the practice of body piercing is regulated.

B. Apprenticeship sponsors shall be required to maintain a body-piercer license.

C. Apprenticeship sponsors shall ensure compliance with the 1500-hour Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Program and Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Standards.

#### 18VAC41-60-75. Body-Piercing Temporary License.

A. A temporary license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed body piercer may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure who the board finds eligible for examination. There shall be no fee for a temporary license.

B. The temporary license shall remain in force for 90 days and no subsequent temporary license shall be issued.

C. Any person continuing to practice body piercing services after a temporary license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia.

D. Temporary licenses shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-60-20.

#### 18VAC41-60-80. Salon licenseGeneral requirements for a Salon License.

A Any firm wishing to operate a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon shall must obtain a salon license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia and shall must Materialscont meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed salon in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed-, certified or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any I'd Position

body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose his the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable, may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia body-piercing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

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B. A body-piercing Body-piercing salon licenses or body-piercing ear only salon licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business entity. Any changes in the name or address of the salon shall be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. New responsible management shall be responsible for applying for a new license within 30 days of the changes.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

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1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing

 Description a limited liability company, an or virginia.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or post of the company, or post of the company of the company.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or post of the company.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or post of the company.
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 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation. officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

body-piercing salon license issued by the board.

E. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Fitle 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.

Part III

Fees

F. Mobile salons must have a salon license and provide a physical address. be constr

## 18VAC41-60-90. Fees.

The following fees apply: are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated:

FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through August 31, 2024	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2024, and
Individuals:	A DIT NOS	
Application	SECUE \$90, LEEN	\$105
License by Endorsement	بر ^م (\$90	\$105
Renewal:	\$90 \$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90	\$105
Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee a reinstatement fee
Salons:		
Application	\$165	\$190
Renewal	\$165	\$190
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee a reinstatement fee

#### <del>unas.</del> <u>(Repealed.)</u>

#### Part IV

#### **Renewal and Reinstatement**

#### 18VAC41-60-110. License renewal required Renewal Required.

Board Position All body piercer, body piercer ear only, body-piercing salon, and body-piercing ear only salon licenses shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which they were issued.

#### 18VAC41-60-120. Continuing education requirementEducation Requiremet.

All licensed body piercers shall be required to must satisfactorily complete a minimum of five hours of board-approved health education to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization and aseptic techniques related to body piercing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR during their licensed term. All licensed body piercers ear only shall be required to must satisfactorily complete a minimum of three hours of board-approved health education to include bloodborne disease and first aid during their licensed term. Documentation of training completion shall must be provided at the time of renewal along with the required fee.

#### 18VAC41-60-130. Notice of renewalRenewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the licensee outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice, however, shall not relieve the licensee of the obligation to renew. If the licensee fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

#### 18VAC41-60-140. Failure to renew Renew.

A. When an individual or business entity fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee shall must meet the renewal requirements prescribed in 18VAC41-60-120 and 18VAC41-60-130 and apply for reinstatement of the license by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application along with the required renewal and pay the reinstatement fees.

B. When an individual or business entity fails to renew its license within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

1. The former licensee shall must apply for licensure as a new applicant, shall meet all current application entry requirements., shall pass the board's current examination if applicable, and shall receive a new license.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under an examination exemption, known as grandfathering, pursuant to 18VAC41-60-20 A 6 shall submit a new application showing the individuation the requirements of the applicable examination waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience, previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3), must submit a new application, and pass the required examination.

C. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license is applicable and an additional fee is required.

D: When a license is reinstated, the licensee shall have the same license number and shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

E. A licensee that reinstates its license shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed without interruption. Therefore, a licensee shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

F. A licensee that fails to reinstate its license shall be regarded as unlicensed from the expiration date of the license forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual was licensed.

#### 18VAC41-60-150. Applicants for board approval Board Approval.

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the body-piercing apprenticeship program shall be required provide documentation of satisfactory completion of a minimum of five hours of board-approved lith education to include but not limited to blood borne disease start. B. Any body pierces d to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of a minimum of five hours of board-approved health education to include but not limited to blood borne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body piercing, and first aid and CPR.

B. Any body piercer desiring approval to perform the duties of an apprenticeship sponsor and offer the board's body-piercing apprenticeship program shall must meet the requirements in 18VAC41-60-70.

C. All apprenticeship training shall must be conducted in a body-piercing salon that has met the requirements of 18VAC41-60-80.

## 18VAC41-60-160. Body-piercing apprenticeship curriculum requirementsApprenticeship Curriculum Requirements..

Body-piercing apprenticeship curriculum requirements are set out in this section:

- 1. Microbiology:
  - a. Microorganisms, viruses, bacteria, fungi;
  - b. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases; and
  - c. Characteristics of antimicrobial agents
- 2. Immunization;
  - a. Types of immunizations;
- ends b. Hepatitis A—G transmission and immunization;
  - c. HIV/AIDS:
  - d. Tetanus, streptococcal, zoonotic, tuberculosis, pneumococcal, and influenza;
  - e. Measles, mumps, and rubella;
  - f. Vaccines and immunization; and
  - g. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the body piercer and client.
- 3. Sanitation and disinfection:

  - (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;

  - (6) Decontamination; and

  - b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
  - c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, disinfectants, and fumigants;
  - d. The use of sanitation equipment;
  - e. Pre-service sanitation procedure; and

- f. Post-service sanitation procedure.
- 4. Safety:
  - a. Proper needle handling and disposal;
  - b. How to avoid overexposure to chemicals;
  - c. The use of Material Safety Data Sheets;
  - d. Blood spill procedures;
  - e. Equipment and instrument storage; and
  - f. First aid and CPR.
- 5. Blood borne pathogen standards:
  - a. OSHA and CDC blood borne pathogen standards;
  - b. Control Plan for blood borne pathogens;
  - c. Exposure Control Plan for Body Piercers;
  - d. Overview of compliance requirements; and
  - e. Disorders and when not to service a client.
- 6. Professional standards:
  - a. History of body piercing;

b. Ethics;

- c. Recordkeeping:
- (1) Client health history;
- (2) Consent forms; and

are not to be construed as requisition or official poard position (3) HIPAA Standards (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule);

- d. Preparing station, making appointments, salon ethics:
- (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
- (2) Promoting services of the salon and establishing clientele;
- e. Salon management
- (1) Licensing requirements; and
- (2) Taxes; and
- f. Supplies:
- (1) Usages;
- (2) Ordering; and
- (3) Storage.
- 7. Body piercing: Materials contained in

a. Client consultation;

- b. Client health information:
- c. Client disclosure form:
- d. Client preparation;
- e. Sanitation and safety precautions;
- f. Implement selection and use;
- g. Proper use of equipment;
- h. Material selection and use;

- i. Grade of jewelry; and
- j. Metals to use.
- 8. Body-piercing procedures:
  - a. Ear lobe;
  - b. Helix—ear;
  - c. Concha-ear;
  - d. Tragus—ear;
  - e. Tongue;
  - f. Navel;
  - g. Eyebrow;
  - h. Lip;
  - i. Septum;
  - j. Nostril;
  - k. Male nipple;
  - I. Female nipple;
  - m. Monroe (face cheek);
  - n. Prince Albert (male genitalia);
  - o. Frenum (male genitalia);
  - p. Clitorial hoods (female genitalia); and
  - q. Labias (female genitalia).
- are not to be construed as requilation or offical Board position 9. Virginia body-piercing laws and regulations

## 18VAC41-60-170. Body-piercing hours of instruction and performancesBody-Piercing Apprenticeship Hours of Instruction and Performances.

A. Curriculum requirements specified in 18VAC41-60-160 shall must be taught over a minimum of 1,500 hours as follows: 💉

1. 350 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 of 18VAC41-60-160;

2. 150 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivision 3 of 18VAC41-60-160; and

3. The remaining 1,000 hours shall must be devoted to practical training and the following performances pertaining to subdivision 7 of 18VAC41-60-160:

E	ody-Piercing Performances	
	ear lobe	minimum of 5
	helix - ear	minimum of 5
	concha - ear	minimum of 5
	tragus - ear	minimum of 5
S	tongue	minimum of 5
Naterialis	navel	minimum of 5
W.o.	eyebrow	minimum of 5

lip	minimum of 5
septum	minimum of 5
nostril	minimum of 5
additional piercings of choice	minimum of 50
Total	100

A Board position B. An approved body-piercing apprenticeship program may conduct an assessment of an apprentice's competence in the theory and practical requirements for body piercing and, based on the assessment, give a maximum of 500 hours of credit towards the requirements in subdivisions A 1 and A 3 of this section. No credit shall be allowed for the 150 hours required in ISTURD 25 regi subdivision A 2 of this section.

Part VI

### Standards of Practice

## 18VAC41-60-180. Display of licenseLicense.

A. Each body-piercing salon owner or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must ensure that all current licenses issued by the board shall must be displayed in the reception area of the salon in plain view of the public. Duplicate licenses shall must be posted in a like manner in every salon location where the licensee provides services.

B. Each body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must ensure that no licensee performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the applicable license.

C. Each body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must offer to licensees the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

D. Each body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must maintain a record for each licensee of:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

3. Written declaration of refusal of the owner's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

E. All licensees shall must operate under the name in which the license is issued.

#### 18VAC41-60-190. Physical facilities Facilities.

Materials

A. A body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon must be in a permanent building. which must be in a location permissible under local zoning codes, if any. If applicable, the bodypiercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon shall must be separated from any living quarters by complete floor to ceiling partitioning and shall must contain no access to living quarters.

B. The body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.

CA body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area. that contains at a minimum latex gloves, two 12inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Heath Administration (OSHA)-approved blood spill clean-up kit.

D. Work surfaces in a body-piercing salon, body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must be cleaned with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered, hospital grade disinfectant. Surfaces that come in contact with blood or other body fluids shall must be immediately disinfected with an EPA-registered germicide solution. Appropriate personal protective equipment shall must be worn during cleaning and disinfecting procedures.

E. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, cabinets or containers for the storage of instruments, single-use articles, and other utensils shall must be provided for each operator and shall must be maintained in a sanitary manner.

F. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, bulk singleuse articles shall must be commercially packaged and handled in such a way as to protect the articles from contamination.

G. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, all materials applied to the human skin shall must be from single-use articles or transferred from bulk containers to single use containers and shall must be disposed of after each use.

H. In a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon, the walls, ceilings, and floors shall must be kept in good repair. The body-piercing area shall be constructed of smooth, hard, surfaces that are nonporous, free of open holes or cracks, light colored, and easily cleaned. New physical facilities shall must not include any dark-colored surfaces in the body-piercing area. Existing physical facilities with dark-colored surfaces in the body-piercing area shall must replace the dark-colored surfaces with light-colored surfaces whenever the facilities are extensively remodeled or upon relocation of the business entity.

I. A body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must have adequate lighting of at least 50 foot-candles of illumination in the body-piercing and sterilization areas.

J. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, adequate mechanical ventilation shall must be provided.

K. A body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must be equipped with hand-cleaning facilities for its personnel with unobstructed access to the bodypiercing area or body-piercing ear only area such that the body piercer or body piercer ear only can return to the area without having to touch anything with his hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall must be equipped either with hot and cold of tempered running water under pressure and liquid germicidal soap or with a sanitizing solution to clean hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall must be equipped with single-use towels or mechanical hand drying devices and a covered refuse container. Such facilities shall must be kept clean and in good repair. All facilities must have running water and soap accessible for cleaning of hands contaminated by body fluids.

L. Animals are not permitted in the body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location except for guide or service animals accompanying persons with disabilities or nonmammalian animals in enclosed glass containers such as fish aquariums, which shall must be outside of the body-piercing area or sterilization area. No animals are allowed in the bodypiercing area, body-piercing ear only area, or sterilization area.

M. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, the use of tobacco products and consumption of alcoholic beverages shall must be prohibited in the bodypiercing area, body-piercing ear only area, or sterilization area.

n a body-_i arink will be stor sterilization area. O. In a bosh piercing A. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, no food or drink will be stored or consumed in the body-piercing area, body-piercing ear only area, or

O. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, if bodypiercing or body-piercing ear only is performed where cosmetology services are provided, it shall must be performed in an area that is separate and enclosed.

P. All steam sterilizers shall must be biological spore tested at least monthly.

Q. Biological spore tests shall must be verified through an independent laboratory.

and position

R. Biological spore test records shall must be retained for a period of three years and made available upon request.

S. Steam sterilizers shall must be used only for instruments used by the salon's employees.

#### 18VAC41-60-200. Body piercer and body piercer ear only responsibilitiesBody Piercer Ear **Only Responsibilities.**

offical Board position A. All body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must provide to the responsible management one of the following:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

3. Written declaration of refusal of the responsible management's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

B. All body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must wear clean outer garments, maintain a high degree of personal cleanliness, and conform to hygienic practices while on duty.

C. All body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must clean their hands thoroughly using hot or tempered water with a liquid germicidal soap or use sanitizing solution to clean hands before and after body piercing and as necessary to remove contaminants.

D. All body piercers and body piercers ear only must wear single-use examination gloves while assembling instruments and another pair of single-use examination gloves while providing piercing services.

E. Each time there is an interruption in the service, each time the gloves become torn or perforated or become contaminated, or whenever the ability of the gloves to function as a barrier is compromised:

1. Gloves shall must be removed and disposed of; and

2. Hands shall must be cleaned and a fresh pair of gloves used.

F. Body piercers and body piercers ear only shall <u>must</u> use standard precautions while providing piercing services. A body piercer or body piercer ear only diagnosed with a communicable disease, shall must provide to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a written statement from a health care practitioner that the body piercer's condition no longer poses a threat to public health.

G. Body piercers and body piercers ear only with draining lesions on their hands or face will not be permitted to work until cleared by a health care professional.

H. The area of the client's skin to be pierced shall be cleaned with an approved germicidal soap or antiseptic product according to label directions.

I.H. The external skin of the All client areas to be pierced shall must be cleaned with an approved germicidal soap or antiseptic product according to the label directions. In the case of oral piercings, the operator shall must provide the individual with antiseptic mouthwash in a singleuse cup and shall must ensure that the individual utilizes the mouthwash provided. In the case of a lip, labret, or cheek piercing, procedures described in this subsection for both skin and oral piercings shall must be followed.

s.<u>.</u> II snaving it resistant container. . If shaving is required, razors shall must be single-use and disposed of in a puncture-

K.J. Each body piercer or body piercer ear only performing any piercing procedures in the salon shall must have the education, training and experience, or any combination thereof, to practice aseptic technique and prevent the transmission of bloodborne pathogens. All procedures shall must be performed using aseptic technique.

L.K. An individual, single-use, pre-sterilized piercing needle shall must be used for each client. Single-use disposable instruments shall must be disposed of in a puncture-resistant container.

Board position M.L. Used, nondisposable instruments shall must be kept in a separate, puncture-resistant container until brush scrubbed in hot water soap and then sterilized by autoclaving. Contaminated instruments shall must be handled with disposable gloves.

N.M. Used nondisposable instruments that are ultrasonically cleaned shall must be rinsed under running hot water prior to being placed in the used instrument container.

O.N. Used nondisposable instruments that are not ultrasonically cleaned prior to being placed in the used instrument container shall must be kept in a germicidal or soap solution until brush scrubbed in hot water and soap and sterilized by autoclaving. 0

P.O. The ultrasonic unit shall must be sanitized daily with a germicidal solution.

Q.P. Nondisposable instruments shall must be sterilized and shall must be handled and stored in a manner to prevent contamination. Instruments to be sterilized shall must be sealed in bags made specifically for the purpose of autoclave sterilization and shall must include the date of sterilization. If nontransparent bags are utilized, the bag shall must also list the contents.

R.Q. Autoclave sterilization bags with a color code indicator that changes color upon proper sterilization shall must be utilized during the autoclave sterilization process.

S.R. Nondisposable instruments shall must be placed in the autoclave in a manner to allow live steam to circulate around them.

T.S. Contaminated disposable and single-use items shall must be disposed of in accordance with federal and state regulations regarding disposal of biological hazardous materials.

U.T. The manufacturer's written instruction of the autoclave shall must be followed.

#### 18VAC41-60-210. Body-piercing client qualifications, disclosures, and recordsClient Qualifications, Disclosures, and Records.

A. Except as permitted in § 18.2-371.3 of the Code of Virginia, a client must be a minimum of 18 years of age and shall must present at the time of the body piercing a valid, governmentissued, positive identification card including, but not limited to, a driver's license, passport, or military identification. The identification must contain a photograph of the individual and a printed date of birth.

B. The body piercer shall must verify and document in the permanent client record the client's age, date of birth, and the type of identification provided.

C. No person may be body pierced who appears to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

D. Body piercing shall must not be performed on any skin surface that manifests any evidence of unhealthy conditions such as rashes, boils, infections, or abrasions.

E. Before receiving a body piercing, each client and client's parent or guardian, if applicable, shall must be informed verbally and in writing, using the client disclosure form prescribed by the board, about the possible risk and dangers associated with the application of each body piercing. Signatures of the client, the client's parent or guardian, if applicable, and the body piercer shall must be required on the client disclosure form to acknowledge receipt of both the verbal and written disclosures. Each client and client's parent or quardian, if applicable, shall must be informed verbally and in writing of aftercare for each piercing.

F. The body-piercing salon or temporary location shall must maintain proper records for each client. The information shall must be permanently recorded and made available for examination by the department or authorized agent. Records shall must be maintained at the body-piercing salon for at least two years following the date of the last entry. The temporary location client records shall be maintained by the license holder. The permanent records shall must include the following:

1. The name, address, and telephone number of the client;

2. The date body piercing was performed;

Hical Board position 3. The client's age, date of birth, and a copy of the positive identification provided to the body piercer;

4. The specific type of jewelry used for the piercing and, when available, the manufacturer's catalogue or identification number for the type of jewelry used;

5. The location on the body where the body piercing was performed;

6. The name of the body piercer;

Materials contained

7. A statement that the client has received a copy of applicable written care instructions and that the client has read and understands the instructions; and

8. The signature of the client and, if applicable, parent or guardian.

18VAC41-60-220. Grounds for license revocation or suspension or probation; denial of application, renewal, or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penalty License Revocation, Suspension, or Probation; Denial of Application, Renewal or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee and suspend, place on probation, or revoke or refuse to renew or reinstate any license, or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seg.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if the board finds that the licensee or applicant:

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, refuse to issue, renew or reinstate a license; impose a monetary penalty, place a license on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate; suspend a license for a stated period of time; or revoke, a license issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if the board finds that the licensee or applicant:

1. Is incompetent or negligent in practice, or incapable mentally or physically, unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, to (i) practice as a body piercer or body piercer ear only, or (ii) operate a body piercing salon;

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice body piercing or body piercing ear only;

3. Attempted to obtain, obtained, renewed, or reinstated a license by false or fraudulent representation; Attempts to obtain, obtains, renews, or reinstates a license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates or induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating, any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which body piercers or body piercers ear only may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local Semployee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent in the performance of the employee's duties any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing body piercing as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) or this chapter;

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8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, apprentice's, temporary license holder's, applicant's or responsible management possession or maintained in accordance

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any position advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading; 11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the surrender of a license, certificate or the other invised of the surrender of a license, certificate or the surrender of a license of the surrender of a li other jurisdiction or of any license, certificate, or permit which has been the subject of disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction; Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of any final action or disciplinary action taken against a license, registration, certificate or permit in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States, of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia. Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or quilt;

13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of any convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section;

14. Allows, as responsible management of a salon, a person who has not obtained a license or temporary license to practice as a body piercer or body piercer ear only unless the person is duly enrolled as an apprentice;

15. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practice of body piercing, or the operation of body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon; or

16. Fails to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at any board examination.

## FORMS (18) AC41-60)

Body Piercer Examination & License Application, A450-1241EXLIC-v16 (rev. 9/2023) Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Sponsor Application, A450-12BPSPON-v6 (rev. 9/2023) Materials contail Body-Piercing Apprentice Certification Application, A450-BP SOA-v3 (rev. 3/2015) Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Completion Form, A450-12BPAC-v8 (rev. 1/2020) Body-Piercing Client Disclosure Form, A450-12BPDIS-v2 (rev. 4/2013) Body Piercer Ear Only License Application, A450-1245LIC-v10 (rev. 9/2023) License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (rev. 9/2022)

Body Piercing, Tattoo, Perm Cos Tattoo Experience Verification Form, A450-12BPTATT EXP-v2 (rev. 7/2022)

are not to be construed as regulation or offical Board position Salon, Shop, Spa & Parlor License-Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v17 (rev. 9-<u>2023)</u>

Agenda

Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE-v11 (rev. 9/2022) Individuals - Reinstatement Application, A450-1213REI-v13 (rev. 9/2022) Tattoo-Body Piercing Universal App A450-1231-41ULR-v1 (rev. 7/2023)

Materials contained in this agenda are proposed topics for discuss

## The Legal Defensibility of the NIC Examination Program

Henry L. Sorensen, Ph.D. and Brian M. Syzdek, Psy.D.

## Abstract

Board Position This paper was developed at the request of the National Inter-state Council of State Boards of Cosmetology (NIC). The authors were asked by the NIC Executive Board to provide their professional opinions regarding the validity of the NIC Examination Program. The approach taken by the authors was to first review the purpose of the examination program and its role as part of the licensing process. This initial review, called here the "Legislative Intent Review," was focused on determining what licensing in the Cosmetology industry was intended to accomplish so that the authors could use that context to determine whether the NIC exams were meeting that purpose. Next, the authors reviewed the Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing (AERA, APA, NCME, 2014) and other relevant literature to identify the various requirements for developing for a valid and reliable testing program ("Testing Standards" Review"). Finally, the authors applied the findings of both the Legislative Intent and Testing Standards Review to determine whether the NIC Examination Program was developed according to identified standards. The authors concluded that the NIC examinations had been developed to meet the legislative intent for licensing. They also concluded that the NIC examinations had been developed according to the accepted testing standards in the industry for preparing valid and reliable examinations? In conclusion, the professional opinion of the authors of this paper was that the NIC examination program meets the standards for validity and would be considered "legally defensible" it challenged. Introduction

In the fall of 2022, the Executive Board of the National Inter-state Council of State Boards of Cosmetology (NIC) selected a new vendor to provide test development services on behalf of the Board. NIC had, for more than two decades previous, relied upon a different test development vendor to prepare examinations on behalf of the Board. With this change to a new examination developer came a new opportunity to evaluate the existing status of the NIC program, to determine whether the examinations were still meeting the purposes for which they had been developed.

In mid-July 2023, NIC Executive Board sought an outside opinion on the current state of the NIC Examination program. Given the new testing vendor had now been exposed to the entire examination program, the Board sought answers to two questions:

- 1) Are the NIC examinations properly focused on the purposes of licensure that are identified in existing licensing statutes?
- 2) Are the NIC examinations developed following industry standards for creating valid and reliable (and therefore defensible) examinations?

Materialscont To answer those two questions, the authors employed a three (3) part approach:

- 1) The authors evaluated existing licensing statutes to determine why licenses were created, and whom they were intended to protect.
- The authors identified generally accepted testing standards by which valid and reliable
- Line reliable Line content of the NIC Examination program including Line content of the NIC Examination program including Line content of the NIC Examination program including Line content of the statutes, (c) item banks, (d) item statistics, and other Information to determine whether the examinations were developed to meet the legislative intent of the statutes, and whether they were developed according to the standards. 3) And finally, the authors reviewed the content of the NIC Examination program including

## Why are Licenses Required? (Legislative Intent Review)

In this section we will review the question, "Why are licenses required?" We will focus on what might be called the "legislative intent" of licensing. The reason for focusing on this first is that examinations should be developed to meet a specific purpose. Without a clear purpose, an examination might be developed to achieve some goal other than the objective established through the legislative process. This purpose ensures there is balance in the examination process so that all legislative objectives are met. There are several typical legislative intents in nd are not to licensing.

## Protects Public From Harm

One of the main justifications for licensing a profession is to protect the public from harm, which could include physical injury, disease, trauma, or even financial harm. Potential for licensed practioners to cause harm varies greatly by profession but is present in almost all professions. A historical metric that has been used to assess public harm is the number of complaints against practitioners. Complaints can be indicators of unsatisfactory work, fraud, harm, or malice. One licensing-related study (Shilling and Sirmans, 1988) found that implementation of a new licensing program led to fewer complaints against the licensees, likely due to an improvement in training and screening related to the licensing process. Other studies likewise found that the introduction of licensing led to initial decreases in [consumer] complaints (Kleiner, 2006).

Beyond harm prevention, Michalak (2020) found that licensing could also serve to improve consumer health awareness. For example, the cosmetology services industry, had great potential to promote health awareness, which provided consumers with education about "healthy lifestyle [s] and skin, breast, and cervical cancer prevention" (p. 338). In other words, by increasing the professionalism in the industry, consumers received additional benefits that generated positive outcomes for improving the overall welfare of the public.

## Informs The Public About Who is Qualified

Another argument for licensing is that it helps the pubic screen for competent practitioners. By creating a bar or standard for the qualifications of the licensed professionals, consumers can have greater assurance of receiving the goods or services they are seeking. Without this vetting process, there is an "information asymmetry"—an unbalanced knowledge of the industry and practices between providers and consumers. Licensing helps reduce this disparity by providing offical Board position information to the public that licensed practitioners have demonstrated proficiency in the field. In general, the public holds a favorable view of licensing. In fact, 82% of respondents in a national survey believed that "safety and quality would decline significantly if states ended licensing professions" (Pham, 2016).

#### How are Licensing's Purposes Described in Legislation?

When creating new legislation to enact a licensing law, or during sunset reviews of existing legislation, the impact of the regulations come into focus. Programs are evaluated as to whether the law is meeting its legislative intent (i.e. its purpose). The phrase **Health**, **Safety**, and **Welfare** is one of the most common phrases found related to legislative intent within licensing statutes across the United States. This phrase, "Health, Safety, and Welfare" is intended to describe the protection that the public will receive as an outcome of licensing. A simple Internet search will reveal that this phrase is used in most licensing statutes for Architectsⁱ, Assisted Living Facilitiesⁱⁱ, Child Care Workersⁱⁱⁱ, Doctors^{iv}, Home Care workers^v, Nurses^{vi}, and a myriad of other licensed professions across the country. Additionally, this same legislative intent description, to protect the "Health, Safety, and Welfare" of the public, is included in the licensing definitions for the **Cosmetology** and related fields in the states of Arkansas^{vii}, California^{viii}, Florida^{ix}, Idaho^x, Illinois^{xi}, Maryland^{xii}, Nevada^{xiii}, New Mexico^{xiv}, Texas^{xv}, Utah^{xvi}, Virginia^{xvii}, Washington^{xviii} to name a few.

We focus on the three words in this phrase, "Health, Safety, and Welfare" because they are all important elements of the licensing process and are used widely in licensing legislation. Whether a licensing board uses this exact phrase or another, the legislative intent appears to be the same; that the tools used in determining qualifications of licensees should be linked to these three elements.

Now, not every statute uses these exact phrases. For example, the model legislation found in the proposed national **Cosmetology Compact** uses very similar, though not identical, terminology as it asserts that its intent is to:

"Enhance the abilities of Member States to protect *public health and safety, and prevent* fraud [emphasis added] and unlicensed activity within the profession."xix

The compact's model legislation does not use exactly the same phrase (health, safety, and welfare) as it substitutes the words "prevent fraud" in place of the word "welfare." But, these three distinct elements appear to serve the same purpose: Merriam-Webster's online dictionary presents as one of the definitions of fraud to be:

"A person who is not what he or she pretends to be^{xx}"

This idea, that the public needs to be protected from imposters or those without skill or experience, gets to the heart of protecting the welfare of the public. However, in rebuttal some argue that the "qualitative aspects" of Cosmetology, Nail, or Esthetics services are not g P important; that a "bad haircut" will grow back out, or that the consumer will not permanently harmed^{xxi}. This argument might convince some licensing boards that their job is not to protect the public from inept performance, as long as it is performed in a safe or sanitary fashion. However, fraud is rarely if ever defined based on its permanence (lasting impact on consumer) or the monetary amount that was taken through misrepresentation.

Taken in total, it appears that most licensing statutes, including those in the Cosmetologyrelated fields, are intended to assure the public that those that are licensed:

- will do the work safely
- will protect the health of the consumer
- will be capable of performing the services requested.

We like the focus given by the State of Utah's Office of Professional Licensing Review (OPLR) as we think it conveys what most licensing regulators would consider to be their mission:

"When licensing requirements are properly balanced, consumers have access to qualified professionals, and have a greater trust in those commercial transactions..."xxii

In summary, the purpose of licensing, and hence the licensing examinations used to qualify individuals for licensing, should meet these three-fold purposes (not just one or two of them) so that the consumers or public can have confidence that the work performed will be done safely, that the consumer's health will be protected, and that they can have an expectation that they'll receive what they are paying to receive. Any attempt to reduce the focus of licensing to only one or two of these elements (e.g., science or sanitation) reduces the effectiveness of licensing and does not accomplish all the purposes for which licensing was created.

As we evaluate the validity and legal defensibility of the NIC examinations, we will look to the degree to which these examinations meet each of the Health, Safety, and Welfare needs of the consumers and the licensees themselves. Our purpose will be to see if the examinations are designed properly to allow for this three-fold legislative intent to be accomplished.

# What are the Standards for Establishing Validity for a Testing Program?

In this section, we will focus on the concepts of validity and reliability, and the standards that help achieve these concepts within a test. The purpose of exploring these standards is to help identify, for the reader, those elements to consider when preparing an examination to withstand legal challenges.

Broadly speaking, a test receives its validity through the inferences that can be made about its intended use and its reported outcomes. Tests should measure what they are intended to measure. If the focus of a test is to determine if a prospective licensee is gualified to be a Cosmetologist of Hair Design specialist, then the test should include only those measures that help establish whether the licensee is gualified to perform the requirements of those

occupations. Extraneous test content should be eliminated that is unrelated to establishing licensee competency at the appropriate level. Hence, test content should be focused on the job as it is practiced; not focused on the future developments, the past practices, or the unimportant elements of the profession.

Board Position A necessary component of validity is reliability, or how consistent results of a test are across similar testing conditions. For a test to have valid interpretation it must produce consistent results. A test cannot be said to be valid if it yields different results when administered in the same conditions. However, evidence of reliability is not a sufficient indicator of validity in itself, as a test may produce consistent results, but those results may not accurately represent what the test is purported to measure.

While there is no legal prescription of how validity can be established, there are certainly established precedents and industry standards that can be used to evaluate whether the test is appropriate for its use and therefore would be consider to be valid. The Standards for Educational and Psychological Testing (AERA, APA, NCME, 2014), have been written and revised to articulate various standards for the development and maintenance of examinations, which if followed can result in valid and reliable test creation. Some standards are general in nature, while others focus on the nuances of the different purposes of testing in different settings (e.g., educational, psychological, employment, and credentialing [licensing] settings.) For purposes of this paper, we will focus on standards related to building valid and reliable tests in a credentialing setting. If the NIC tests are to be considered valid and reliable, they will have to meet at least these, and other related, standards

## Defining How the Test Will Be Used (Standard 1.1; AERA, APA, NCME, 2014).

The test publisher should clearly define how the test should be used, including what is its purpose and what interpretation can be made from the outcomes (i.e., passing or failing grades). While this is fairly straight forward, it is not as simple as it sounds. Since testing in the Cosmetology field is designed to assess the technical competence of the prospective licensee, the test needs to be designed to measure a variety of things, and should measure them in relation to how critical each task or ability is in the performance of regular duties. If, however, the test publisher prepares a test that is designed to focus only on one element (e.g., sanitation), it is the responsibility of the test publisher to make that fact known to the public (Standard 1.4. Ibid); that the test is limited and only describes that one feature, rather than covers the entire scope of the license. A limited test can be a valid measure for that one element, but it would not be appropriate to infer that a passing candidate on that test would be qualified in other areas that were not examined.

The early part of this paper focused on the legislative intent of most licensing; that licensing instruments would help assess the capability of prospective licensees to address the health, safety, and welfare concerns of the public. Our evaluation of the NIC tests will focus on whether NIC examinations properly represent the legislative purpose of their use answering the question "Do the NIC tests cover all aspects of the legislative intent of licensing or do they provide insight into just a narrow definition of those qualifications?"

## Tests Supported by Content Validity Require Thorough Definitions of the Content (Standards 4.12, 11.2, 11.13)

Board Position Content needs to developed and validated by individuals that are practicing in the field. This typically begins with the development of a job analysis. This job analysis most often involves surveying existing licensees to determine what it is that licensees do, how often they do it, and how important these tasks or knowledge areas are to being technically competent. As Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) develop test content (test items or questions) in the future, they must refer back to the definition of the job analysis so that every new item or measure that is created links back to the job. Our review will look at whether job analyses were created for the NIC examinations, if experts participated in the development of the job analysis and other test content, and if the test content was properly tied back to the job analysis

## Test Form Difficulty or Passing Points Must Be Set Consistently for the Test Use (Standard 11.16; AERA, APA, NCME, 2014)

Test takers have a right to a fair and equal opportunity to succeed in testing. Test takers should receive tests of similar difficulty, content distribution, and should be graded according to the same standard regardless of when or where they took their tests. To meet this standard, the test publisher must follow accepted practices for setting valid and reliable cut-scores (passing points) that do not vary based on the population taking the test. Additionally, this standard requires that test forms be of equivalent difficulty, so that candidates are not disadvantaged in testing due to receiving a harder form than others. In our evaluation, we will be looking to see whether acceptable cut-score or standard setting processes were used in the creation of the passing standard for each test. We will also look to determine whether a process was in place to ensure that the varied test forms are of equivalent difficulty. Lastly, we will look to see if the testing instrument is set up for consistent delivery and interpretation.

## Tests Should be Consistent and There Should Be Statistical Evidence of This Consistency (Standard 11.16; AERA, APA, NCME, 2014)

Compliance with this and other standards related to statistical performance should be used to determine whether the test is performing reliably. If the results are not consistent, then they are not reliable and the test itself cannot be considered to be valid. We would be looking for evidence that statistical measures were calculated and reviewed by testing experts and by SMEs. We would also look at those measures to see if they met the standards for decision consistency. Finally, we should compare whether testing instruments were being consistently delivered so that the variances in scores could be attributable to candidate abilities rather than the processes used to evaluate the candidates.

To restate the standards described above, researchers (Guion, 1977) recommended that characteristics of an effective test are that:

- 1. Content domains be based on behavior linked to the job and generally understandable and accurately defined.
- Content domains must be relevant to the what is intended to be assessed by the test. In
- 3. SMEs must endorse that domains represent an adequate sample of knowledge, skills,
- 4. Domains must be measurable. Can test items be generated to assess these qualities?
- 5. The blueprint or test plan must be made widely available.

We will describe how these might take place in order to evaluate whether the steps had taken place in the development of the NIC examinations.

## How Would these Standards be Applied in a Test Development Process?

In this section we will describe how the standards described above might influence the test development process. We will then identify the steps that could be taken to satisfy the standards so that the reader can see how the standards might be applied to the NIC examination program.

# Data Collection / Prototype Job Analysis Creation

Most test development begins by asking "what knowledge, skills, or abilities" (KSAs) are necessary to practice as a [insert profession]? Most development processes begin by determining the scope of the license, by breaking this scope into statements that describe the various KSAs. These KSAs can be gathered from a variety of sources. One such source is the U.S. Department of Labor's O*NET Online¹ which provides detailed job summaries for individuals in a profession. On this site, for example, searching the term Cosmetologist will return a list of work activities, tasks, knowledge areas, that have been known to relate to the job of a Cosmetologist. Other sources of knowledge, job skills, or work abilities can be obtained from well-known textbooks in the field such as from publishers Pivot Point[®] or Milady[®] which themselves have been created through the Developing a Curriculum ("DACUM") process (considered to be the job analysis for developing a curriculum). Perhaps the best source of gathering information would be to convene a panel of licensed experts to help define the scope of work for a licensee. We will determine whether this occurred; "Did NIC's development partner base its job analyses using the input from experts across the field regarding what was appropriate and relevant?"

Surveying the Population

¹ https://www.onetonline.org/link/summary/39-5012.00

With a definition of what a Cosmetologist, or other cosmetic arts professional, might do, a field survey would be created and presented to existing licensees across the country. In each survey, offical Board position the existing licensees would be asked to identify how important each task or knowledge area would be for minimally acceptable licensed practioners. Additionally, the survey participants would answer the question of how frequently they currently performed those tasks themselves in their regular work activities. The purpose of asking both the importance and frequency of each knowledge, skill, or ability, would be to help establish the criticality of each element towards accomplishing the goal of protecting the public in all its facets.

When the survey is complete and when the findings are tabulated, a measurement professional (psychometrician) would normally present the survey findings to a subject matter expert (SME) panel. The panel's role would be to discuss and validate the findings from the researchers; to ensure that the most critical elements were included and those less relevant elements were excluded from the test plan. This process helps ensure criterion-related predictive validity that the exam is effective at assessing the knowledge, skills, and abilities that are essential to perform the job competently. We will review the test development summary plans to see if survey data were collected, whether criticality measures were assigned to each task or knowledge area, and whether a committee of SMEs validated that the findings were ind are not appropriate.

## Building the Test Plan

The test publisher will typically build a prototype test plan based on the findings of the job analysis. In this plan, tasks will be separated into those that are most suitable in a performance or practical setting, from those that are best measured in a written or theory setting. These task areas are presented to an SME panel which will debate, negotiate, and finally settle on the appropriate mix of content for each of the examinations. This test plan is typically established for a fixed length of time (3-5 years), and is subsequently reviewed at the end of that time frame to determine whether the knowledge, skills, and abilities are still relevant to current practice. The test plan will balance the exam content to reflect the relative criticality of different content domains, with relatively greater allocation of content towards areas deemed more critical to practice. Our review of the NIC process will include determining whether the test plans (blueprints) could be linked back to the job task analysis, whether the blueprints were reviewed and approved by experts, and whether the NIC examinations were current, meaning the were continually being updated within a 3-5-year cycle.

## Writing Test Items (Questions)

With a test plan and job analysis prepared, the test developer can write or review test items (questions) that match those job specifications. Test questions are designed to be appropriate for the audience, should be easily understandable, and should be accurate. Accuracy is substantiated by surveying the SME panel convened to write or review items, and additionally validated by identifying source reference that support the answer to each item. Continually reemphasizing the requirement that licensing material help ensure public health, safety, and welfare can help ensure this goal is met during item development.

As items are written, a panel of qualified SMEs reviews each item and determines whether the item is appropriate according to the test plan. The panel also evaluates whether there are any flaws in the item (misspellings, misleading elements, or other inaccuracies). Once the panel reviews the items, the new or revised items are placed in a pool designated as experimental or pilot items. These pilot items will be placed on test forms and presented to current prospective licensees. These pilot items are non-scored so that they do not negatively impact a candidate's test score. But, the value of piloting the items is that the performance of each item can be evaluated prior to subjecting the prospective licensees to the item in a scored setting. We will evaluate whether items are being written and revised (as necessary) on a regular basis. We will evaluate whether a final bank of items has been approved for use by SMEs.

## Standard Setting

Each item has its own unique characteristics in terms of content, difficulty, and taxonomy. Selecting a mix of items to be presented on a test form without considering these factors could lead to test forms that are of varying difficulties and hence, unfair to candidates subjected to the hardest of these test forms. To counteract this threat to reliability, test items are assigned estimated difficulties by panels of SMEs through a process known as Standard Setting. In the most common standard setting process, the Modified Angoft² process, SMEs are asked to imagine how 100 minimally qualified (e.g., minimally acceptable, barely qualified) individuals would answer each test item correctly. These individual estimates are combined with other SME estimates to create an "Angoff" difficulty value for each item. Care is taken to emphasize to SMEs to rate material from the perspective of a minimally qualified (acceptable) candidate to ensure the exam is effective at distinguishing between competent practitioners from those who may be a danger to the public. We will evaluate whether standard setting sessions have occurred, whether the test forms are consistent in terms of difficulty, and whether those standard setting sessions have helped to define the passing standard for each examination.

## Test Form Assembly

The test developer will assemble a test form (i.e., set of test questions) using the test plan or blueprint. This test plan will define the number of test items to appear in each test form. The test developer will make sure that only the approved number of items from each topic or subtopic or domain will be selected for the written test forms, and that the required number of performance tasks will be included on the performance or practical examinations.

The test developer will use the existing item statistics in conjunction with the standard setting values (Angoff values) for each item to prepare statistically equivalent test forms. These forms will likely be scaled to values acceptable by the various licensing boards so that the passing standards are consistent across the various test forms or versions of the test.

In evaluating this process, we will determine whether the existing tests are consistent in terms of consistent use of the test plan (i.e., same numbers of items per same topics), that each form

² Insert the Angoff reference citation.

is consistent in terms of test length and test time, and finally that each test form is statistically equivalent or contains scaling parameters to account for differences in test form difficulty.

## Post Test Analysis

Board Position Following administration of the examinations, test measurement professionals (psychometricians), will calculate the performance statistics for each test item used in the examination. These professionals will then present the findings to a panel of subject matter. experts (SMEs) and will identify those test items that have unusual or unexpected statistical parameters (i.e., too difficult, too easy, miskeys, lack of test discrimination, etc). The SME panel will then recommend changes to the negatively performing items and the measurement professionals will make the changes and will then assemble new test forms based using the revised statistical parameters.

In our evaluation, we will determine whether the prior vendor generated performance statistics for each test item. We'll also look to see if the performance statistics influenced item editing or item selection; in other words, "Were the statistics used to inform the decisions about better item creation?" notto

## Test Development Summary

Materialscont

When tests are constructed following these processes, they have a higher likelihood of being both valid and reliable; and best of all, they ability to defend them against legal challenges increases dramatically. Tests that follow these processes end up measuring what they are intended to measure, and they meet the needs of licensing boards to ensure that those that pass the tests demonstrated they have the capability to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.

## Evaluation of Existing NIC Examinations

In November 2022, the authors were first introduced to the test content provided by NIC from its prior test development partner. As the authors migrated the test content into newer testing platforms for subsequent test delivery, exposure to the content enabled us to determine the rigor to which the prior testing vendor had designed, developed, and maintained the NIC examinations on our review of the NIC examination program, we came to the following conclusions:

1. Sob Analyses were prepared and presented to SME committees made up of expert practioners from across the United States. It was apparent that the SMEs were involved in the preparation of these job analyses and that these analyses influenced the surveys that were prepared.

2. Job Analysis surveys were presented to existing licensees across the country and these findings were summarized by the prior vendor and presented to SME committees. Active licensees provided feedback through this survey process related to their use of

the knowledge, skills, or abilities in the active practice of their profession. We noted that the feedback received was converted into a Criticality measure for each of the tasks or knowledge areas in order to establish the relative importance of each task. Tasks that received low criticality were identified for possible elimination from the examinations.

- Test plans were created for each of the examinations based upon the job analysis surveys and these plans were reviewed and validated by SME committees for each exam category. The weighted percentages for each test were set and approved of by the SMEs based on their opinions which were moderated by the survey findings.
- 4. Test items were written and reviewed, and item banks were maintained by the prior test developer. Within these item banks we found that approved items contained historical test statistics, Angoff values (standard setting values), item references sourced to current text books, and subject area coding linking the items to the test plans. We noted that the prior vendor used a piloting process for new items to allow the collection of data without penalty to the candidates. And, we noted that each of the item banks was sufficiently robust to create alternate forms of each test.
- 5. Cut-scores were set by each committee for the examinations being developed. The test developers used a widely accepted Modified Angoff approach for these standard setting meetings, and these ratings were used to influence test form equating and final cut-score setting for each test category.
- 6. Parallel test forms were then created for each license category following the test plans. Each form contained a similar proportion of test items for the various test topics. Additionally, scoring parameters were set to account for potential differences in test form difficulty.
- Tests were periodically reviewed and updated. At regular intervals the prior test vendor convened panels of SMEs to review item and test performance. Problematic test content was reworked or eliminated, and updates to test content occurred on a regular basis.

## Evaluations

Given these findings it is our professional opinion that the NIC examinations were prepared following best practices resulting in valid and reliable examinations which we would consider legally defensible. Additionally, we found that the steps taken to review the content by the prior vendor ensured that the legislative intent of protecting the health, safety, and welfare of the public was met. While many of these examinations were developed at a time when the focus on legislative intent was driving some to focus solely on safety or sanitation, we found that the NIC tests accomplished this task while not ignoring that technique or theory was also still important and practiced in the field.

More recently (July 2023), during a SME panel reviewing test content facilitated by this research team, one of the participating SMEs stressed the importance of ensuring that licensees could "do the work" once they passed the test. In other words, the capability to do the work was still going to be an important component of working safely while protecting the health of the customer. In conclusion, this research team felt that the NIC examination program prepared prior to the research team's involvement in the test development process had resulted in examinations that met the legislative intent of licensing, and likewise felt that the future planning of the examinations would likewise focus on meeting the entire legislative intent of the licensing process.

Board Position

## Postscript: Why Might the NIC Exams Have Been Considered Invalid?

The purpose of this paper was to determine whether the existing NIC examinations "currently" met the licensing intent for which they had been constructed. As described above, the answer to this question is "yes". But, it raised the question as to why some might have felt that the examinations were not currently valid for "licensing purposes". Perhaps the answer lay in history of the program as well as the deregulation push between 2015-2020.

Historically, from what we understand, older NIC examinations (2010-2015) were focused more on the qualitative aspects of Cosmetology or related arts fields than they were on the health or safety; individuals were graded more on what the service looked like than on whether it was done safely, in a healthy and sanitary manner. Competing vendors identified this gap nearly 8 years ago and argued that the tests had strayed from their initial mission; to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Based on older test blueprints as well as older banks of items, we would agree with those conclusions; the older tests appeared to be more focused on the art of each profession and less on the safe practices.

However, as we have reviewed the NIC test blueprints published since 2017 to the present (which includes most all of the NIC exams), we have seen that the focus of the examinations has shifted quite significantly (particularly for the practical examinations) to give more weight to the health (sanitation) and safety aspects of the profession; while at the same time not completely ignoring the tradecraft of the profession.

The table below shows the percentage of test items on the practical examinations focused on the legislative intent of health (sanitation), safety, and welfare (technique).

.9

	Category	Safety	Sanitation (Health)	Technique (Welfare)
	Cosmetology	34%	46%	20%
	Barber	37%	51%	12%
-01	Nail Technician	38%	51%	11%
15	Esthetics	35%	63%	2%
Materials				

From this chart, it is clear that the current focus of the NIC practical examinations is on the Health and Safety, but does not ignore the technique or the outcome of the candidate's performance.

Our review of the Theory tests likewise resulted in our conclusion that these examinations have continuously been adapting to increasing the emphasis on certain concepts while decreasing emphasis on others. For example, in a recent job analysis survey, survey participants indicated the criticality of certain scientific concepts (e.g. anatomy) were not as important to the practice of cosmetology as perhaps it had been considered historically. This was not to say that this and other scientific concepts were unimportant or should not be taught, but rather that their use in determining the minimally acceptable performance level of licensees could be reduced. In summary, the tests do appear to have been adapting to the changing needs of the market, following SME input, and industry best practices for identifying the critical concepts for licensee construed success.

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## Conclusion

The authors of this paper have reviewed the NIC examinations and find them to have been developed according to industry standards. Having had access to all of the test content, all of the statistical analyses, an all of the test development reports, we can conclude that these examinations were developed in accordance with the test standards governing the testing industry. We found that in all cases the development of the NIC examinations involved subject matter experts from across the country both to prepare materials and to validate the findings. In our opinion, NIC's examinations are valid according to the legislative intent in that they cover the three defined facets of Health, Safety, and Welfare. NIC's tests are designed to determine the competency of test takers across the spectrum of the most critical tasks necessary for successful performance in each trade area, and these tasks have been validated by experts for each professional area.

NIC s approach to the deregulation discussions over the past 5-7 years has been to design tests that are more focused on the safety and health that previous version, while not ignoring that licensees should also demonstrate that they know how to perform in their profession (technique). Evidence has been provided to show that the NIC practical examinations are predominantly focused on these issues. NIC has made these changes over many years thus ensuring that the examinations have been and are currently serving the purpose for which they were designed; to aid licensing agencies determine the abilities of prospective licensees to perform the work safely, to consider their impact on the health of their customers, and to know how to perform the work for which they have been hired.

Henry L. Sorensen, Ph.D. Brian M. Syzdek, Psy.D.

### About the Authors:

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  - xix https://cosmetologycompact.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/29/2023/02/Cosmetology-Licensure-Compact-Model-Legislation.pdf



National Interstate Council of State Boards of Cosmetology, Inc. (NIC)

March 19, 2024

Confidential Via Email

Dear Ms. Smith,

Cosmetology, Inc. (NIC) develops and provides National written and ted Professions that are used and intended to be used throughout the

The National Interstate Council of State Boards of Cosmetology, Inc. (NIC) develops and provides National written and practical examinations for Cosmetology and Related Professions that are used and intended to be used throughout the United States, its territories, and protectorates by state licensing entities to determine minimum competency for licensure as cosmetologists, barbers, nail technicians, estheticians, and other such licensed entities.

Pursuant to contract number 222-2019-BARBERCOSMO with NIC (Contract), NIC agreed that PSI Services LLC (PSI) was authorized to provide test administration services to the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Professional and Occupational Regulations (Virginia) for the NIC National written and practical examinations for the Cosmetology and Related Professions (NIC Exams) throughout the term of the Contract.

This communication is to notify Virginia that NIC and PSI have mutually agreed that upon conclusion of the current Contract term of December 31, 2024, or upon an earlier or later date as mutually agreed by NIC, PSI and Virginia, PSI will no longer provide administration of the NIC Exams. In other words, PSI will continue to administer the NIC Exams for the remainder of the Contract, or a different date as otherwise agreed among NIC, PSI and Virginia, but will not administer NIC Exams thereafter.

If Virginia chooses to continue to utilize the NIC Exams under future contracts, NIC's approved test administration vendors will be as follows:

- **Prometric** Authorized to provide Computer Based Testing and Paper and Pencil for the NIC Written and Written Practical examinations, and administration of the NIC Practical examinations.
- **Prov, Inc.** Authorized to provide Computer Based Testing and Paper and Pencil for the NIC Written and Written Practical examinations, and administration of the NIC Practical examinations. Authorized to provide Remote Testing for the NIC Written, Written Practical and the Practical examinations.
- **PCS** Authorized to provide Computer Based Testing and Paper and Pencil for the NIC Written and Written Practical examinations, and administration of the NIC Practical examinations.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly and I am happy to assist. Thank you for utilizing the NIC National Examinations and we look forward to continuing to work with you in the future.

Sincerely,

Susan Colard, Executive Director National Interstate Council of State Boards of Cosmetology, Inc. (NIC) scolard@nictesting.org 803-922-7476 www.nictesting.org

c: Alon Schwarz, Chief Revenue Officer, PSI Services LLC

04/02/2024

Department of State Division of Licensing: changes to rules and updates needed in Cosmetology of official position (Nail Techs more specifically) transfer. I've competed in International Competitions winning 1st and 3rd places in multiple categories. I've worked in many different settings from Las Vegas, NV. to Texas, and my rationale for the following changes are as follows:

As the world changes and technology along with creativity take over increasingly, all other industries are forced to be updated or have a "facelift"! Many of us are "DIY" now, YouTube it! With a market that is over saturated with "Asian/Oriental salons", it has made it difficult for American-manicurists and consumers alike with all the issues it has brought with: mass production, skipping steps in services, human trafficking and forced labor, unsafe products and practices! With such changes that have occurred in my/our industry "nail Techs & beauty" it has caused:

0

1. Lost respect amongst the public (due to illegal or improper practices) as the American nail techs are left to heal clients and educate who have been traumatized by bad practices. Losing public's trust and respect

Recommend: [How to teach or retrain your clients/public what is legal and correct, what to expect, how to protect and what not to expect]

2. Continue to be overshadowed by cosmetologists who do both hair and nails. {most decisions about rules are based on cosmetologists call... however, nail Techs are in our own lane many times i.e. podiatrist office, med spa, no hair dresser present) and many Hair dressers or cosmetologist have not done a set of nails in years ( in this instance they may require training from a Nail Tech or someone who does this in "real time".

3. Nail Techs are the lowest paid and priced in the cosmetology industry and massage therapist industry

And a space of this misleading practice, or left open to being scammed. By addressing the following it will in return add respect, confidence, increased pay options, give nail

Recommendation: require schools to either hire a reflexology specialist to come in and properly train students and fine spas, salons, etc. for charging for this service fraudulently. Educate clients of proper practices. This has been occurring for the last 25 years I have been practicing and it's time to change it! Consumers are already aware of the issue, however we need to better educate the public and due our due diligence with inspections and follow ups.

B. Salons and spas who have unlicensed persons creating services for professionals to perform. I was given a service that read "cold stones for the hot summer to cool your feet and contract your muscles" well... Anatomy and physiology will tell you no one wants their feet tightened. As reflexology and loosening muscles is my specialty, and main source of my money, I was both upset and felt disrespected as a professional.

As of today I work at a spa where management are trying to force the estheticians to perform hand and feet cleaning and massages after facials. The non-licensed managers tell them to "do it anyway". I tell them to refuse and follow Rules and Regulations. We should not have to fight with non- professionals nor should we have to teach them our profession or the rules and regulations. If owners choose to enter into "our" industry they need to be licensed at something or have licensed personnel heavily involved!

Recommendation All services created by a non-licensed person must 1st be reviewed and approved by a licensed professional before being performed on public. Non licensed persons hired as "spa educators or salon educators or managers" may train Licensed staff on facility policies and procedures but "may not" teach or train Licensed professionals on skills, talents, or other professional training approved by governing State unless trained by governing State. Owners must be more involved if they are Nonlicensed in a beauty profession.

C. Asian/oriental salons... more inspections needed increased frequency of inspections. As we American Manicurists see some of the trafficked victims coming through as well, we need "next steps". What to do when a "pimp/John" snatches their victim out of your chair during a service to go back to work? What do you do when the victim is aware you know but refuses to say anything? Etc. real time.

I hear traumatic stories every day from clients of what happened to them at an Oriental spa AKA by public as (chop shops, cheapest services, Chinese salon etc.): nails ripped off of nail beds (client did not report to anyone), severe skin reactions to products (not reported). Products that even I as a nail tech had extreme trouble getting off of the nails (not reported) I know it was an illegal product .

A few years ago I was faithfully going to an Asian/Oriental salon in Round Rock. They hired new people and the person I got was using implements that were not sterile. I asked her to use sterile tools and she 🔗 began to argue with me, then the manager came out and they all started talking in Asian. Not knowing D was a nail tech, they asked me to leave! I did not call TDLR I just left (not reported). Who is actually doing the inspections? I would love to be a part of that team! Again, most of my clients are blind to "rights and wrongs" to nail salons and I am having to calm clients re teach clients and truly educate them on the difference between American salons vs. Asian/oriental Salons without sounding racist or biased! It's not in the public eye enough. I am not trying to be racist and that is not my purpose here. There is clearly an issue that everyone is aware of and it should be addressed promptly. in lec

When I was in cosmetology school there was only 1 Asian/oriental in the entire class! In my second cosmetology school there were zero! I have asked some of them before where they went to school at? Some say their own culture cosmetology school. I took that to mean an Asian school. Where do they come from? Where are they going to school at? where is the "loop Hole" that it is so easy for them to just switch a picture out of a license, sit down and go to work? How is it they are able to do this? How is it the public doesn't know and why don't American nail Techs know? I would like answers to all of these for discussion or All Agenda please. Public awareness needs to increase.

#### D. Documentation!

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As I said earlier, we are in all types of settings! Barbershops, spas, salons, Dr. offices, mobile, nursing homes, med spas, cruise ships, private parties, movie sets, entertainment events etc. and cosmetologists are not always present!

As I work in a retirement community we have electronic documentation which I was never trained on in cosmetology school. I had a female client in memory care, I had notified the nursing staff that her feet were very bad and the podiatrist was not doing what he should have been. I recommended they get a new podiatrist and notify the family. The next month I saw her she had a black spot on one of her toes (infection). The facility never followed up!

Recommendation: have schools teach how and when to document. Did this person have diabetes? Did you cut them? Did bleeding stop? How did client respond? Did you report it to anyone? Etc. Have facility owners who use electronic documentation teach nail Techs how to use and document on their systems, what to report and to whom and when. Require Cosmetology schools to start inviting Nail Tech guests that are currently working in the industry to speak and do Q&A's on current incidents, experiences and trends at least once per graduating class (pre, during, or post class).

#### E. Multi-professionals.

offical Board Position Many cosmetologists have more than one license such as myself! I am also a Licensed Vocational nurse. As I sit and watch the Techs around me, they struggle to understand the body and what they are actually doing or what is taking place with the customer's body. In cosmetology school the body is brushed over lightly. We get consumers with heart issues, circulatory issues, respiratory issues, autoimmune disorders, allergies, etc. Nail Techs should know what their power is! Where their money is!

What is the best massage technique or position for someone with circulation issues to be in?

What works best for your spa/salon/facility equipment? What can you do besides pretty nails? How can you increase your income with proper or upgraded training? The techs around me watch me every day "upgrade" all of my services! Knowledge is power!

Multi-professionals have advanced skills. I work with an RN who is an esthetician, MSN injector, myself LVN manicurist. As such if we were found in a court of law we would not be held hable as a cosmetologist, we would be held to medical professional standards! Knowing these things it is undeniable that we should be making more money and also have a separate category to fall into as professionals.

Recommendation: Add to manicurist curriculum in all schools proper teaching on the body muscles, blood flow, reflexology points dos and don'ts, positioning the pregnant patient, review more medical conditions besides diabetes, how to choose the best facility options for you. Create a position for someone to travel around to the different cities of Texas to teach on these concepts that will change the face of nail Tech industry.

Create a space or a subcategory for multi-professionals who are also cosmetologists or massage therapists. Those nail techs as myself who give medical grade massages should be permitted to legally work in med spas with higher prices for clients who want the advanced skills to heal the body or relieve pain, inflammation, lymphatic drainage etc. I saved a client \$200-\$300 on his Dr. visit for his feet simply by giving reflexology and tuning in with his body's needs. The Dr. would have taken an X-ray said they didn't find anything go see an orthopedic or podiatrist etc. I should have been paid at least the \$150, he didn't even tip close to that. Teaching Nail techs to know their niche and know their skills will help to set and or increase their prices as well as set them apart from the "cosmetologists and DIYers".

Have schools either set up coaching or assessment session for all students or hire someone to come speak and do Q&A on personal development in the industry! Once at the beginning of course and once at the end of their course, this is to see where they are in life & what their goals are. Then help then identify their niche what setting they will do best in and how to last in this industry.

## F. Holistic practices!

Many spas are using the word "holistic" what does this truly mean? My spa defines it as "mind body soul via products used and stones given out"

Others define it as more mind body soul with spiritual practices. As I walk around the spa and see service providers who practice witchcraft, paganism, satanic practices, I can't help but wonder what they are doing when clients lay on their tables for facials or massages. Again, the public doesn't know! I am truly a holistic practitioner in Nursing as well as Manicuring. I have a diploma in ministry and it is very easy for me to tune in to people good, bad or ugly, I sense what is needed more times than none. I watch on the news last week that the Satan worshippers are calling themselves a religious group and should not be discriminated against as they open up after school Satan clubs. How is this going to affect the spa industry? All licensees are not holistic nor do they want to be.

Recommendation: clearly define holistic in the cosmetology industry, apply rules when it comes to spiritual practices

differentiate between a holistic nail Tech and a Nail tech. maybe "manicurists" can be considered more like those you find in "Asian salons" Vs. holistic Nail Techs or Nail Techs who are more inclined to provide proper and safe services by teaching, by integrity and by culture.

I work with a wonderful Vietnamese manicurist, I've asked her questions and I've watched her work. There is much she doesn't know or has not experienced as she came from an "Asian salon" to an American Spa. She does well, no problems but she doesn't make as much money as I do. She doesn't know how to sincerely upscale her clients based on their actual needs {reading body language, listening to their words, mixing the right combinations of position, aromas, pressure, colors, mixed with confidence, environment, assessing their soul and what they are "not" saying} I watch the other nail techs become intimidated, jealous, competitive all because they lack knowledge, training, and confidence in the industry and it's changes

Give 2 choices when applying for a manicuring license, that must be commiserate with the education.

1. manicurist/nail tech does manis, pedis, artificial nail applications. (For many they only go to do artificial nails)

2. Holistic manicurist/nail tech also does reflexology, gets small amount of religious training briefly going over different beliefs and offenses, techniques, product creation, services development, how to advocate for you industry, starting a business in the industry. This will also help the public to make better choices related to self-care and supporting businesses that value life and laws.

## G. Travel or compact!

I am between Las Vegas and Texas a lot! I can work as a nurse in either State, however, to hold a mani license in Texas and 1 in Vegas is costly.

Can we create a way or space for Nail Techs to be able to work in other States without having multiple licenses? Maybe be allowed to hold up to 2 or 3 States or a full compact with other States?

Again, as the lowest paid on the scale, being able to travel and do nails in a salon somewhere would be amazing. I work with celebrities sometimes and production companies. If I needed to fly to L.A. or

Atlanta or wherever to work on a movie set I would like the process to be fairly quick and easy. I worked spas on the strip and I would love to just work there a week or so and come back to Texas or wherever.

I also plan on making the same recommendations in All U.S. States starting with the Larger, hopefully all states will get on board! I hope you find this report/request/complaint useful. Please keen in minimum of this whole process. Speaking at schools. training my industry, it's all on the total Later and the service of the barren of the service of the barren of the service of the barren of the

## Exam Statistics (scores through February 29, 2024)

## Barber

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## Master Barber

- •
- The Master Barber theory exam pass rates for 2024 increased from 2023 averaging 23% (2023 20%) Portugation The Master Barber practical exam pass rates for 2024 increased from 2023 averaging 23% (2023 20%) Portugation The Cosmet i ٠

## Cosmetology

- The Cosmetology theory exam pass rates for 2024 are consistent with 2023 averaging 48% (2023 48%) •
- The Cosmetology practical pass rates for 2024 are consistent with 2023 averaging 89% (2023 90%). •

## Nail Technician

The Nail Technician theory exam pass rates for 2024 decreased from 2023 averaging 47% (2023 54%) •

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The Nail Technician practical pass rates for 2024 decreased from 2023 averaging 78% (2023 81%).

## Esthetician

- The Esthetician theory exam pass rates for 2024 decreased from 2023 averaging 58% (2023 64%). •
- The Esthetician practical pass rates for 2024 increased from 2023 averaging 99% (2023 96%). •

## **Master Esthetics**

- The Master Esthetics theory exam pass rates for 2024 increased from 2023 averaging 85% (2023 73%).
- The Master Esthetics practical pass rates for 2024 are consistent from 2023 averaging 100% (2023 fordiscut 99%)

## Tattoo

The Tattoo theory exam pass rates for 2024 increased from 2023 averaging 100% (2023 83%) •

## Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer

• The Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer theory exam pass rates for 2024 decreased from 2023 averaging 30% (2023 49%)

## **Body Piercer**

- Materials contained from 2023 averaging 78% (2023 74%)

## **Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Current Regulatory Actions** as of April 29, 2024

## Approved by the Governor and pending publication:

		as of April 29, 202	24	
In the Governor	<u>r's Office:</u>			Sitio
None				a stale
<u>Approved by th</u>	ne Governor and per	nding publication:		or offical Board position
VAC	Stage	Subject Matter	Date Submitted for	Notes
			<b>Executive Branch</b>	alla.
			Review	10 ⁵⁵
18 VAC 41-20	Proposed	Amendment to	07/01/2022	Establish a uniform
		the instructor	WIND'	instructor program
		training program	Re-submitted	among licensed
			recommended	cosmetology, barber,
			changes to the	nail, wax, and esthetic
			Governor's office	schools.
		and a	on 07/18/23	

In the Secretary's Office:

None

## At Department of Planning and Budget (DPB)/OAG:

VAC	Stage	Subject Matter	Date Submitted to	Office; time in office	Notes
	6103		Senior Management		
18 VAC 41-20	Proposed	Lower	04/05/2024	10 days as of April 15,	Changes the cosmetology
2	to Final	Cosmetology		2024.	curriculum from 1500 ho
77	<b>*</b>	Training to			to 1000 hours. Revised th
* ained in		1,000 Hours		DPB has a 21-day deadline	number of performances
Sille				to review.	the cosmetology
ont					curriculum.
Public Com	1	1	1	I	
().					

None

## Completed Public Comment and awaiting Proposed Regulatory Stage:

VAC	Stage	Subject Matter	Date Public Comment period begins and ends	ge: Notes
18 VAC 41-20	NOIRA	General review of Barbering and Cosmetology Regulations	Public comment period began on 12/18/23 and ended on 01/17/24	A general review of the barber and cosmetology regulations was necessary due to the Executive Directive Number One (2022). The regulatory review committee ensured the regulations provides minimum burdens on regulants while still protecting the public.
18 VAC 41-50	NOIRA	General review of Tattooing Regulations	Public comment period began on 12/18/23 and ended on 01/17/24	A general review of the tattoo regulations was necessary due to the Executive Directive Number One (2022). The regulatory review committee ensured the regulations provides minimum burdens on regulants while still protecting the public.
18 VAC 41-60	NOIRA	General review of Body-Piercing Regulations	Public comment period began on 12/18/23 and ended on 01/17/24	A general review of the body piercing regulations was necessary due to the Executive Directive Number One (2022). The regulatory review committee ensured the regulations provides minimum burdens on regulants while still protecting the public.
18 VAC 41-70	NOIRA	General review of Esthetics Regulations	Public comment period began on 12/18/23 and ended on 01/17/24	A general review of the esthetics regulations was necessary due to the Executive Directive Number One (2022). The regulatory review committee ensured the regulations provides minimum burdens on regulants while still protecting the public.



- TO: Board for Barbers and Cosmetology
- FROM: Kelley Smith, Executive Director
- **SUBJECT: Executive Director Update**
- DATE: April 1, 2024

## **Application Statistics**

Tregulation or offical Board position The table below outlines the number of applications received per calendar year (Jan 1 - Dec. 31) since 2019 'ec for BCHOP.

2024 ¹	2023 ²	2022	2021	2020	2019
7,500	35,616	40,271	42,021	<b>¢</b> 41,651	45,382
Call Center	<u><b>Felephone Statis</b></u>	tics	da date not to		

## **Call Center Telephone Statistics**

Agendic The table below outlines the number of telephone calls received through BCHOP's call center per fiscal year (July 1 – June 30). dend

-					
$2024^{3}$	20234	2022	2021	2020	2019
2024	2023	2022 0	2021	2020	2017
10.214	33 894	43,063	26.074	11 927	30 187
10,214	33,894	43,0020	36,074	41,037	39,10/

#### Call Center Summary --03/31/24- 03/01/24

	Average Wait Time	Average Speed of Answer	Average Abandonment Time	Average Staff	Number of Calls	Call Duration
BCHOP	00:03:10	00:03:19	00:04:23	1.87	1880	
BCHOP – B	00:02:45	00:02:55	00:04:13	1.87	1581	
SUMMARY -	90:02:59	00:03:08	00:04:16	3.74	3461	00:05:51
s contained in t	•					

¹ As of 2/29/24

² Missing totals for May 2023 and June 2023

³ As of 3/31/24

⁴ Missing totals for May 2023 through August 2023

## **Email Statistics**

The table below outlines the number of emails received through BCHOP's email addresses per calendar year (Jan 1 - Dec 31).

20245	2023	2022	2021	2020 14,580 ed 478 cases:	2010	).
	2023	2022	10.164	2020	2019	Sill
4,667	22,638	28,441	18,104	14,380	11,071	20
						Salo
Board Cas	e Statistics				and the second sec	
	the Board for Bar	bers and Cosmetol	ogy has adjudicat	ed 478 cases:	offic	
D' ' 1'					n or	
Disciplinary					18til01	
Cases –	324; Final Order	s – 236; Consent O	rders – 88	.0	20 ¹¹	
				25	~	
324 dise	ciplinary cases res	sulted in the sanction	ons below:	led.		
	Revocations – 26	7		Stru		
	Suspensions – 1	/		CONT		
	Probation – 5			ve .		
	Fines - \$1,303,40	0	č			
]	Board cost - \$13,0	)50	. 20° . 8 10			
		7	Jen Late			
Licensing		AL AND	Sup.			
C	154	Of.o.	ion do			
Cases – Denied	154		uss dell			
	– 18 onal approvals – 1	die die	or the pass			
Conditio	ollar approvals –	40 ¹	Oro			
		icst	*			
		XOV				
Stakeholde	er Engagement	t & Out of Offic	<u>ce Events</u>			
		58				
During the 2	2023 and 2024 c	alendar years, Bo	ard staff has had	l the opportunity t	to engage with va	rious
akeholders	and participate in	out of office events	Below is a snan	shot of our engagem	ent throughout the	vear

## **Board Case Statistics**

## Stakeholder Engagement & Out of Office Events

During the 2023 and 2024 Calendar years, Board staff has had the opportunity to engage with various stakeholders and participate in out of office events. Below is a snapshot of our engagement throughout the year.

July 2023

1. Universal Licensing Recognition (ULR) rollout.

## October 2023

1. Attended the National Interstate Council of State Boards of Cosmetology (NIC) conference in Albuquerque, New Mexico.

# Materialscon July 2024

1. Presenting at the 2024 VATIE Conference.

## September 2024

National Association of Barber Boards (NABBA) conference in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. 1.



# FOR BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGY KELLEY SMITH, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR APPROVAL OF PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF Ice and the provide the provide of the provide the provided TO: FROM: **SUBJECT:** DATE:

At the August 14, 2023 meeting, the Board approved a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action to initiate a General Review of the Barbering and Cosmetology Regulations. The public comment period on the NOIRA is complete, and it is now time for the Board to adopt proposed regulations. There was no public comment. constri

You will find attached a copy of the proposed language that needs to be adopted by the Board.

If the Board concurs with the proposed regulations, the Board can vote to "adopt the proposed Barbering and Cosmetology regulations [OR as amended if there are changes]." Please come to the meeting prepared to discuss.

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## **Board For Barbers And Cosmetology**

### **General Review of Barbering and Cosmetology Regulations**

Chapter 20

## **Barbering and Cosmetology Regulations**

Part I

## General

#### 18VAC41-20-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board Position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter ascribed to them in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia: 2

<u>"Barber"</u>
"Barbering"
"Barber instructor"
"Barbershop"
"Board"
"Cosmetologist"
"Cosmetology"
<u>"Cosmetology instructor"</u>
"Barbering" "Barbering" "Barbering" "Barbershop" "Board" "Cosmetologyist" "Cosmetology instructor" "Cosmetology salon" "Master barber" "Nail care" "Nail technician instructor" "Nail technician instructor" "Nail technician instructor" "Nail technician instructor" "Physical (wax) depilatory"
"Master barber"
"Nail care"
"Nail salon"
"Nail School"
"Nail technician"
"Nail technician instructor"
"Physical (wax) depilatory"
"School of cosmetology"
<u>"Wax technician"</u>
"Waxing"
"Waxing salon"
Waxing school"
B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings,
unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
"Apprenticeship program" means an approved cosmetology, barber, nail technician, or wax
<u>"Waxing salon"</u> <u>"Waxing school"</u> <u>B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: <u>"Apprenticeship program" means an approved cosmetology, barber, nail technician, or wax technician training program conducted by an approved registered apprenticeship sponsor.</u></u>

"Barber school" means a place or establishment licensed by the board to accept and train students and that offers a barber, master barber, or dual barber/master barber curriculum Board position approved by the board.

"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Clock hours" means a minimum of 50 minutes of supervised or directed instruction and appropriate breaks.

"Credit hour" means a combination of the number of hours in class each week and the number of hours per week in a laboratory by which a school may measure its course work. One unit of credit equals one hour of classroom or online study, two hours of laboratory experience or three hours of internship or practicum or a combination of the three times the number of weeks in the term.

"Direct supervision" means that a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician shall be present in the barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary permit holder or registered apprentice. (i) a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician is present in the barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice: (ii) that a Virginia licensed and certified barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician instructor or a student instructor temporary license holder is present in the barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school at all times when services are being performed by a student, student instructor, or temporary license holder.

"Each and every location" means, for the purposes of schools with multiple suites or classrooms, a single location is one that is enclosed under one roof and all classrooms or suites are within 500 feet of the main office.  $\mathcal{S}$ .0'

"Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Licensee" means any person, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology., as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia.

"Post-secondary educational level" means an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges or by an accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

"Reciprocity" means a conditional agreement between two or more states that will recognize one another's regulations and laws for equal privileges for mutual benefit.

Reinstatement" means having a license or certificate restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license or certificate for another period of time.

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;

2. The partners of a general partnership;

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3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;

4. The officers of a corporation;

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under his that ividual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of second 1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia. "Substantially equivalent exam" means an event ch covers Virginia's second for individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Virginia state institution" for the purposes of this chapter means any institution approved by the Virginia Department of Education or the Virginia Department of Corrections.

"Wet disinfection unit" is a container large enough to hold an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is a bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed. are not to

## 18VAC41-20-15. Gratuitous Services.

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Any individual who engages in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nails, or waxing without receiving compensation, reward, or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous services and is exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.



## Entry

## 18VAC41-20-20. General requirements for a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician licenseRequirements for a Barber, Master Barber, Cosmetologist, Nail Technician, or Wax Technician License.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing shall obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following gualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure, any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if he has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing. <del>The board will decide each</del> case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia barber and cosmetology license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board-approved examination, administered either by the board or by independent examiners.

B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician training program in a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school, respectively, or a Virginia public school's barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician or wax technician program approved by the Virginia Department of Education shall be eligible for examination one of the following programs is eligible for examination:

a. An approved barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician training program in a Virginia licensed barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school.

Materials contained b. A Virginia public school's barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician program approved by the Virginia Department of Education.

c. A registered apprenticeship.

d. Any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant having a minimum of two years experience in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing in the United States armed forces and having provided documentation satisfactory to the board of that experience shall be eligible for the respective examination.

e. Virginia licensed cosmetologists with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the master barber examination; likewise, a Virginia licensed master barber with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the cosmetology

<u>naving been trained as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant</u> technician in any Virginia state institution shall be eligible for the respective examination. 2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia., but within the United States and it territories. Any person completing a barber, master barber waxing training program that is outside outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the substantially equivalent training to be eligible for examination. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training, including out of country training, may substitute five years of work experience for training. Applicants should provide their work history demonstrating five years of experience as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

a. Any person completing a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing training program that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the substantially equivalent training to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant.  $\sim$ 

b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience. Applicants should provide their work history demonstrating three years of experience as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

## 18VAC41-20-30. License by endorsement Endorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician or who is a licensed instructor in the respective profession in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed both a training program and a written and practical examination that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter, may be issued a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician or wax technician license or the respective instructor certificate without an examination? The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-20-20 A. and 18VAC41 20-100.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute five years of work experience for training. Applicants Materialscor should provide their work history demonstrating five years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed an equivalent training program and whose state only utilizes one licensing examination (written or practical) that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may take the other examination (written or practical) in Virginia to qualify for licensure.

C. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

## 18VAC41-20-40. Apprenticeship training Training.

A. Licensed barbers, master barbers, cosmetologists, and nail technicians who train of Apprenticeship Training of the Virginia Department of Labor in a salons who train of the train of th apprentices shall must comply with the standards for apprenticeship. training established by the Division of Apprenticeship Training of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry and the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology. Owners of barbershops, cosmetology salons, and nail salons who train apprentices shall comply with the standards for apprenticeship training established by the Division of Apprenticeship Training of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry.

B. Any person completing the Virginia apprenticeship program in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, or nail care shall be eligible for examination.

B. Licensed barbershops, cosmetology salons, and nail salons where apprentices train must comply with the standards for registered apprenticeship training.

#### 18VAC41-20-50. Exceptions to training requirements. (Repealed.)

A. Virginia licensed cosmetologists with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the master barber examination; likewise, a Virginia licensed master barber with a minimum of two years of work experience shall be eligible for the cosmetology examination.

B. Any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant having been trained as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician in any Virginia state institution shall be eligible for the respective examination.

C. Any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician applicant having a minimum of two years of experience in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing in the United States armed forces and having provided documentation satisfactory to the board of that experience shall be eligible for the respective examination.

D. Any licensed barber or barber student enrolling in a master barber training program in a licensed barber school shall be given educational credit for the training and performances completed in a barbering program at a licensed barber school.

## 18VAC41-20-60. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

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A. Applicants for initial licensure shall must pass both a practical examination and a written portion of the examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any applicant who passes one part of the examination shall not be required to take that part again provided both parts are passed within one year of the initial examination date.

C. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

D.C. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

E.D. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing both a practical examination and a written portions of an examination shall be required to retake both portions. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

E. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

#### 18VAC41-20-70. Reexamination requirements. (Repealed.)

date shall be required to submit a new application and examination fee.

## 18VAC41-20-80. Examination administration Administration.

The practical examination shall be supervised by a chief examiner.

A. The examination shall be administered by the board or the designated testing service practical examination shall be supervised by a chief examiner. B. Every barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician for the designated testing service of the must hold a current Virginia license in bio the designation of the designated testing service of the must hold a current Virginia license in bio the designation of the designation of the designation of the designated testing service of the designated testing service of the designation of the designated testing service of the designation of the designated testing service of testing service of testing service of testing service of testin shall must hold a current Virginia license in his their respective profession, have three or more years of active experience as a licensed professional, and be currently practicing in that profession. Examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board of by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

C. No certified barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, for wax technician instructor who is (i) currently teaching, (ii) or is a school owner, (iii) or is an apprentice sponsor shall be an examiner.

D. Each barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, and wax technician chief examiner (i) shall must hold a current Virginia license in histheir respective profession, (ii) have five or more years of active experience in that profession (iii) have three years of active experience as an examiner, (iv) and be currently practicing in his respective profession. A licensed cosmetology may serve as an examiner for any license type that is included in the cosmetology profession. Chief examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

E. The applicant shall follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

F. Examiners and chief examiners must attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

#### 18VAC41-20-90. Barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, and wax technician temporary permits Master Barber, Cosmetology, Nail Technician, and Wax Technician Temporary License. *.*0

A. A temporary permit license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, respectively may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure who the board finds eligible for examination. There shall be is no fee for a temporary permit license.

1. Licensed cosmetologists may also supervise nail and waxing temporary license holders. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians may also supervise waxing temporary license holders. Licensed master barbers may also supervise barber temporary license holders.

B. The temporary permit license will shall remain in force for 45 90 days following the examination date and no subsequent temporary license will be issued. The examination date shall be the first test date after the applicant has successfully submitted an application to the board that an examination is offered to the applicant by the board.

C. Any person continuing to practice barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing services after a temporary permit license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia. D. No applicant for examination shall be issued more than one temporary permit.

ED. Temporary permits licenses shall will not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-20-20.

## 18VAC41-20-100. General requirements for a barber instructor certificate, cosmetology instructor certificate, nail technician instructor certificate, or wax technician instructor certificate Requirements for an Instructor Certificate.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in barbering instruction, master barbering instruction, metology instruction, nail care instruction, or waxing instruction shall meet the following lifications: in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care or ways and the following master barbering instruction in the prologe cosmetology instruction, nail care instruction, or waxing instruction shall meet the following qualifications: in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing must meet the following gualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, and instructor, respectively, in Virginia and all other every jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, or in the practice of teaching any of those professions. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure since being previously licensed as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, wax technician and nail technician. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barber instructor, master barber instructor, cosmetology instructor, nail technician instructor, or wax technician instructor.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the instruction of barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action;

2. The applicant shall must hold a current Virginia barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license, respectively;

3. The applicant shall must complete one of the following qualifications:

a. Pass a course in teaching techniques at the post-secondary educational level; or

b. Complete an instructor training course approved by the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology under the supervision of a certified barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician instructor in a barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school, respectively; or

e.b. Pass an instructor examination in barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician instruction respectively, administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board; and.

Materials contained in 4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions since being previously licensed as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, wax technician and nail technician:

B. Instructors shall must be required to maintain a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license, respectively.

C. Certified instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license.

### 18VAC41-20-110. Student instructor temporary permit Instructor Temporary License.

A. A licensed barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician may be granted a twelve (12) month student instructor temporary permit license to function under the direct supervision of a barber instructor, master barber instructor, cosmetology instructor, nail technician instructor, or wax technician instructor respectively, under the direct supervision of a certified instructor in a licensed school. A licensed nail technician or wax technician may also be granted a student instructor permit to function under the direct supervision of a cosmetology instructor. No subsequent student instructor temporary license shall be issued. Student instructors must pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

B. The student instructor temporary permit shall remain in force for not more than 12 months after the date of issuance and shall be nontransferable and nonrenewable.

C. No applicant for examination shall be issued more than one student instructor temporary permit.

D. Failure to maintain a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license shall disgualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary permit.

E. Temporary permits shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-20-100.

B. Student instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license. Failure to maintain a barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician license shall disqualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary license.

C. Licensed cosmetologists may also supervise nail and waxing student instructor temporary license holders. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians may also supervise waxing student instructor temporary license holders. Licensed master barbers may also supervise barber student instructor temporary license holders.

D. The student instructor temporary license holder must be associated with both a school and a direct supervisor.

E. Temporary licenses may not issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-20-100.

18VAC41-20-120. General requirements for a shop or salon license Requirements for a Shop or Salon License.

Materialscor A. Any firm wishing to operate a barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon shall must obtain a shop or salon license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following gualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall <u>must</u> be in good standing as a licensed shop or salon in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, <u>certified</u>, <u>or registered</u>. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, <u>probation</u>, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a barbershop, cosmetology salon, nail salon, or waxing salon. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable may be provided as secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia barber and cosmetology license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54,1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of note contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facily evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. Shop or salon licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business. Any changes in the name or address of the shop or salon shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices of failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing portugition of a corporation or limited partnership; and
3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation or limited partnership of Virginia days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license, within 30 days of the change in the business entity, and destroy the license. Such changes include:

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of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

E. Mobile shops and salons must have a shop or salon license and provide a physical address.

E.F. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed shop or salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter. For purposes of a board inspection, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

## 18VAC41-20-130. General requirements Requirements for a school license School License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate a barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician school shall must submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought, obtain a school license in compliance with \$ 54.1-704.2 of the Code of Virginia, and meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed schoof in Virginia and all other jurisdiction where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any barbering, cosmetology, nail, or waxing school or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for **licensure** This includes to monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a barbering, cosmetology, nail, or waxing school.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a barbering, cosmetology, nail, or waxing school. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case

decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as secondary address.

Board position 3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia barber and cosmetology license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of the application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. Barber, cosmetology, nail technician, and wax technician school licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter, shall must not be transferable, and shall bear the same name and address as the school. Any changes in the name or the and address of record or principal place of business of the school shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such change. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The name of the school must indicate that it is an educational institution. All signs, or other advertisements, must reflect the name as indicated on the license issued by the board and contain language indicating it is an educational institution.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Within 30 days of ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school must provide a written report to the board detailing the performances and hours of each student who has not completed the program.

Materials contained DE. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

EF. Barber schools, cosmetology schools, nail schools, or waxing schools under the Virginia Department of Education shall be exempted from licensure requirements.

Provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public. Part III Fees 18VAC41-20-140. Fees. The following fees apply:are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated: AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2000

	The following lees apply are nonrelationable and shall not be protated.				
	FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through August 31, 2024	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2024, and after	WHEN DUE	
	Individuals:				
	Application	\$90	With application		
	License by Endorsement	\$90 PO	and are \$105	With application	
	Renewal:				
	Barber	\$90. 015012	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
	Master Barber	005ed to 705 \$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
	Cosmetologist	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
	Nail Technician	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
~0	Wax Technician	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Materialscon	Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee and \$105 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	

Application	\$110	\$125	With application
License by Endorsement	\$110	\$125	With application
Renewal	<del>\$110<u></u>\$20</del>	<u>\$150\$20</u>	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Reinstatement	<u>\$220*<u>\$40*</u> *includes <u>\$110<u>\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$110<u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee</u></u></u>	\$ <u>300*\$40*</u> *includes \$ <del>150</del> <u>\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$150<u>\$20</u> reinstatement fee</u>	With reinstatement application
Facilities:		Strue	•
Application	\$165	\$190,00	With application
Renewal	\$165	\$190	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee and \$190 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application
Schools:	or dis	str'	
Application	\$185	\$220	With application
Add Program	^{کر (1} \$100	\$100	With application
Renewal	\$185	\$220	With renewal card prior to expiration date
Reinstatement	\$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement fee	\$440* *includes \$220 renewal fee and \$220 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application
18VAC41-20-150. Refun		anata d	
All fees are nonrefund 18VAC41-20-160. Licens A license or certificate	<del>lable and shall not be pro</del> Part I		
Renewal/Reinstatement			

# 18VAC41-20-160. License renewal required Renewal Required.

A license or certificate issued under this chapter shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which it was issued.

#### 18VAC41-20-170. Notice of renewal Renewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the Board position licensee or certificate holder outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice, however, shall not relieve the licensee or certificate holder of the obligation to renew. If the licensee or certificate holder fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license or certificate may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

#### 18VAC41-20-180. Failure to renew Renew.

A. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license of certificate within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for reinstatement of the license or certificate by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application and renewal fee and pay the reinstatement fee.

B. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license or certification within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

1. The former licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for licensure or certification as a new applicant and shall meet all current entry requirements for each respective license or certificate.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under any of the following examination or training waiver provisions, known as grandfathering, shall submit a new application showing the individual met the requirements of the applicable examination or training waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience? and pass the required examination: previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3) years must submit a new application, and pass the required examination.

a. Any person who was exempted from examination for licensure as a barber, as such person was engaged in the practice of barbering on or before July 1, 1966, in any establishment or place of business within which the practice of barbering was carried on by only one barber, and such person filed an application with the board on or before January 1, 1967.

b. Any person exempted from examination as a registered professional hair dresser. as such person was substantially engaged as a hairdresser in Virginia for at least nine months prior to June 29, 1962, and such person filed an application satisfactory to the board on or before July 1, 1963.

c. Any person exempted from training requirements for licensure as a nail technician, as such person had experience or training as a nail technician, and such person applied to the board for examination by October 1, 1991.

d. Any person exempted from examination as a wax technician pursuant to § 54.1-703.1 of the Code of Virginia.

C. The application for reinstatement for a school shall provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school and if the school's records are maintained in accordance with 18VAC41-20-240 and 18VAC41-20-250 by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation. Pursuant to 18VAC41-20-130, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the

expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

<u>C. When a licensed school fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration</u> date, the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.

1. After 180 days, the school must submit a reinstatement application and provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school. Pursuant to 18VAC41-20-130, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee. application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both. 00

2. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disqualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

D. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license or certificate is applicable.

E. When a license or certificate is reinstated, the licensee or certificate holder shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

F. A licensee or certificate holder that reinstates its license or certificate shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed or certified without interruption. Therefore, a licensee or certificate holder shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

G. A licensee or certificate holder that fails to reinstate its license or certificate shall be regarded as unlicensed or uncertified from the expiration date of the license or certificate forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee or certificate holder for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual was licensed or certified. this 20'

Part V

Barber Cosmetology, Nail, and Waxing Schools

1. Hold a school license for each and every location. Any suites or classrooms that are located in a different building or are further than 500 feet from the main office are considered a separate location, and require the school hold an additional license.

2. Hold a salon or shop license if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic.

3. Employ a staff of and ensure all training is conducted under the direct supervision of a by licensed and certified barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician instructors, respectively.

a. Licensed and certified cosmetology instructors may also instruct in nail and waxing programs.

Board Position b. Licensed and certified esthetics instructors and master esthetics instructors may also instruct in waxing programs.

c. License and certified barber and master barber instructors may instruct straight razor shaving on face and neck in a cosmetology school.

d. Instructor programs must be taught by a certified instructor.

e. Any change in instructors must be reported to the board within 30 days of the change.

4. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing.

5. Submit its curricula for board approval. All changes to curricula must be resubmitted and approved by the board.

a. Barber curricula shall be based on a minimum of <del>1,100</del> 750 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

b. Master barber curricula shall be based on a minimum of 400 250 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

c. Dual barber/master barber program curricula shall be based on a minimum of 1,500 1,000 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

d. Cosmetology curricula shall be based on a minimum of 1,500 1,000 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

e. Nail technician curricula shall be based on a minimum of 150 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

f. Wax technician curricula shall be based on a minimum of 115 clock hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-20-220.

6. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the shop or salon in plain view of the public.

7. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the clinic area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

8. Possess the necessary equipment and implements to teach the respective curriculum. If any such equipment or implement is not owned by the school, then a copy of all agreements associated with the use of such property by the school shall be provided to the board.

8. The theory portions of the curriculum may be offered online. Practical instruction must be obtained in a traditional brick and mortar classroom setting.

9. Schools should utilize technologies and practices that are effective in verifying the identity of distance-learning students who participate in class or coursework (such as a secure login and pass code) while protecting student privacy. Educational technologies must be capable of monitoring a student's time and activities.

Materials contained

10. There is a measure of competency (examination) of the information the student is taught online which shall be completed in a traditional brick and mortar classroom.

#### 18VAC41-20-210. Curriculum requirements Requirements.

A. Each barber, cosmetology, nail, and waxing school shall must submit with its application a <u>Ine outline for barbering must include the following:</u> 1. School policies; <u>Distruction, program length,</u> <u>Ine outline for barbering shall include the following:</u> 1. School policies; <u>Distruction and business topics - minimum of 25 hours of instruction.</u> <u>A Board of C. Professional ethics and personal busines</u> 2. State law- and curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, days and hours of instruction, program length, a sample of a final transcript, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for barbering shall include the following:

B. The outline for barbering must include the following:

- a. concorpolicies;
  b. Business and shop management; and
  c. Professional ethics and personal hygiene.
  2. State law, and regulations, and professional ethics; minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  3. Business and shop management: <u>n of 10 ho.</u> <u>n of 10 ho.</u> <u>n of 10 ho.</u> <u>n of 10 ho.</u>
- 3. Business and shop management;
- 4. Client consultation:
- 5. Personal hygiene;
- 6. Cutting the hair with a razor, clippers, and shears;
- 7. Tapering the hair;
- 8. Thinning the hair;
- 9. Shampooing the hair:
- 10. Shaving;
- 11. Trimming a moustache or beard
- 12. Applying hair color;
- 13. Analyzing skin or scalp conditions:
- 14. Giving scalp treatments:
- 15. Giving basic facial massage or treatment;
- 16. Sanitizing and maintaining implements and equipment; and
- 17. Honing and stropping a razor.
- 3. Shampooing, cutting, thinning, tapering the hair with razor, clippers, and shears minimum of 270 hours of instruction.
- a. Client Consultation; and
- b. Styling hair with a hand hair dryer.
- 4. Shaving and trimming a mustache or beard minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
- a. Client Consultation.
- 5. Applying hair color minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
- a Client Consultation.
- 6. Applied sciences minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
- a. Anatomy and physiology;
- b. Skin structure and function;
- c. Skin types;
- d. Skin conditions;
- Materials contained e. Diseases and disorders of the skin;
  - f. Analyzing skin or scalp conditions; and

a. Giving scalp treatments.

7. General sciences - minimum of 80 hours of instruction.

not to be construe

g. Manual facials and treatments;

h. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and

i. General procedures and safety measures.

9. Understanding and maintaining implements and equipment (tools) - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

BC. Each barber school seeking to add a master barber program shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for a barber school adding a master barbering shall must include the following:

1. Styling the hair with a hand hair dryer;

2. Thermal waving:

3. Permanent waving with chemicals;

4. Relaxing the hair;

5. Lightening or toning the hair;

6. Hairpieces and wigs; and

7. Waxing limited to the scalp.

1. Thermal waving - minimum of 20 hours of instruction.

2 Permanent waving and relaxing the hair with chemicals - minimum of 110 hours of instruction.

3. Lightening or toning the hair - minimum of 100 hours of instruction.

4. Hairpieces and wigs - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

5. Waxing limited to the scalp - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

Materialscont CD. Each school seeking to add a dual barber/master barber program shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and

and are not to be construed as requilation or official Board position performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for a barber school adding a dual barber/master barber program shall must include the following:

- 1. School policies;
- 2. State law, regulations, and professional ethics;
- 3. Business and shop management;
- 4. Client consultation:
- 5. Personal hygiene;
- 6. Cutting the hair with a razor, clippers, and shears;
- 7. Tapering the hair;
- 8. Thinning the hair;
- 9. Shampooing the hair;
- 10. Styling the hair with a hand hair dryer;
- 11. Thermal waving;
- 12. Permanent waving with chemicals;
- 13. Relaxing the hair;
- 14. Shaving;
- 15. Trimming a moustache or beard;
- 16. Applying hair color;
- 17. Lightening or toning the hair;
- 18. Analyzing skin or scalp conditions
- 19. Giving scalp treatments:
- 20. Waxing limited to the scalp:
- 21. Giving basic facial massage or treatment; *YIS*
- 22. Hair pieces;
- 23. Sanitizing and maintaining implements and equipment; and
- 24. Honing and stropping a razor.
- 1. Orientation and business topics minimum of 25 hours of instruction.
- a. School policies;
- b. Business and Shop Management; and
- c. Professional Ethics and personal hygiene.
- 2. State law and regulations minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

3. Shampooing, cutting, thinning, tapering the hair with razor, clippers, and shears minimum of 270 hours of instruction.

a. Client Consultation; and

- Materials contained <u>Sb. Styling hair with a hand hair dryer.</u>
  - 4. Shaving and trimming a mustache or beard minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
  - a. Client Consultation.
  - 5. Applying hair color minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
  - a. Client Consultation.
  - 6. Applied sciences minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
  - a. Anatomy and physiology;

b. Skin structure and function:

c. Skin types;

d. Masks;

e. Extraction techniques;

Ager and are f. Machines, equipment, and electricity

g. Manual facials and treatments;

h. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and

i. General procedures and safety measures.

9. Understanding and maintaining implements and equipment (tools) - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

10. Thermal waving minimum of 20 hours of instruction.

11. Permanent waving and relaxing the hair with chemicals - minimum of 110 hours of instruction. .0,

12. Lightening or toning the hair - minimum of 100 hours of instruction.

13. Hairpieces and wigs - minimum of 15 hours of instruction.

14. Waxing limited to the scalp - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

DE. Each cosmetology school shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for cosmetology shall must include the following: Materialscon

1. Orientation:

a. School policies;

b. State law, regulations, and professional ethics;

c. Personal hygiene; and

d. Bacteriology, sterilization, and sanitation.

- 2. Manicuring and pedicuring:
  - a. Anatomy and physiology;
- 3. Shampooing and rinsing:
- 4. Scalp treatments:
- 5. Hair styling:
- 6. Hair cutting:
- 7. Permanent waving-chemical relaxing:
  - a. Analysis;
  - b. Supplies and equipment;
  - c. Procedures and practical application;
  - d. Chemistry;
  - e. Recordkeeping; and
  - f. Safety.
- 8. Hair coloring and bleaching:
  - a. Analysis and basic color theory;
  - b. Supplies and equipment;
  - c. Procedures and practical application;
  - d. Chemistry and classifications;
  - e. Recordkeeping; and
  - f. Safety.
- Materials contained in 9. Skin care and make-up:
  - a. Analysis;

b. Anatomy:

c. Health, safety, and sanitary rules;

d. Procedures;

e. Chemistry and light therapy;

f. Temporary removal of hair; and

g. Lash and brow tinting.

10. Wigs, hair pieces, and related theory:

a. Sanitation and sterilization:

b. Types; and

c. Procedures.

11. Salon management:

a. Business ethics: and

b. Care of equipment.

1.25 requiation or offical Board position or 1. Orientation and business topics - minimum of 45 hours of instruction late not to be const

a. School policies;

b. Management;

c. Sales, inventory, and retailing;

d. Taxes and payroll;

e. Insurance;

f. Client records and confidentiality; and

g. Professional ethics and practices.

2. Laws and regulations - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

3. General sciences - minimum of 55 hours of instruction.

a. Principles and practices of infection control;

b. Safety Data Sheet(SDS);and

c. Chemical usage and safety.

4. Applied sciences - minimum of 40 hours of instruction.

a. Anatomy, physiology, and histology.

5. Shampooing, thising, and scalp treatments for all hair types, including textured hair minimum of 25 hours of instruction.

a. Client consultation and analysis; and

b. Procedures, manipulations, and treatments.

6. Hair styling for all hair types, including textured hair - minimum of 65 hours of instruction.

a. Fingerwaving, molding, and pin curling;

b. Roller curling, combing, and brushing; and

c. Heat curling, waving, and pressing.

Materials contained in t 7. Hair cutting for all hair types, including textured hair - minimum of 125 hours of instruction.

a. Fundamentals, materials, and equipment; and

b. Procedures.

8. Permanent waving and chemical relaxing for all hair types, including textured hair minimum of 115 hours of instruction.

a. Chemistry:

- b. Supplies and equipment; and

- - b. Effleurage and related movements and manipulations of the face and body;
  - c. Cleansings procedures;

d. Masks;

- e. Extraction techniques;
- f. Machines, equipment, and electricity:
- g. Manual facials and treatments;
- h. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and
- i. General procedures and safety measures.
- 14. Makeup minimum of 35 hours of instruction.
  - a. Setup, supplies, and implements;
  - b. Color theory;
  - c. Consultation:
  - d. General and special occasion application;
  - e. Camouflage;
  - _f_Application of false lashes and lash extensions;
  - g. Lash and tinting;
  - h. Lash perming:
  - i. Lightning of the hair on the body except scalp; and
  - j. General procedures and safety measures.
- Materials contained in thi 15. Body and other treatments - minimum of 20 hours of instruction.
  - a. Body treatments;
  - b. Aromatherapy; and
  - c. General procedures and safety measures.

16. Hair removal - minimum of 35 hours of instruction.

a. Client consultation and analysis;

b. Waxing;

c. Mechanical hair removal;

d. Tweezing and threading; and

e. Chemical hair removal.

Board Position EF. Each nail school shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead regulation to licensure. The outline for nail care shall must include the following:

- 1. Orientation: minimum of 5 hours of instruction.
  - a. School policies; and
  - b. State law, regulations, and professional ethics;
- 2. Sterilization, sanitation, bacteriology, and safety; <u>- minimum of 35 hours of instruction</u>.
- Anatomy and physiology; minimum of 15 hours of instruction.
- 4. Diseases and disorders of the nail; minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

5. Nail procedures (i.e., manicuring, pedicuring, and nail extensions); and - minimum of 75 hours of instruction.

6. Nail theory and nail structure and composition - - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

FG. Each waxing school shall submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure. The outline for waxing shall must include the following:

- 1. Orientation: minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  - a. School policies;
  - b. State law, regulations, and professional ethics; and

XX-

- c. Personal hygiene.
- d. Salon management, and
- e. Care of equipment.

2. Skin care theory, structure, composition, and treatment: - minimum of 30 hours of instruction.

a. Analysis;

b. Anatomy and physiology;

c Diseases and disorders of the skin;

d. Health sterilization, sanitation, bacteriology, and safety including infectious disease control measures; and

- e. Temporary removal of hair.
- 3. Skin theory, skin structure, and composition.
- Materials contained in 43. Client consultation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
  - a. Health conditions;
  - b. Skin analysis;
  - c. Treatments;
  - d. Client expectations; and

e. Health forms and questionnaires.

Jed 25 regulation of offical Board position 54. Waxing procedures for brow, lip, facial, legs, arms, underarm, chest, back, and bikini areas: - minimum of 35 hours of instruction.

- a. Fundamentals;
- b. Safety rules; and
- c. Procedures.
- 65. Wax treatments: minimum of 30 hours of instruction.
  - a. Analysis;
  - b. Disorders and diseases;
  - c. Manipulations; and
  - d. Treatments.

7. Salon management:

a. Business ethics; and

b. Care of equipment.

GH. A licensed school with an approved barber, master barber, dual barber/master barber, cosmetology, nail technician, or wax technician program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in the respective profession and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the hours requirements specified in the respective subsection of this section and 18VAC41-20-220.

The school shall must make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript, documentation of hours and performances provided to the student by the school and the successful completion of a board-approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or the number of hours specified in the board-approved curriculum for a specific topic.

I. The instructor curriculum must include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Orientation, introduction to teaching, and professional ethics;

2. Curriculum;

3. Course outline and development;

4. Lesson planning;

5. Classroom management;

6. Teaching techniques:

7. Methods of instruction (including theory and practical instruction*);

8. Learning styles;

9 Learning disabilities;

10. Teaching aids;

Materials contained 11. Developing, administering and grading examinations;

12. School administration;

13. Recordkeeping;

14. Laws and regulations;

15. Supervision of clinic floor; and

16. Practicum teaching.

## 18VAC41-20-220. Hours of instruction and performancesPractical Performance **Requirements.**

hours for barbering, 400 clock hours for master barbering, 1,500 clock hours for dual barber/master barber program and cosmetology, 150 clock hours for nail care, and 115 clock hours for waxing.

B.<u>A.</u> The curriculum requirements for barbering must include the following minimum portion formances: performances: Hair and scalp treatments 18tion 320 Hair services Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses, and semi-permanent color) 35 10⁽⁰⁾ Basic facials 5 TOTAL 370 Hair and scalp treatments 10 Straight razor shaving on face and neck 12 Hair services 285 Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses, and semi-permanent color) 20 **Basic facials** <u>5</u> 332 TOTAL

C.B. The curriculum requirements for master barbering must include the following minimum performances:

	Bleaching and frosting	<del>10</del>
	Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	<del>25</del>
	Hair shaping	<del>50</del>
	Wig care, styling, placing on model	5
	Finger waving and thermal waving	<del>30</del>
	TOTAL	<del>120</del>
X	Bleaching and frosting	<u>20</u>
Scol	Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	<u>30</u>
Materialscoll	Wig care, styling, placing on model	<u>15</u>
Wg.	Finger waving and thermal waving	<u>30</u>

TOTAL	<u>100</u>	
<del>D.<u>C.</u> The curriculum requirements for dual bar following minimum performances:</del>	rber/master barber program mu	ust include the
Hair and scalp treatments		10
Hair styling services		<del>320</del>
Bleaching and frosting		40
Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses,	and semi-permanent color)	JI ²¹⁰ 35
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	~ ⁰	<del>25</del>
Hair shaping	COLE ^{HUE}	<del>50</del>
Wig care, styling, placing on model		5
Finger waving and thermal waving		<del>30</del>
Basic facials and waxings		5
TOTAL		4 <del>90</del>
Basic facials and waxings     Indend       TOTAL     Indend       Hair and scalp treatments     Oral Advertises       Hair services     Indend	-10 ²	<u>10</u>
Hair services	a po	<u>285</u>
Straight razor shaving on face and neck	×	<u>12</u>
Bleaching and frosting		<u>20</u>
Hair coloring (including tinting, temporary rinses,	and semi-permanent color)	<u>20</u>
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing		<u>30</u>
Wig care, styling, placing on model		<u>15</u>
Finger waving and thermal waving		<u>30</u>
Basic facials		<u>5</u>
Waxing limited to the scalp		<u>5</u>
<u>TOTAL</u>		<u>432</u>
E. <u>D.</u> The curriculum requirements for cosme performances:	etology must include the follow	ving minimum
Hair and scalp treatments	10	J
Hair styling	32	<del>.0</del>

Tinting	<del>15</del>
Bleaching and frosting	<del>10</del>
Temporary rinses	<del>10</del>
Semi-permanent color	<del>10</del>
Cold permanent waving or chemical relaxing	<del>25</del>
<del>Hair shaping</del>	<del>50</del>
Wig care, styling, placing on model	5
Finger waving and thermal waving	<del>30</del> ) <del>15</del>
Manicures and pedicures	45
Basic facials and waxings	5
Sculptured nails, nail tips, and wraps	<del>20</del>
Basic facials and waxings Sculptured nails, nail tips, and wraps TOTAL	<del>525</del>
Shampooing, rinsing, and scalp treatments, for all hair types, including textured hair	<u>20</u>
Hair styling, for all hair types, including textured hair	<u>60</u>
Hair cutting, for all hair types, including textured hair	<u>60</u>
Permanent waving-chemical relaxing, for all hair types, including textured	<u>60</u>
hair	
Hair coloring and bleaching, for all hair types, including textured hair	<u>50</u>
Wigs, hair pieces, and related theory	<u>5</u>
Straight razor shaving on face and neck	<u>12</u>
Manicuring and pedicuring	<u>15</u>
	procedures
Individual sculptured nails and nail tips	<u>30</u>
Body and other treatments	<u>5</u>
Makeup.	<u>20</u>
Skin care	<u>15</u>
Hair removal	<u>15</u>
TOTAL	<u>367</u>
F. <u>E.</u> The curriculum requirements for nail care must include the fo performances:	llowing minim
Manicures <del>30</del> 25	
Manicures 3025	

Pedicures	<del>15</del> 20	
Individual sculptured nails and nail tips	<del>200<u>170</u></del>	.01
Individual removals	<del>10<u>20</u></del>	ositie
Individual nail wrapsUV/LED Gel nails	<del>20</del> 20	and P
TOTAL	<del>275</del> 255	Boc
G.F. The curriculum requirements for waxing me	ust include the	following minimum

periormances.			0
Arms		4 <u>2</u>	ilon
Back		<u>21</u>	ouldion
Bikini area		6 <u>4</u>	25
Brows		12	e ⁰
Chest		6 ⁵¹	
Facial (i.e., face, chin, and chee	ek and lip)	6	
Leg	, [*]	3 <u>2</u>	
Underarm	endro ate n	2	1
TOTAL	81 P.9 010	<del>36<u>30</u></del>	
18VAC41-20-240. Records.	NO . N XO		

A. Schools shall <u>must</u> maintain on the premises of each school and available for inspection by the board or any of its agents the following records for the period of a student's enrollment through five years after the student's completion of the curriculum, termination, or withdrawal:

1. Enrollment application containing student's signature and a two-inch by two-inch color head and shoulders photograph;

2. Daily record of attendance containing student's signature;

3. Student clock hours containing student's signature and method of calculation;

4. Practical performance completion sheets containing student's signature;

5. Final transcript; and

6. All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

6. Course descriptions, and

7 All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

B. Schools shall <u>must</u> produce to the board or any of its agents within 10 days of the request any document, book, or record concerning any student, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records, for inspection and copying by the board or its agents. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10day period.

C. Schools shall, <u>must</u> within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, provide documentation of hours and performances completed by the student as required to be maintained by subsection A of this section.

D. Prior to a school changing ownership or a school closing, the school is required to provide to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

A. Schools shall provide, in a manner, format, and frequency prescribed by the board, a roster all current students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior of reporting deadline. B. Within 30 days of ceasing to operations E. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, the school shall provide, within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student.

#### 18VAC41-20-250. Reporting.

of all current students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

business entity, the school shall provide a written report to the board on performances and hours of each of its students who have not completed the program.

A. Each school must provide student rosters to the board quarterly, no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of every year;

1. A roster of all enrolled students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

2. Students who are enrolled but have not begun classes must be included in the report.

3. Rosters must be submitted via a secure link provided by the board on the board supplied document, which will include the students full name, date of birth, program type, date enrolled, the total number of hours to-date, and the date completed, terminated, or withdrawn.

4. Schools with no students enrolled, but the intention of operating, must submit a report to that effect. Schools with no students enrolled that no longer wish to operate should terminate their license in accordance with board regulations.

# Standards of Practice

#### 18VAC41-20-260. Display of licenseLicense.

A. Each shop, salon, or school shall must ensure that all current licenses, certificates, or permits issued by the board shall be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop, salon, or school. Duplicate licenses, certificates, or permits shall must be posted in a like manner in every shop, salon, or school location where the regulant provides services.

B. Each shop, salon, or school shall must ensure that no employee, licensee, student, or apprentice performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the applicable license.

C. All licensees, certificate holders, and permit holders shall must operate under the name in which the license, certificate, or permit is issued.

D. Unless also licensed as a cosmetologist, a barber or master barber is required to hold a separate nail technician or wax technician license if performing nail care or waxing.

E All apprenticeship cards issued by the Department of Labor and Industry (DOLI) shall be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor shall require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DOLI registered apprentice. Proof of apprenticeship registration issued by the applicable agency of the Virginia Department of Workforce Development Advancement (DWDA) must be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor must require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DWDA registered apprentice.

#### 18VAC41-20-270. Sanitation and safety standards for shops, salons, and schools Safety Standards for Shops, Salons, and Schools.

A. Sanitation and safety standards. Any shop, salon, school, or facility where barber, master barber, cosmetology, or nail or waxing services are delivered to the public must be clean and sanitary at all times. Compliance with these rules does not confer compliance with other requirements set forth by federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations as they apply to business operation, physical construction and maintenance, safety, and public health. Licensees shall take sufficient measures to prevent the transmission of communicable and infectious diseases and comply with the sanitation standards identified in this section and shall ensure that all employees likewise comply.

A. Sanitation and safety standards.

Or 1. Any shop, salon, or school where barber, master barber, cosmetology, nail or wax services are delivered to the public must be clean and sanitary at all times.

2. Compliance with these rules does not confer compliance with other requirements set forth by federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations as they apply to business operation, physical construction and maintenance, safety, and public health.

3. Licensees must take sufficient measures to prevent the transmission of communicable and infectious diseases and comply with the sanitation standards identified in this section and must ensure that all employees likewise comply.

B. Disinfection and storage of implements.

1. Each barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nai technician, and wax technician must have a wet disinfection unit at his station and must meet the standards in the definition of wet disinfection requirements. A wet disinfection unit is a container large enough to hold a disinfectant solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination of the solution. The solution must be an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal. Disinfectant solutions shall be used according to <del>manufacturer's directions.</del> A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination and any disinfection solutions must be used according to manufacturer instructions.

2. Disinfection of multiuse implements items constructed of hard, nonporous materials such as metal, glass or plastic that the manufacturer designed for use on more than one client, including clippers, scissors, combs, and nippers is to be carried out in the following manner prior to servicing a client:

a. Remove all foreign matter from the object, utilizing a brush if needed. Drill bits are to be soaked in acetone and scrubbed with a wire brush to remove all foreign matter;

b. Wash thoroughly with hot water and soap;

CR Rinse thoroughly with clean water and dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel;

d. Fully immerse implements into wet disinfectant solution for a minimum of 10 minutes; and

e. After immersion, rinse articles, dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and store in a clean, predisinfected, and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight sealed covered container, or leave instruments in an EPA-registered wet disinfection unit storage solution used according to manufacturer's directions.

Materials contained in 3. Single-use items designed by the manufacturer for use on no more than one client should be discarded immediately after use on each individual client, including but not limited to powder puffs, lip color, cheek color, sponges, styptic pencils, or nail care

implements, or disposable razors. The disinfection and reuse of these items is not permitted and the use of single-use items on more than one client is prohibited.

4. For the purpose of recharging, rechargeable clippers may be stored in an area other than in a closed cabinet or container. This area shall must be clean and the cutting edges of any clippers are to be disinfected.

5. Electrical clipper blades shall must be disinfected before and after each use. If the clipper blade cannot be removed, the use of a spray or foam used according to the  $\infty^{5}$ manufacturer's instructions will be acceptable, provided that the disinfectant is an EPA registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal, and that the entire handle is also disinfected by wiping with the disinfectant solution.

6. All wax pots shall must be cleaned and disinfected with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal and with no sticks left standing in the wax at any time. The area immediately surrounding the wax pot shall must be clean and free of clutter, waste materials, spills, and any other items that may pose a hazard.

7. Each barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, and wax technician must have a wet disinfection unit at his station.

8. Sinks, bowls, tubs, whirlpool units, air-jetted basins, pipe-less units, and non-whirlpool basins used in the performance of nail care shall be maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. They shall be cleaned and disinfected immediately after each client in the following manner:

a. Drain all water and remove all debris:

b. Clean the surfaces and walls with soap or detergent to remove all visible debris, oils, and product residue and then rinse with water;

c. Disinfect by spraying or wiping the surface with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal; and

<mark>d. Wipe dry with a clean towel.</mark> ్రా

7. Foot tubs, whirlpool units, air-jetted basins, pipe-less units, and non-whirlpool basins used in the performance of fail care shall must be maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. They shall must be cleaned and disinfected immediately after each client in the following manner:

a. Drain all water and remove all debris;

b. Clean the surfaces and walls with soap or detergent to remove all visible debris, oils, and product residue and then rinse with water;

c. Disinfect with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal in accordance with manufacturer directions for pedicure units; and

d. Wipe dry with a clean towel.

C. General sanitation and safety requirements.

Service chairs, wash basins, shampoo sinks, workstations and workstands, and back

2. The floor surface in all work areas must be of a washable surface other than carpet. The floor must be kept clean and free of hair, nail clippings, dropped articles, spills, clutter, trash, electrical cords, other waste materials, and any other items that may pose a hazard;

<u>, ut</u> <u>, y with a cli</u> , al sanitation and sa 1. Service chairs, wash b bars <del>shall</del> <u>must</u> be clean; 2. The floor surface in all <del>The floor must be</del> trash, election 3 3. All furniture, fixtures, walls, floors, windows, and ceilings shall must be clean and in good repair and free of water seepage and dirt. Any mats shall must be secured or shall

,ard position

4. A fully functional bathroom in the same building with a working toilet and sink must be available for clients. There must be hot and cold running water. Fixtures must be in good condition. The bathroom must be lighted and sufficiently ventilated. If there is a window, it must have a screen. There must be soap and clean single-use towels or hand air-drying device for the client's use. Laundering of towels is allowed, space permitting. The bathroom must not be used as a work area or for the open storage of chemicals. For facilities newly occupied after January 1, 2017, the bathroom shall must be maintained exclusively available for client use or shared with other businesses in the same building. If the bathroom is shared, the bathroom shall be available for client use and within 200 feet of the entrance and must adhere to all sanitation requirements of this chapter;

5. General areas for client use must be neat and clean with a waste receptacle for common trash;

65. Electrical cords shall <u>must</u> be placed to prevent entanglement by the client or licensee, and electrical outlets shall <u>must</u> be covered by plates;

76. All sharp tools, implements, and heat-producing appliances shall <u>must</u> be in safe working order at all times, safely stored, and placed so as to prevent any accidental injury to the client or licensee;

8<u>7</u>. The salon area shall <u>must</u> be sufficiently ventilated to exhaust hazardous or objectionable airborne chemicals, and to allow the free flow of air; and

98. Adequate lighting shall must be provided.

D. Articles, tools, and products.

Materials contained

1. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall <u>must</u> be used for each patron. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall <u>must</u> be stored in a clean, predisinfected, and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight covered container. Soiled towels, robes, or other linens shall <u>must</u> be stored in a container enclosed on all sides including the top, except if stored in a separate laundry room;

2. Whenever a haircloth is used, a clean towel or neck strip shall <u>must</u> be placed around the neck of the patron to prevent the haircloth from touching the skin;

3. Soiled implements must be removed from the tops of work stations immediately after use;

<u>4. Any multiuse article, tool, or product that cannot be disinfected by full immersion as specified in 18VAC41-20-270.B.2 or cleaned according to manufactures recommendation, including but not limited to natural hair brushes or neck dusters, is prohibited from use.</u>

4.<u>5.</u> Lotions, ointments, creams, and powders shall <u>must</u> be labeled and kept in closed containers. A clean spatula, other clean tools, or clean disposable gloves shall <u>must</u> be used to remove bulk substances such as creams or ointments from jars. Sterile cotton or sponges shall <u>must</u> be used to apply creams, lotions, and powders. Cosmetic containers shall <u>must</u> be covered after each use;

5.<u>6.</u> For nail care, if a sanitary container is provided for a client, the sanitary container shall <u>must</u> be labeled and implements shall <u>must</u> be used solely for that specific client. Disinfection shall <u>must</u> be carried out in accordance with subdivisions B 1 and B 2 of this section;

6.7. No substance other than a sterile styptic powder or sterile liquid astringent approved for homeostasis and applied with a sterile single-use applicator shall <u>must</u> be used to check bleeding; and

7.8. Any disposable material making contact with blood or other body fluid shall <u>must</u> be disposed of in a sealed plastic bag and removed from the shop, salon, school, or facility

in accordance with the guidelines of the Virginia Department of Health. double bagged, labeled as a biohazard, and disposed of in a closed receptacle.

E. Chemical storage and emergency information.

1. Shops, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> have in the immediate working area a binder with all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) provided by manufacturers for any chemical products used;

2. Shop, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area that contains at minimum latex gloves, two 12-inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) approved blood spill clean-up kit;

3. Flammable chemicals shall <u>must</u> be labeled and stored in a nonflammable storage cabinet or a properly ventilated room; and

4. Chemicals that could interact in a hazardous manner (e.g., oxidizers, catalysts, and solvents) shall must be labeled and separated in storage.

F. Client health guidelines.

1. All employees providing client services shall <u>must</u> cleanse their hands with a soap product prior to providing services to each client. Licensees shall require that clients for nail care services shall <u>must</u> cleanse their hands immediately prior to the requested nail care service;

2. An artificial nail shall must only be applied to a healthy natural nail;

3. A nail drill or motorized instrument <del>shall</del> <u>must</u> be used <del>only</del> on the <mark>artificial nail surface</mark> <u>only <del>free edge of the nail</del>;</u>

4. No shop, salon, school, or facility providing cosmetology or nail care services shall <u>must</u> have on the premises cosmetic products containing hazardous substances that have been banned by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for use in cosmetic products;

5. No product shall be used in a manner that is disapproved by the FDA; and

6. All regulated services must be performed in a facility that is in compliance with current local building and zoning codes.

G. In addition to any requirements set forth in this section, all licensees and temporary permit license holders shall <u>must</u> adhere to regulations and guidelines established by the Virginia Department of Health and the Occupational Safety and Health Compliance Division of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry. Workforce Development and Advancement.

H. All shops, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> immediately report the results of any inspection of the shop, salon, or school by the Virginia Department of Health as required by § 54.1-705 of the Code of Virginia.

I. All shops, salons, schools, and facilities shall <u>must</u> maintain a self-inspection form on file to be updated on an annual basis, and kept for five years, so that it may be requested and reviewed by the board at its discretion.

18VAC41-20-280. Grounds for license revocation or suspension; denial of application, tenewal, or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penaltyGrounds for License Revocation,Suspension, or Probation; Denial of Application, Renewal or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee, certificate holder, or permit holder; suspend or revoke or refuse to issue, renew or reinstate any <u>a</u> license, or certificate, impose a monetary penalty, place a license or certificate on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate, suspend a license or certificate for a

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stated period of time; or revoke, a license or certificate issued certificate, or permit; or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if it finds that the licensee, certificate holder, permit temporary license holder, or applicant:

1. Is incompetent, or negligent in practice, or incapable unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, mentally or physically, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, (i) to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician, or te (ii) operate a shop, salon, or schools

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice or teaching of barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing or fails to teach the <u>board-approved</u> curriculum as provided for in this chapter, or fails to comply with 18VAC41-20-210 H when making an <u>assessment of credit hours awarded</u>;

3. Attempts to obtain, obtained, renewed or reinstated a license, certificate, or temporary license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates or induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating, any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which any barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local employee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent, in the performance of his duties, any federal, state, or local taw, regulation, or ordinance governing barbering, master barbering, cosmetology, nail care, or waxing as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed shop, salon, or school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) or this chapter;

8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, <u>certificate holder's</u>, <u>temporary license holder's</u>, <u>applicant's</u>, or <u>owner's responsible management's</u> possession or maintained in accordance with these regulations;

9. Fails to notify the board of a change of name or address in writing within 30 days of the change for each and every license, certificate, or permit temporary license;

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading;

11 Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license, certificate, or permit in connection with a disciplinary action in any jurisdiction or of any license, certificate, or permit that has been the subject of disciplinary action in any jurisdiction; of final action or disciplinary action taken against a license, registration, certificate, or temporary license in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States, of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

Materials contained

plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or quilt;

Board Position 13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of any convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section:

14. Allows, as responsible management of a shop, or salon, or school, a person who has not obtained a license or a temporary permit license to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician unless the person is duly enrolled as a registered apprentice;

15. Allows, as responsible management of a school, a person who has not obtained an instructor certificate or a student instructor temporary permit license to practice as a barber, master barber, cosmetologist, nail technician, or wax technician instructor;

16. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practices of barbering, master barbering, cosmetology nail care, or waxing, or the operation of barbershops, cosmetology salons, nail salons, or waxing salons; or

17. Fails to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at any board examination. 20 andare

FORMS (18VAC41-20)

Barber - Master Barber - Barber Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1301 EXLIC-v18 (rev. 5/2022) 0

Nail Technician - Nail Technician Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1206 07EXLIC-v19 (rev. 5/2022) ò.

Wax Technician - Wax Technician Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1214 15EXLIC-v18 (rev. 5/2022)

Cosmetology - Cosmetology Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1201 04EXLIC-v21 (rev. 5/2022)

Temporary Permit Application, A450-1213TEMP-v3 (rev. 12/2021)

License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (rev. 9/2022)

Individuals – Reinstatement Application, A450-1213REI-v13 (rev. 9/2022)

Salon. Shop, Spa & Parlor License/Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v16 (rev. 9/2022) 20

Salon, Shop & Spa Self Inspection Form, A450-1213 SSS INSP-v2 (eff. 5/2016) Instructor Certification Application, A450-1213INST-v17 (rev. 10/2022)

Student Instructor – Temporary Permit Application A450-1213ST TEMP-v4 (rev. 12/2021)

Materialscontain School License Application, A450-1213SCHL-v18 (rev. 5/2023)

School Reinstatement Application A450-1213SCHL-REIN-v9 (eff. 9/2022)

School Self-Inspection Form, A450-1213 SCH INSP-v5 (eff. 1/2022)

Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE-v11 (rev. 9/2022)

Change of Responsible Management Application, A450-1213CRM-v6 (rev. 12/2021)

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# APPROVAL OF PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD FOR BARBERS AND COSMETOLOGY APPROVAL OF PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD FOR GENERAL REVIEW FOR THE BOARD FOR FOR GENERAL REVIEW FOR FOR FOR GENERAL R TO: FROM: **SUBJECT:** DATE:

At the August 14, 2023 meeting, the Board approved a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action to initiate a General Review of the Esthetics Regulations. The public comment period on the NOIRA is complete, and it is now time for the Board to adopt proposed regulations. There was no public comment. constri

You will find attached a copy of the proposed language that needs to be adopted by the Board.

If the Board concurs with the proposed regulations, the Board can vote to "adopt the proposed Esthetics regulations [OR as amended if there are changes]?

Please come to the meeting prepared to discuss. .d to dis for the solution of the solution of

#### **Board For Barbers And Cosmetology**

#### General Review of the Esthetics Regulations

Chapter 70

**Esthetics Regulations** Part I

#### General

#### 18VAC41-70-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board Position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in Chapter? (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter.ascribed to them in Chapter 7(§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia:

"Board"

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"Esthetician"

"Esthetics"

"Esthetics instructor"

"Esthetics spa"

"Master esthetician"

"School of esthetics"

Dratt Agenda *hen used in this genda* <u>erwise:</u> <u>apr</u> <u>B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings,</u> unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Apprenticeship program" means an approved esthetics or master esthetics training program conducted by an approved registered apprenticeship sponsor.

"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Clock Hours" - means a minimum of 50 minutes of supervised or directed instruction and appropriate breaks.

"Credit hour" means a combination of the number of hours in class each week and the number of hours per week in a laboratory by which a school may measure its course work. One unit of credit equals one hour of classroom or online study, two hours of laboratory experience or three hours of internship or practicum or a combination of the three times the number of weeks in the term. Emerging delivery methodologies may necessitate a unit of undergraduate credit to be measured in nontime base methods. These courses shall use the demonstration of competency, proficiency, or fulfillment of learning outcomes to ensure these courses are equivalent to traditionally delivered courses.

"Direct supervision" means that a Virginia licensed esthetician or master esthetician shall be present in the esthetics spa or esthetics school at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or student.(i) a Virginia licensed esthetician or master esthetician is present in the esthetics spa or esthetics school at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice. (ii) a Virginia licensed and certified esthetician or master esthetician instructor or a student instructor temporary license holder is

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present in the esthetic school at all times when services are being performed by a student, student instructor, or temporary license holder.

Board position "Each and every location"- For the purposes of schools with multiple suites or classrooms, a single location is one that is enclosed under one roof and all classrooms/suites are within 500 feet of the main office.

"Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state or jurisdiction.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Licensee" means any sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia.individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology.

"Post-secondary educational level" means an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges or by an accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public

"Reinstatement" means having a license restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license or certificate for another period of time.

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

- 1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;
- 2. The partners of a general partnership;
- 3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;
- 4. The officers of a corporation

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- 5. The managers of a limited liability company;
- 6. The officers or directors of an association or both; and
- 7. Individuals in other business entities recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as having a fiduciary responsibility to the firm.

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under histhat individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

"Substantially equivalent exam" means an examination administered by the licensing entity which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

Virginia state institution" for the purposes of this chapter means any institution approved by the Virginia Department of Education.

"Wet disinfection unit" is a container large enough to hold an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is a bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed.

#### 18VAC41-70-15. Gratuitous Services.

Any individual who engages in esthetics or master esthetics without receiving compensation, ical Board position reward or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous services and is exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

#### Part II

Entry

### 18VAC41-70-20. General requirements for an esthetician license or master esthetician license Requirements for an Esthetician License or Master Esthetician License.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in esthetics or master esthetics shall must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed esthetician or master esthetician in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as an esthetician. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure whether he has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetician or master esthetician.or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of an applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in esthetics or master esthetics. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable may be provided as a secondary address.

Any plea of nolo Materials of nolo Materials of nolo Materials of nolo

facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board-approved examination requirement administered either by the board or by independent examiners.

B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved esthetics training program or a master esthetics training program in a Virginia licensed esthetics school shall be eligible for the applicable examination. one of the following programs is eligible for examination:

a. An approved esthetics or master esthetics training program in a Virginia licensed esthetics or master esthetics school.

b. A registered apprenticeship.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing esthetics training that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training to be eligible for examination. If less than the required hours of esthetics training was completed, an applicant must submit a certificate, diploma, or other documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent esthetics course and documentation of six months of work experience as an esthetician in order to be eligible for the esthetician examination.

a. Any person completing esthetics training that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant.

b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience. Applicants should provide their work history demonstrating three years of experience as a licensed esthetician or master esthetician in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

## 18VAC41-70-30. License by endorsementEndorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as an esthetician or master esthetician or who is a licensed instructor in the respective profession in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed both a training program and a written examination and a practical examination that are substantially equivalent to those required by this chapter may be issued an esthetician, or master esthetician license or the respective instructor certificate without an examination. The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-70-20 A.

B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed an equivalent training program and whose state only utilizes one licensing examination (written or practical) that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may take the other examination (written or practical) in Materialscori Virginia to qualify for licensure.

C. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

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#### 18VAC41-70-35. Apprenticeship trainingTraining.

A. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians who train apprentices shall <u>must</u> comply with the standards for apprenticeship training. established by the Division of Registered Apprenticeship of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry and the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology. Owners of esthetics spas who train apprentices shall comply with the standards for apprenticeship training established by the Division of Registered Apprenticeship of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry. B. Any person completing the Virginia connectional

B. Any person completing the Virginia apprenticeship program in esthetics or master esthetics shall be eligible for examination. Licensed spas where apprentices train must comply with the standards for registered apprenticeship training.

#### 18VAC41-70-40. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

A. Applicants for initial licensure shall <u>must</u> pass both a <u>practical and</u> written <u>portion of the</u> examination and a practical examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any applicant who passes one part of the examination shall not be required to take that part again provided both parts are passed within one year of the initial examination date.

C. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

D.C. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

E.D. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing both a <u>practical and a</u> written <u>portion of an</u> examination and a practical examination shall be required to retake both portions. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

<u>E. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination</u> date shall be required to submit a new application.

#### 18VAC41-70-50. Reexamination requirements. (Repealed.)

Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application and examination fee.

#### 18VAC41-70-60. Examination administrationAdministration.

A. The examination shall <u>must</u> be administered by the board or the designated testing service. The practical examination shall be supervised by a chief examiner.

B. Every esthetics or master esthetics examiner shall <u>must</u> hold a current Virginia license in his <u>their</u> respective profession, have three or more years of active experience as a licensed professional, and be currently practicing in that profession. Examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

C. No certified esthetics or master esthetics instructor who (i) is currently teaching, (ii) is a school owner, or (iii) is an apprentice sponsor shall be an examiner.

D. Each esthetics or master esthetics chief examiner shall <u>must</u> (i) hold a current Virginia license in his respective profession, (ii) have five or more years of active experience in that profession, (iii) have three years of active experience as an examiner, and (iv) be currently practicing in his respective profession. Chief examiners shall attend training workshops sponsored by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

E. The applicant shall follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and instructions communicated at the site. either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

18VAC41-70-70. Esthetician temporary license Master Esthetician Temporary License.

A. A temporary license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed by the board or hetician or master esthetician, respectively, may be issued only to applicants for initial insure that the board finds eligible for the applicable examination of a temporary license. esthetician or master esthetician, respectively, may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure that the board finds eligible for the applicable examination. There shall be is no fee for a temporary license.

1. Licensed master estheticians may supervise estheticians and waxing temporary license holders. Licensed estheticians may supervise waxing temporary license holders.

B. The temporary license shall remain in force for 45 90 days following the examination date. The examination date shall be the first test date after the applicant has successfully submitted an application to the board and no subsequent temporary license shall be issued.

C. Any person continuing to practice esthetics services after a temporary license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia.

D. No applicant for examination shall be issued more than one temporary license.

ED. Temporary permits licenses shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-70-20.

# 18VAC41-70-80. General requirements for spa license Requirements for Spa License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate an esthetics spa shall must obtain a spa license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia, and shall must meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license: ×0'

1. The applicant, and all members of the responsible management, shall must be in good standing as a licensed sparin Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure, any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any esthetics spare practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetics spa.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of an esthetics spa. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority

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t<del>o issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima</del> f<del>acie evidence of such disciplinary action.</del>

2. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia esthetics license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. Spa licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business. Any changes in the name or address of the spa shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. <u>The firm must notify the board</u>, and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license, within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

E Mobile spas must have a spa license and provide a physical address.

E.<u>F.</u> The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed spa for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter. For purposes of a board inspection, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

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#### 18VAC41-70-90. General requirements for a school licenseRequirements for a School License.

A. Any firm wishing to operate an esthetics school shall must submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought, obtain a school license in compliance with § 54.1-704.2 of the Code of Virginia, and meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

 I. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed esthetics school in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all other jurisdictions where responsible management shall disclose the licensure any discut. licensure, any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any esthetics school or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetics school.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of an esthetics school. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia esthetics license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving mora turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application: and

Sb. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

Materials contained B. Esthetics school licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address as the school. Any changes in the name or the address of record or principal place of business of the school shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such change. The board shall must not be responsible for the

licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's, certificate holder's, or permit holder's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The name of the school must indicate that it is an educational institution. All signs or other advertisements must reflect the name as indicated on the license issued by the board and contain language indicating it is an educational institution.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in business entity. Such changes include: Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. The firm must notify the board, apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

D. Within 30 days of ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school must provide a written report to the board detailing the performances and hours of each student who has not completed the program.

E. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

EF. Esthetics schools under the Virginia Department of Education shall be exempted from licensure requirements.

FG. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter. For purposes of a board inspection, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours. "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

#### 18VAC41-70-100. General requirements for an esthetics instructor certificateRequirements for an Esthetics or Master Esthetics Instructor Certificate.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in esthetics or master esthetics instruction shall must .ee. Materials contained meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall must be in good standing as a licensed esthetician or master esthetician, respectively, in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed, licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as an esthetician. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions since being previously licensed as an esthetician or master esthetician to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions,

revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure whether he has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetician or master esthetician.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in esthetics. <u>Or master esthetics.</u> The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall <u>must provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision account, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action;</u>

2. The applicant shall must hold a current Virginia estheticsesthetician or master esthetician license, respectively;

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> complete one of the following qualifications:

a. Pass a course in teaching techniques at the postsecondary educational level; or

b. Complete an instructor training course approved by the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology under the supervision of a certified esthetics instructor or master esthetics instructor in an esthetics school and pass an examination in esthetics instruction administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board; and

b. Pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions <u>since being previously licensed as an esthetician or master esthetician</u>:

a. All misdemeanor convictions <u>within two years of the date of the application</u> involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of note contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

B. Instructors shall be required to maintain a Virginia esthetician license.

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B. Instructors must maintain an esthetician or master esthetician license, respectively.

<u>C. Certified instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license.</u> 18VAC41-70-105. Student Instructor Temporary License.

A. A licensed esthetician or master esthetician may be granted a twelve (12) month student instructor temporary license to function under the direct supervision of a certified instructor in a licensed school. No subsequent student instructor temporary license shall be issued. Student instructors must pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

B. Student instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license. Failure to maintain an esthetician or master esthetician license shall disqualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary license. I'd Position

C. Licensed estheticians and master estheticians may also supervise waxing student instructor temporary license holders. Licensed master estheticians may also supervise esthetician Board position student instructor temporary license holders.

D. The student instructor temporary license holder must be associated with both a school and a direct supervisor.

E. Temporary licenses may not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18 VAC 41-70-100.

#### 18VAC41-70-110. General requirements for a master esthetics instructor certificate. (Repealed.)

A. Any individual wishing to engage in master esthetics instruction shall meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall be in good standing as a licensed master esthetician in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's practice as a master esthetician. This includes monetary penalties, fines, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as an esthetician or master esthetician.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in esthetics or master esthetics. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this section. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facile evidence of such disciplinary action;

2. The applicant shall hold a current Virginia master esthetician license;

3. The applicant shall complete one of the following qualifications:

a. Pass a course in teaching techniques at the postsecondary educational level; or

b. Complete an instructor training course approved by the Virginia Board for Barbers and Cosmetology under the supervision of a certified esthetics instructor or master esthetics instructor in an esthetics school and pass an examination in esthetics instruction administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board; and

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

ca. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 years of the date of application.

Materials contained in Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

B. Instructors shall be required to maintain a Virginia master esthetician license.

### Part III

#### Fees

## 18VAC41-70-120. Fees.

	Fee	es		
18VAC41-70-120. Fees The following fees-a	<b>s.</b> <del>apply:</del> are nonrefundable al	nd shall not b <u>e prorated:</u>		>
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through and August 31, 2024	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2024, and after	WHEN DUE FICO	30 ³¹⁰
Individuals:			ullatio.	
Application	\$90	\$105	With application	
License by Endorsement	\$90	\$105 on ^{strue}	With application	
Renewal	\$90	\$105	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee and \$105 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	
Instructors:Instructor C	<u>Sertificate:</u>			
Application	\$110 \$110	\$125	With application	
License by Endorsement	\$110	\$125	With application	
Renewal	<u>\$110<u>\$20</u></u>	\$1 <del>5</del> 0 <u>\$20</u>	With renewal card prior to expiration date	

Reinstatement	\$ <u>220*\$40*</u> *includes <u>\$110\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$110\$20</u> reinstatement fee	\$300* <u>\$40*</u> *includes <u>\$150\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$150\$20</u> reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	8031d 90
Spas:			, office	
Application	\$165	\$190	With application	
Renewal	\$165	\$190	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee and \$190 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	
Schools:	Oro sic	all da		
Application	\$185 iscut	\$1. PO \$220	With application	
Renewal	5 ⁶⁶ \$185	\$220	With renewal card prior to expiration date	
Reinstatement	\$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement fee	\$440* *includes \$220 renewal fee and \$220 reinstatement fee	With reinstatement application	
18VAC41-70-130. Refu	inds. <u>(Repealed.)</u> ndable and shall not be pi	rorated.		,
All fees are nonrefu				

#### Part IV

#### Renewal/Reinstatement

#### 18VAC41-70-140. License renewal required Renewal Required.

Board position A license or certificate issued under this chapter shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which it was issued.

#### 18VAC41-70-150. Notice of renewalRenewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the licensee or certificate holder outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice. however, shall not relieve the licensee or certificate holder of the obligation to renew? If the licensee or certificate holder fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

#### 18VAC41-70-160. Failure to renewRenew.

A. When a licensee individual or business entity fails to renew its license or certificate within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for reinstatement of the license by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application and pay the renewal fee and reinstatement fee.

B. When a licensee individual or business entity fails to renewits license or certification within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

1. The former licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for licensure or certification as a new applicant and shall meet all current entry requirements for each respective license or certificate. Individuals applying for licensure under this section shall be eligible to apply for a temporary license from the board under 18VAC41-70-70.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under an examination exemption, known as grandfathering, pursuant to § 54.1-703.3 of the Code of Virginia shall submit a new application showing the individual met the requirements of the applicable examination waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience, and pass the required examination previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3) years must submit a new application and pass the required examination.

C. The application for reinstatement for a school shall must provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school and if the school's records are maintained in accordance with 18VAC41-70-230 and 18VAC41-70-240 Upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license, require requalification, or both. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified Materialscori from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

C. When a licensed school fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.

1. After 180 days, the school must submit a reinstatement application and must provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a statement that all students

currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. After 180 days, reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school. Pursuant to 18VAC41-70-90, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both.

2. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disqualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

D. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license is applicable and an additional fee is required. 00

E. When a license is reinstated, the licensee shall have the same license number and shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the previous expiration date of the license.

E. When a license or certificate is reinstated, the licensee or certificate holder shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

F. A licensee or certificate holder that reinstates its license or certificate shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed without interruption. Therefore, a licensee or certificate holder shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

G. A licensee or certificate holder that fails to reinstate its license or certificate shall be regarded as unlicensed or uncertified from the expiration date of the license or certificate forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee or certificate holder for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual or business entity was licensed or certified.

Part V

**Esthetics Schools** 

#### 18VAC41-70-180. General requirements Requirements.

An esthetics school shall must:

1. Hold a school license for each and every location. Any suites or classrooms that are located in a different building or are further than 500 feet from the main office are considered a separate location, and require the school hold an additional license.

2. Hold a spa license if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic.

3. For esthetics courses, employ a staff of licensed and certified esthetics instructors or licensed and certified master esthetics instructors.

3. Employ and ensure all training is conducted under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified esthetics instructors or master esthetics instructors, respectively.

a. Licensed and certified esthetics instructors and master esthetics instructors may also instruct a waxing program.

b. Licensed and certified master esthetics instructors may also instruct an esthetics program.

Materials contained c. Instructor programs must be taught by a certified instructor.

d. Any change in instructors shall be reported to the board within 30 days of the change.

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4. For master esthetics courses, employ a staff of licensed and certified master esthetics instructors.

54. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in esthetics and master esthetics.

65. Submit its curricula for board approval. Esthetician curricula shall must be based on a minimum of 600 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-70-190.B. Master esthetician curricula shall must be based on a minimum of 600 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in $\infty^{\circ}$ accordance with 18VAC41-70-190 C18VAC41-70-190.C. All changes to curricula must be resubmitted and approved by the board.

76. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the spa in plain view of the public.

87. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the clinic area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

9. Complete practical instruction in the school's clinic area.

8. The theory portions of the curriculum may be offered online. Practical instruction must be obtained in a traditional brick and mortar classroom setting

9. Schools should utilize technologies and practices that are effective in verifying the identity of distance-learning students who participate in class or coursework (such as a secure login and pass code) while protecting student privacy. Educational technologies must be capable of monitoring a student's time and activities.

10. There is a measure of competency (examination) of the information the student is taught online which shall be completed in a traditional brick and mortar classroom.

#### 18VAC41-70-190. Curriculum and hours of instruction requirements Hours of Instruction **Requirements.**

A. Each esthetics school shall must submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lessons plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, days and hours of instruction, program length, a sample of a final transcript, and a breakdown of hours or credit hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure or certification. In addition, if a school awards credit in accordance with subsection D of this section, the school shall submit copies of the assessment policy, method of evaluation of transcripts and the examination to be used in making the assessment.

B. The esthetics curriculum and hours of instruction in this technology shall consist of 600 hours or equivalent credit hours and shall include the following: The outline for esthetics must include the following:

1. Orientation and business topics - minimum of 25 hours of instruction.

a School policies;

, wb. Management;

- c. Sales, inventory, and retailing;
- d. Taxes and payroll;
- e. Insurance;
- f. Client records and confidentiality; and
- g. Professional ethics and practices.
- 2. Laws and regulations minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
- Materials contained in 3. General sciences - minimum of 80 hours of instruction.
  - a. Bacteriology;

I'd Position

- b. Microorganisms;
- c. Infection control, disinfection, sterilization;
- d. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements;
- e. Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS);
- f. General procedures and safety measures;
- g. Cosmetic chemistry;
- h. Products and ingredients; and
- i. Nutrition.
- 4. Applied sciences minimum of 95 hours of instruction.
  - a. Anatomy and physiology;
  - b. Skin structure and function;
  - c. Skin types;
  - d. Skin conditions: and
  - e. Diseases and disorders of the skin.
- 5. Skin care minimum of 255 hours of instruction.
  - a. Health screening;
  - b. Skin analysis and consultation;
- to be construed as requilation or official Board position c. Effleurage and related movements and manipulations of the face and body;
  - d. Cleansings procedures;
  - e. Masks;
  - f. Extraction techniques;
  - g. Machines, equipment, and electricity
  - h. Manual facials and treatments;
  - i. Machine, electrical facials, and treatments; and
  - j. General procedures and safety measures.
- 6. Makeup minimum of 65 hours of instruction.
  - a. Setup, supplies, and implements;
  - b. Color theory;
  - c. Consultation;
  - d. General and special occasion application;
  - e. Camouflage;
  - f. Application of false lashes and lash extensions;
  - g. Lash and tinting;
  - h. Lash perming;
  - i. Lightning of the hair on body except scalp; and
  - j. General procedures and safety measures.
- Materials contained in thi 7. Body and other treatments - minimum of 20 hours of instruction.
  - a. Body treatments;
  - b. Body wraps;
  - c. Body masks;
  - d. Body scrubs;

- e. Aromatherapy; and
- f. General procedures and safety measures.
- 8. Hair removal minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
  - a. Types of hair removal;
  - b. Wax types;
  - c. Tweezing;
  - d. Chemical hair removal:
  - e. Mechanical hair removal: and
  - f. General procedures and safety measures.

or offical Board position C. The master esthetics curriculum and hours of instruction in this technology shall consist of 600 hours or equivalent credit hours and shall include the following: The outline for master esthetics must include the following:

1. Orientation, advanced business subjects, and infection control - minimum of 45 hours , be construed of instruction.

- a. School policies and procedures;
- b. Professional ethics and practices;
- c. Ethics and professional conduct;
- d. Insurance and liability issues;

e. Confidentiality and Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule (HIPAA);

- f. Client records and documentation;
- g. Microbiology and bacteriology;
- h. Infection control, disinfection, and sterilization;

i. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA); and Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS); and

- j. Personal protective equipment.
- 2. State laws, rules and regulations minimum of 10 hours of instruction.
- 3. Advanced anatomy and physiology minimum of 65 hours of instruction.
  - a. Advanced anatomy and physiology;
  - b. Advanced skin structure and functions;
  - c. Advanced skin typing and conditions;
  - d. Advanced disease and disorders;
  - e. Advanced cosmetic ingredients;
  - f. Pharmacology; and

Materials contained in

- g. Advanced homecare.
- 4. Advanced skin care and advanced modalities minimum of 90 hours of instruction.
  - a. Introduction to microdermabrasion and dermaplaning;
  - b. Indications and contraindications for crystal microdermabrasion;
  - c. General procedures and safety measures for crystal microdermabrasion;

d. Indications and contraindications for crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning;

e. General procedures and safety measures for crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning; Board position

f. Equipment safety: crystal and crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning;

g. Waste disposal, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA);

h. Introduction to microdermabrasion techniques and proper protocols;

i. Machine parts, operation, protocols, care, waste disposal, and safety;

j. Practical application and consultation for crystal microdermabrasion;

k. Practical application and consultation for crystal-free microdermabrasion and dermaplaning; and 10

I. Pretreatment and posttreatment for microdermabrasion.

5. Advanced procedures and chemical exfoliation - minimum of 270 hours of instruction.

a. Advanced skin analysis and consultation and health screening and documentation; b. Advanced procedures, light treatments, light-emitting diode (LED), intense pulsed

light device (IPL);

Materials contained in

c. Advanced manual, machine, and electric treatments, microcurrent, and ultrasound;

d. Introduction to chemical exfoliation and peels of the epidermis;

e. Fundamentals of skin care associated with chemical exfoliation and peels and wound healing;

f. Pretreatment and posttreatment for chemical exfoliation and peels;

g. Assessing suitability and predicting chemical exfoliation efficacy;

h. General practical application and consultation protocols;

i. Practical application and consultation for enzymes, herbal exfoliations, and vitaminbased peels:

j. Indications and contraindications for enzymes, herbal exfoliations, and vitaminbased peels;

k. General procedures and safety measures for herbal exfoliations, and vitamin-based peels;

I. Pretreatments and posttreatments for herbal exfoliations, and vitamin-based peels;

m. Practical application and consultation for alpha hydroxy peels;

n. Indications and contraindications for alpha hydroxy peels;

o. General procedures and safety measures for alpha hydroxy peels;

p. Pretreatment and posttreatment for alpha hydroxy peels;

q. Practical application and consultation for beta hydroxy peels;

rondications and contraindications for beta hydroxy peels;

s. General procedures and safety measures for beta hydroxy peels;

t. Pretreatment and posttreatment for beta hydroxy peels;

u. Practical application and consultation for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

v. Indications and contraindications for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

w. General procedures and safety measures for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

x. Pretreatment and posttreatment for Jessner and Modified Jessner peels;

y. Practical application and consultation for trichloracetic acid peels;

z. Indications and contraindications for trichloracetic acid peels;

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aa. General procedures and safety measures for trichloracetic acid peels; and

bb. Pretreatment and posttreatment for trichloracetic acid peels.

6. Lymphatic drainage - minimum of 120 hours of instruction.

- a. Introduction to lymphatic drainage;
- b. Tissues and organs of the lymphatic system;
- c. Functions of the lymphatic system;
- d. Immunity;
- e. Etiology of edema;
- f. Indications and contraindications for lymphatic drainage;
- g. Lymphatic drainage manipulations and movements;
- h. Face and neck treatment sequence;
- i. Lymphatic drainage on the trunk and upper extremities;
- j. Lymphatic drainage on the trunk and lower extremities;

k. Cellulite:

- I. Using lymphatic drainage with other treatments; and
- m. Machine-aided lymphatic drainage.

D. A licensed esthetics school with an approved esthetics program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in esthetics and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the requirements specified in subsection B of this section and 18VAC41-70-200 A. A licensed esthetics school with an approved master esthetics program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in master esthetics and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the requirements specified in subsection C of this section and 18VAC41-70-200 B.

The school shall must make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript, documentation of hours and performances provided to the student by the school and the successful completion of a board-approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or the number of hours specified in the board-approved curriculum for a specific topic.

E. The instructor curriculum and hours of instruction shall consist of 400 hours or equivalent credit hours and shall include the following:

- 1. Orientation;
- 2. Curriculum;
- 3. Course outline and development;

4. Lesson planning;

<del>\$. Classroom management;</del>

6. Teaching techniques;

7. Methods of instruction;

8. Learning styles;

Materials contained

9. Learning disabilities;

10. Teaching aids;

- 11. Developing, administering, and grading examinations;
- 12. School administration:

13. Recordkeeping:

14. Laws and regulations;

## 18VAC41-70-200. Practical performance requirementsPerformance Requirements.

<u>14. Laws and regulations;</u> <u>15. Supervision of clinic floor; and</u> <u>16. Practicum teaching.</u> **41-70-200. Practical performance regulation** The curriculum for A. The curriculum for estheticians shall must include the following minimum practical performances:

Consultations, cleansings and analysis of face and body	35
Manual facials and treatments	65
Machine or electrical facials and treatments	50
Body treatments and back treatments	20
Makeup	25
Hair Removal	25
, TOTAL	220

WB. The curriculum for master estheticians shall must include the following minimum

	TOTAL	220
	B. The curriculum for master estheticians shall must include th performances:	e followi
121500	Advanced treatments	40
Materi	Microdermabrasion	50
	Chemical exfoliation	75

Lymphatic drainage treatments	50
TOTAL 2	15
1	- 10 al -

#### 18VAC41-70-210. School equipment. (Repealed.)

A. For an esthetics course, an esthetics school must have at least one treatment table, one magnifier lamp, one steamer, one adjustable stool, and one table for instruments and products for each two students enrolled in the class.

B. For each procedure taught in the esthetics curriculum, the esthetics school must have at least one set of the applicable equipment for each three students enrolled in the class.

C. For a master esthetics course, an esthetics school must have at least one treatment table, one woods lamp, one adjustable stool, and one table for instruments and products for each two students enrolled in the class.

D. For each procedure taught in the master esthetics curriculum, the esthetics school must have at least one set of the applicable equipment for each six students enrolled in the class.

#### 18VAC41-70-230. Records.

A. Schools shall <u>must</u> maintain on the premises of each school and available for inspection by the board or any of its agents the following records for the period of a student's enrollment through five years after the student's completion of the curriculum, termination, or withdrawal:

1. Enrollment application containing the student's signature and a two-inch by two-inch color head and shoulders photograph of the student.

- 2. Daily record of attendance containing the student's signature,
- 3. Student clock hours containing the student's signature and method of calculation,
- 4. Practical performance completion sheets containing the student's signature,

5. Final transcript,

#### Competency examinations used to award credit,

7. 6. Course descriptions, and

8.7. All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

B. Schools shall <u>must</u> produce to the board or any of its agents, within 10 days of the request, any document, book, or record concerning any student, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records, for inspection and copying by the board or its agents. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10-day period.

C. Schools shall <u>must</u>, within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student, provide documentation of hours and performances completed by the student as required to be maintained by subsection A of this section.

D. Prior to a school changing ownership or a school closing, the school is required to provide to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

E. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, the school shall provide, within a days upon receipt of a written request from a student, documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student.

#### 18VAC41-70-240. Reporting.

A. Schools shall provide, in a manner, format, and frequency prescribed by the board, a roster of all current students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

,oard position

B. Within 30 days of ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school shall provide a written report to the board on performances and hours of each of its students who has not completed the program.

A. Each school must provide student rosters to the board guarterly, no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of every year;

Board position 1. A roster of all enrolled students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

2. Students who are enrolled but have not begun classes must be included in the report.

3. Rosters must be submitted via a secure link provided by the board on the board supplied document, which will include the students full name, date of birth, program type, date enrolled, the total number of hours to-date, and the date completed, terminated, or withdrawn.

4. Schools with no students enrolled, but the intention of operating, must submit a report to that effect. Schools with no students enrolled that no longer wish to operate should terminate their construed as license in accordance with board regulations.

Part VI

#### Standards of Practice

#### 18VAC41-70-250. Scope of practicePractice.

A. Each licensed spa or school shall must ensure that nodicensee or student performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the esthetician or master esthetician license.

B. For chemical exfoliation of the epidermis by a licensed master esthetician, the standards for use of an exfoliator or concentration of acids shall be:

1. Jessner and Modified Jessner solution;

- 2. Trichloracetic acid less than 20%;
- 3. Nonprescriptive alpha hydroxyl acids;
- 4. Nonprescriptive beta hydroxyl acids;

5. Nonprescriptive, commercially available products used in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions;

- 6. Vitamin-based acids; 📎
- 7. Enzymes; or
- 8. Herbal exfoliators.

#### 18VAC41-70-260. Display of licenseLicense.

A. Each licensed spa or school shall must ensure that all current licenses and temporary licenses issued by the board shall must be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the spa or school. Duplicate licenses or temporary licenses shall must be posted in a like manner in every spa or school location where the licensee or temporary license holder provides services.

B. All licensees and temporary license holders shall must operate under the name in which the license or temporary license is issued.

C. All apprenticeship cards issued by the Department of Labor and Industry (DOLI) shall be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor shall require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DOLI registered apprentice. Proof of apprenticeship registration issued by the applicable agency of the Virginia Department of Workforce Development Advancement (DWDA) must be displayed in plain view of the public either in the reception area or at individual

work stations of the shop or salon. The apprentice sponsor must require each apprentice to wear a badge clearly indicating his status as a DWDA registered apprentice.

18VAC41-70-270. Sanitation and safety standards for spas and schoolsSafety Standards for Spas and Schools.

A. Sanitation and safety standards.

Board position 1. Any spa or school where esthetics services are delivered to the public must be clean and sanitary at all times.

2. Compliance with these rules does not confer compliance with other requirements set forth by federal, state, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations as they apply to business operation, physical construction and maintenance, safety, and public health.

3. Licensees shall must take sufficient measures to prevent the transmission of communicable and infectious diseases and comply with the sanitation standards identified in this section and shall must ensure that all employees likewise comply.

B. Disinfection and storage of implements.

Materials contained

1. Each esthetician and master esthetician must have a wet disinfection unit available for use and must meet the standards in the definition of wet disinfection requirements. A wet disinfection unit is a container large enough to hold a disinfectant solution in which the objects to be disinfected are completely immersed. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination of the solution. The solution must be a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal. Disinfectant solutions shall be used according to manufacturer's directions. A wet disinfection unit must have a cover to prevent contamination and any disinfection solutions must be used according to manufacturer instructions.

2. Disinfection of multiuse items implements constructed of hard, nonporous materials such as metal, glass, or plastic, that the manufacturer designed for use on more than one client, is to be carried out in the following manner prior to servicing a client:

a. Remove all foreign matter from the object, utilizing a brush if needed-; Drill bits are to be soaked in acetone and scrubbed with a wire brush to remove all foreign matter;

b. Wash thoroughly with hot water and soap;

c. Rinse thoroughly with clean water and dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel;

d. Fully immerse implements into wet disinfectant solution for a minimum of 10 minutes; and

e. After immersion, rinse articles, dry thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and store in a clean, predisinfected, and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight sealed covered container, or leave instruments in an EPA-registered wet disinfection unit storage solution used according to manufacturer's directions.

3. Single-use items designed by the manufacturer for use on no more than one client should be discarded immediately after use on each individual client, including but not limited to powder puffs, lip color, cheek color, sponges, styptic pencils, wood implements, chamois, or nail skin care implements or disposable razors. The disinfection and reuse of these items is not permitted and the use of single-use items on more than one client is prohibited.

4. For the purpose of recharging, rechargeable tools or implements may be stored in an area other than in a closed cabinet or container. This area shall must be clean.

5. All materials including cosmetic and nail brushes, sponges, chamois, spatulas, and galvanic electrodes must be cleaned with warm water and soap or detergent to remove all foreign matter. Implements should then be rinsed, thoroughly dried with a clean paper

towel, and completely immersed in an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal. Such implements shall be soaked for 10 minutes or more, removed, rinsed, dried thoroughly, and stored in a predisinfected and dry drawer, cabinet, or nonairtight covered container, or left in an EPA-registered disinfection storage solution used according to manufacturer's directions.

6.5. All wax pots shall <u>must</u> be cleaned and disinfected with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal with no sticks left standing in the wax at any time. The area immediately surrounding the wax pot shall <u>must</u> be clean and free of clutter waste materials, spills, and any other items that may pose a hazard.

7. Each esthetician must have a wet disinfection unit at his station.

8. Nail brushes; nippers; finger bowls; disinfectable or washable buffers; disinfectable or washable files, which must also be scrubbed with a brush to remove all foreign matter; and other instruments must be washed in soap and water, rinsed, dried thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and then completely immersed in an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal for 10 minutes after each use. After disinfection they must be rinsed, dried thoroughly with a clean paper towel, and placed in a dry, predisinfected, nonairtight covered receptacle, cabinet, or drawer, or left in an EPA-registered disinfectant storage system used according to manufacturer's directions.

<u>9.6.</u> Sinks, bowls, tubs, whirlpool units, air-jetted basins, pipe-less units, and non-whirlpool basins used in the performance of <u>skin</u> nail care shall <u>must</u> be maintained in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. They <u>shall must</u> be cleaned and disinfected immediately after each client in the following manner:

a. Drain all water and remove all debris;

b. Clean the surfaces and walls with soap or detergent to remove all visible debris, oils, and product residues and then rinse with water;

c. Disinfect by spraying or wiping the surface with an EPA-registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal; and <u>in accordance with manufacturer</u> <u>directions;</u>

d. Wipe dry with a clean towel.

Materials contained

C. General sanitation and safety requirements.

1. Service chairs, workstations and workstands, and back bars shall must be clean;

2. The floor surface in all work areas must be of a washable surface other than carpet;-The floor must be kept clean and free of debris, nail clippings, dropped articles, spills, clutter, trash, electrical cords, other waste materials, and other items that may pose a hazard;

3. All furniture, fixtures, walls, floors, windows, and ceilings shall <u>must</u> be in good repair and free of water seepage and dirt. All mats shall <u>must</u> be secured or shall <u>must</u> lie flat;

4. A fully functional bathroom with a working toilet and sink must be available for clients. There must be hot and cold running water. Fixtures must be in good condition. The bathroom must be lighted and sufficiently ventilated. There must be soap and clean singleuse towels or hand air-drying device for the client's use. For facilities newly occupied after January 1, 2017, the bathroom shall <u>must</u> be maintained exclusively <u>available</u> for client use or shared with other businesses in the same building. If the bathroom is shared, the bathroom shall be available for client use and within 200 feet of the entrance and must adhere to all sanitation requirements of this chapter;

<mark>5. General areas for client use must be neat and clean with a waste receptacle for common</mark> trash; I'd Position

65. Electrical cords shall be placed to prevent entanglement by the client or licensee and electrical outlets shall be covered by plates;

offical Board position 76. All sharp tools, implements, and heat-producing appliances shall be in safe working order at all times, safely stored, and placed so as to prevent any accidental injury to the client or licensee;

87. The spa area shall be sufficiently ventilated to exhaust hazardous or objectionable airborne chemicals and to allow the free flow of air; and

98. Adequate lighting shall must be provided.

D. Articles, tools, and products.

1. Any multiuse article, tool, or product that cannot be cleansed or disinfected is prohibited from use;

2. Soiled implements must be removed from the tops of work stations immediately after use;

3. Clean spatulas, other clean tools, or clean disposable gloves shall must be used to remove bulk substances from containers:

4. Any multiuse article, tool, or product that cannot be disinfected by full immersion as specified in 18VAC41-70-270.B.2 or cleaned according to manufacturer's recommendation, including but not limited to natural hair brushes or neck dusters, is prohibited from use.

4.5. Lotions, ointments, creams, and powders shall must be accurately labeled and kept in closed containers. A clean spatula shall must be used to remove creams or other products from jars. Sterile cotton or sponges shall must be used to apply creams, lotions, and powders. Cosmetic containers shall must be covered after each use;

5.6. All appliances shall must be safely stored;

6.7. Presanitized tools and implements, linens, and equipment shall must be stored for use in a sanitary enclosed cabinet or covered receptacle;

7.8. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall must be used for each patron. Clean towels, robes, or other linens shall must be stored in a clean predisinfected and dry cabinet, drawer, or nonairtight covered container. Soiled towels, robes, or other linens shall must be stored in a container enclosed on all sides including the top, except if stored in a separate laundry room;

8-9. No substance other than a sterile styptic powder or sterile liquid astringent approved for homeostasis and applied with a sterile single-use applicator shall must be used to check bleeding; and

9. Any disposable material making contact with blood or other body fluid shall be disposed of in a sealed plastic bag and removed from the spa or school in accordance with the guidelines of the Virginia Department of Health and OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration).

10. Any disposable material making contact with blood or other body fluid must be double bagged, label as a biohazard, and disposed of in a closed receptacle.

E. Chemical storage and emergency information.

Materials contain

1. Spas and schools shall must have in the immediate working area a binder with all Safety Data Sheets (SDS) provided by manufacturers for any chemical products used;

2. Spas and schools shall must have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area that contains at a minimum latex gloves, two 12-inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash

bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Heath Administration (OSHA)-approved blood spill clean-up kit;

Storage
<

F. Client health guidelines.

Materials containe

products containing hazardous substances that have been banned by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for use in esthetics products; 3

4. No product shall must be used in a manner that is disapproved by the FDA; and

5. Esthetics spas must be in compliance with current building and zoning codes.

G. In addition to the requirements set forth in this section, all licensees and temporary license holders shall adhere to regulations and guidelines established by the Virginia Department of Health and the Occupational and Safety Division of the Virginia Department of Labor and Industry.

H. All spas and schools shall must immediately report the results of any inspection of the spa or school by the Virginia Department of Health as required by § 54.1-705 of the Code of Virginia.

I. All spas and schools shall must conduct a self-inspection on an annual basis and maintain a self-inspection form on file for five years so that it may be requested and reviewed by the board at its discretion.

#### 18VAC41-70-280. Grounds for license revocation, probation, or suspension; denial of application, renewal or reinstatement, or imposition of a monetary penaltyGrounds for License Revocation, Suspension, or Probation; Denial of Application, Renewal or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee, certificate holder, or temporary license holder; suspend, place on probation, revoke, or refuse to issue, renew or reinstate any a license or certificate, impose a monetary penalty, place a license or certificate on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate, suspend a license or certificate for a stated period of time; or revoke, a license or certificate issued certificate, or temporary license; or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if the board finds that the licensee, certificate holder, permit temporary license holder, or applicant:

1. Isoincompetent, negligent, or incapable mentally or physically, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, to practice as an esthetician; Is incompetent, negligent in practice, or unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, (i)to practice as an esthetician or master esthetician, or (ii) operate a spa or school;

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice or teaching of esthetics or master esthetics, fails to teach in accordance with the board-approved curriculum as provided for in this chapter, or fails to comply with 18VAC41-70-190 D when making an assessment of credit hours awarded;

3. Attempts to obtain, obtained, renewed, or reinstated a license, certificate, or temporary license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates, induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which any esthetician may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local employee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent, in the performance of his duties, any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing esthetics or master esthetics;

6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed spa or school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter;

8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, certificate holder's, temporary license holder's, applicant's, or owner's responsible management's possession or maintained in accordance with this chapter;

9. Fails to notify the board of a change of name or address in writing within 30 days of the change for each and every license, certificate, or temporary license;

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading,

11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license or temporary license in connection with a disciplinary action in any jurisdiction or of any license or temporary license that has been the subject of disciplinary action in any jurisdiction; of any final or disciplinary action taken against a license, registration, certificate or temporary license in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body:

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication, in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia-Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or guilt;

13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section;

14. Allows, as responsible management of a spa <del>or school</del>, a person who has not obtained a license or a temporary <del>permit</del> <u>license</u> to practice unless the person is duly enrolled as a registered apprentice;

15. Allows, as responsible management of a school, a person who has not obtained an instructor certificate <u>or student instructor temporary license</u> to practice as an esthetics or a master esthetics instructor;

Materialscontained

16. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any

local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practices of esthetics or master esthetics or the operation of esthetics spas; or

#### FORMS (18VAC41-70)

v17 (eff. 5/2022)

Esthetician – Esthetics Instructor Examination & License Application, A450-1261 62EXLIC-(eff. 5/2022) Master Esthetician – Master Esthetics Instructor Examination & License 4 65EXLIC-v18 (eff. 5/2022) Temporary Permit Applie 25 regulation 1264 65EXLIC-v18 (eff. 5/2022)

License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (eff. /2022)

Training Verification Form, A450-1213TR-vs1 (eff. 5/2022)

Individual - Reinstatement Application, A450-1213REI-v13 (eff. 9/2022)

Salon, Shop, Spa & Parlor License/Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v16 (eff. _co

9/2022)

Salon, Shop & Spa Self Inspection Form, A450-1213 SSS INSP-vs2 (eff. 5/2016)

Instructor Certification Application, A450-1213INST-v17 (eff. 10/2022)

School License Application, A450-1213SCHL v18 (eff. 5/2023)

School Reinstatement Application, A450 (213SCH) REI-v9 (eff. 9/2022)

School Self Inspection Form, A450-1213SCH INSP-vs5 (eff. 1/2022)

Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE-v11 (rev. 2022)

Change of Responsible Management, A450-1213CRM-v6 (eff. 12/2021)

Experience Verification Form A450-1261 64EXP-v2 (eff. 2/2023)

<u>At</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> <u>univer</u> Esthetics-Master Esthetics Universal License App A450-1261-65ULR-v1 (eff. 7/2023)



# APPROVAL OF PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND TO THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE PROPOSED AND THE PROPOS TO: FROM: **SUBJECT:** DATE:

At the August 14, 2023 meeting, the Board approved a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action to initiate a General Review of the Tattooing Regulations. The public comment period on the NOIRA is complete, and it is now time for the Board to adopt proposed regulations. There was no public comment. constri

You will find attached a copy of the proposed language that needs to be adopted by the Board.

If the Board concurs with the proposed regulations, the Board can vote to "adopt the proposed If the Board concurs with the proposed regulations, the Board Tattooing regulations [OR as amended if there are changes]?" Please come to the meeting prepared to discuss.

.d to dis for the solution of the solution of

#### Board For Barbers And Cosmetology

#### **General Review of Tattooing Regulations**

Chapter 50

Tattooing Regulations Part I

#### General

#### 18VAC41-50-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in ascribed to them in Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter.: are not to be con

Board

Tattoo parlor

Tattoo school

Tattooer

Tattooing

B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Apprenticeship program" means an approved tattooing training program conducted by an approved apprenticeship sponsor. G

"Apprenticeship sponsor" means an individual approved to conduct tattooing apprenticeship training who meets the qualifications in 18VAC41-50-70.

"Aseptic technique" means a hygienic practice that prevents and hinders the direct transfer of microorganisms, regardless of pathogenicity, from one person or place to another person or place.

"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Clock Hours" - means a minimum of 50 minutes of supervised or directed instruction and appropriate breaks.

"Credit hour" means a combination of the number of hours in class each week and the number of hours perweek in a laboratory by which a school may measure its course work. One unit of credit equals one hour of classroom or online study, two hours of laboratory experience or three hours of internship or practicum or a combination of the three times the number of weeks in the term?

"Direct supervision" means (i) that a Virginia licensed tattooer shall be present in the tattoo parlor at all times when services are being performed by an apprentice; (ii) that a Virginia licensed and certified tattooing instructor or a tattoo student instructor temporary license holder shall be present in the tattooing school at all times when services are being performed by a student: (iii) that a Virginia licensed and certified permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a permanent cosmetic tattooing student instructor temporary license holder shall be present in the permanent cosmetic tattooing school at all times when services are being performed by a student; (iv) that a

Virginia licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooer instructor or a master permanent cosmetic tattooing student instructor temporary license holder shall be present in the permanent cosmetic tattooing school at all times when master permanent cosmetic tattooer services are being performed by a student; or (v) that a Virginia licensed tattooer shall be present in the tattoo parlor at all times when services are being performed by a guest tattooer. Virginia licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer is present in the parlor or salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice; (ii) a Virginia licensed and certified tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a student instructor temporary license holder is present in the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice; (ii) a Virginia licensed and certified tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a student instructor temporary license when services are being performed by a student, student instructor, or temporary license holder.

"Each and every location" means, for the purposes of schools with multiple suites or classrooms, a single location is one that is enclosed under one roof and all classrooms or suites are within 500 feet of the main office.

"Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state or jurisdiction of the United States.

"Event tattoo parlor" means a tattoo parlor temporary location licensed to operate for a maximum of five consecutive days.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Gratuitous services" as used in § 54.1-701.5 of the Code Virginia means providing tattooing services without receiving compensation or reward, or obligation. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

"Guest tattooer" means a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer residing outside of Virginia who is licensed only to work for a two-week period at a specified tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon.

"Guest tattooer sponsor" means a licensed tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattooing salon that is sponsoring and providing direct supervision of a guest tattooer.

"Licensee" means any person, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law individual <u>or firm</u> holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia.

"Master permanent cosmetic tattooer" means any person who for compensation practices permanent cosmetic tattooing known in the industry as advanced permanent cosmetic tattooing, including scalp micropigmentation, eye shadow, and breast and scar repigmentation or camouflage.

"Master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor" means a person who has been certified by the board who meets the competency standards of the board as an instructor of master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

"Permanent cosmetic tattoo salon" means any place in which permanent cosmetic tattooing is offered or practiced for compensation.

[®]Permanent cosmetic tattooer" means any person who for compensation practices permanent cosmetic tattooing known in the industry as basic permanent cosmetic tattooing, including eyebrows, microblading, scalp micropigmentation, eyeliners, lip coloring, lip liners, or full lips.

"Permanent cosmetic tattooing" means placing marks upon or under the skin of any person with ink or any other substance, resulting in the permanent coloration of the skin on the face, including eyebrows, eyeliners, lip coloring, lip liners, full lips, cheek blush, eye shadow, forehead and scalp micropigmentation, and on the body for breast and scar repigmentation or camouflage, also known as permanent makeup or micropigmentation.

"Permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor" means a person who has been certified by the board who meets the competency standards of the board as an instructor of permanent cosmetic tattooing.

Board Position "Permanent cosmetic tattooing school" means a place or establishment licensed by the board to accept and train students and offers a permanent cosmetic tattooing, and/or a master permanent cosmetic tattooing curriculum approved by the board.

"Pigments" means tattooing ink designed for use on human skin.

"Post-secondary educational level" means an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the U.S. Department of Education.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

"Reinstatement" means having a license restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license or certificate for another period of to be constri time.

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

- 1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;
- 2. The partners of a general partnership;
- 3. The managing partners of a limited partnership; 🔗
- 4. The officers of a corporation;
- 5. The managers of a limited liability company.
- 6. The officers or directors of an association or both, and

7. Individuals in other business entities recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as having a fiduciary responsibility to the firm

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under that individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

"Sterilization area" means a separate room or area separate from workstations with restricted client access in which tattooing instruments are cleaned, disinfected, and sterilized.

"Substantially equivalent exam" means an examination administered by the licensing entity which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Tattoo convention" means an event where Virginia and out-of-state tattooers gather for no more than five consecutive days to offer tattooing services to the public.

"Tattooing instructor" means a person who has been certified by the board who meets the competency standards of the board as an instructor of tattooing.

"Temporary location" means a fixed location at which tattooing is performed for a specified length of time of not more than five days in conjunction with a single event or convention.

#### 18VAC41-50-15. Gratuitous Services.

Any individual who engages in tattooing, guest tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing without receiving compensation, reward or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous services and is exempt from the provisions of this

chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

# Entry 18VAC41-50-20. General requirements for tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic position tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooerGeneral Requirements for Tattooer Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer, or Master Permanent Cosmetic Tatto A. Any individual wishing to engent

tattooing, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing shall must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant must be in good standing as a tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer in every jurisdiction where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia or any other jurisdiction in connection with the applicant's practice as a tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as a tattooer, guest tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer.or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in tattooing, guest tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia tattooing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other

Materials contained meridisclose the meridisclose the jurisdictions: a. All-r meridisclose the jurisdictions: a. All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, nonmarijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima <mark>facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt.</mark> The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

al Board position 5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board approved examination, administered either by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved tattooing apprenticeship program in a Virginia licensed tattoo parlor or completing an approved tattooing training program in a Virginia licensed tattoo school or completing a permanent cosmetic tattocing or master permanent cosmetic tattocing training programme a Virginia licensed permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall be eligible to sit for the applicable examination.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia but within the United States or jurisdiction of the United States. Any person completing a tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, master permanent cosmetic tattooing training program, or tattooing apprenticeship that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. If less than the required hours were completed, an applicant must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent tattooing training, tattooing apprenticeship, permanent cosmetic tattooing training, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing or documentation of three years of work experience within the preceding five years as a tattooer and (ii) documentation of completion of a minimum of five hours of health education to include (a) bloodborne pathogens, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; (b) first aid; and (c) CPR that is acceptable to the board in order to be eligible for examination?

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing one of the following programs is eligible for examination:

a. An approved tattooing apprenticeship program in a Virginia licensed tattoo parlor;

b. An approved tattooing training program in a Virginia licensed tattoo school; or

c. A permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing training program, in a Virginia licensed permanent cosmetic tattooing or tattooing school shall be eligible to sit for the applicable examination.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

a. Any person completing a tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, master permanent cosmetic tattooing training program, or tattooing apprenticeship that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must Materials contained submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant. b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board; (ii) documentation of completion of board-approved health education to include (a) bloodborne pathogens, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (b) first aid.

#### 18VAC41-50-30. License by endorsement Endorsement.

<u>A.</u> Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or who is a <u>licensed instructor in the respective profession</u> in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed a training or apprenticeship program and an examination that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may be issued a tattooer license, permanent cosmetic tattooer license, or the respective instructor certificate, respectively, without an examination. The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-50-20 A 1 through A 4.

<u>B. Applicants for licensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not</u> substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

#### 18VAC41-50-40. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

A. Applicants for initial licensure shall <u>must</u> pass an examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

<u>GB</u>. The applicant shall follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include any written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and any instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

<u>DC</u>. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

<u>ED</u>. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

FE. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing the written examination shall be required to retake the examination. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

# 18VAC41-50-45. Tattoo, Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo, and Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo Temporary License.

A. A temporary license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, respectively, may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure who the board finds eligible for examination. There shall be no fee for a temporary license.

<u>B. Licensed tattooers may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo and master permanent cosmetic tattoo temporary license holders. Licensed master permanent cosmetic tattooers may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo temporary license holders.</u>

<u>C. The temporary license shall remain in force for 90 days and no subsequent temporary license shall be issued.</u>

I'd Position

D. Any person continuing to practice tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing, or master permanent cosmetic tattooing after a temporary license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia.

E. Temporary licenses shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-50-20.

Board position 18VAC41-50-70. General requirements for a tattooing apprenticeship sponsor Requirements for a Tattooing Apprenticeship Sponsor.

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section may be eligible to sponsor a tattooing apprentice if the person:Any individual wishing to sponsor a tattooing apprentice must meet the following lation qualifications:

1. Holds The applicant must hold a current Virginia tattooer license;

2. Provides The applicant must provide documentation of legally practicing tattooing for at least five years; and

3. Provides The applicant must provide documentation indicating that he is in good standing in all jurisdictions where the practice of tattooing is regulated.

B. Apprenticeship sponsors shall be required to maintain a tattooer license.

C. Apprenticeship sponsors shall ensure compliance with the 1500 hour tattooing apprenticeship program and tattooing apprenticeship standards.

#### 18VAC41-50-80. General Requirements for a Tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license Parlor, Event Tattoo Parlor, or Permanent **Cosmetic Tattoo Salon License.** 0

A. Any firm wishing to operate a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall must obtain a tattoo parlor license, event tattoo parlor license, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following gualifications in order to receive a license.

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed parlor or salon in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed-, certified or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This <del>disclosure</del> includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such

Materialscontained

<mark>order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence</mark> <mark>of such disciplinary action.</mark>

2. The applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia tattooing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Any plea of note contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. A tattoo parlor license, event tattoo parlor license, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business. Any changes in the name or address of the parlor or salon shall be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The new responsible management shall be responsible for applying for a new license within 30 days of the changes.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

Materials

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall <u>must</u> be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

E. Any tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon wishing to host a guest tattooer must identify itself as the guest tattooer sponsor and must provide direct supervision of any tattooing by the guest tattooer.

F. Any firm wishing to operate a tattoo parlor in a temporary location must have a tattoo parlor license or event tattoo parlor license issued by the board.

Jard Position

G. An event tattoo parlor license is effective for five consecutive days, prior to the expiration date. Any firm wishing to operate an event tattoo parlor must submit an application to the board at least 45 days prior to the date for which approval is sought.

address.

J. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any need salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the definition of Virginia or this chapter. licensed salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.

#### 18VAC41-50-91. Guest tattooer license Tattooer License.

A. A guest tattooer license is effective for 14 days prior to the expiration date.

B. An out-of-state resident may apply for and obtain up to five guest tattooer licenses per calendar year.

C. Per calendar year, a A guest tattooer applicant must meet the following qualifications:

1. Requirements set forth in 18VAC41-50-20 A 1 through A 4.

Present documentation showing out-of-state residency.

3. Documentation of board-approved health education knowledge to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR that is acceptable to the board.

4. Documentation showing guest tattooer sponsor, including signature of sponsor parlor's responsible management.  $\otimes$ 

D. A guest tattooer must provide documentation with each application showing the guest tattooer sponsor, including a signature of sponsor parlor's responsible management.

DE. A guest tattooer must provide the name and license number of the guest tattooer's sponsor and the duration of the guest tattooer's tattooing for all guest tattooer locations.

E. A guest tattooer applicant is not required to complete 18VAC41-50-20 A 5.

#### 18VAC41-50-92. Guest tattooer sponsor Tattooer Sponsor.

A. The licensed tattoo parlor sponsoring a guest tattooer shall must ensure that the guest tattooer:

1. Has a valid, current guest tattooer license for the entire duration of the guest tattooer tattooing at the parlor.

2. Is directly supervised by a licensed tattooer.

3. Complies with all Virginia regulations relating to health, sanitation, client gualifications, and standards of practice.

B. The licensed permanent cosmetic tattoo salon sponsoring a quest tattooer shall must ensure that the guest tattooer:

A Has a valid, current quest tattooer licensed for the entire duration of the guest tattooer's tattooing at the salon.

2. Is directly supervised by a licensed tattooer or permanent cosmetic tattooer.

3. Complies with all Virginia regulations relating to health, sanitation, client qualifications, and standards of practice.

C. With the exception of tattoo conventions, a member of the guest tattooer sponsor's responsible management must sign the guest tattooer application certifying the sponsor will ensure the requirements of subsections A and B of this section.

D. The guest tattooer sponsor shall must be responsible for the acts or omissions of the guest tattooer in the performance of tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing.

#### 18VAC41-50-100. General Requirements for a School licenseLicense.

Board position A. Any firm wishing to operate a tattooing school or permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall must submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought, obtain a school license in compliance with § 54.1-704.2 of the Code of Virginia and shall must meet the following qualifications in order to receive a license:

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed parlor or salonschool in Virginia and in all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a tattoo parlor, event tattoo parlor, school, or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon. school. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia tattooing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of the application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Materials contained in Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

B. A tattooing <u>Tattooing</u> school licenses or permanent cosmetic tattooing school licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address as the school. Any changes in the name or and address of record or principal place of business of the school shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such change. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. The name of the school must indicate that it is an educational institution. All signs or other advertisements must reflect the name as indicated on the license issued by the board and contain language indicating it is an educational institution.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing partner in a limited partnership; and

3. Conversion, formation, or dissolution of a corporation, a limited liability company, an association, or any other business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

D. Within 30 days of the closing, ceasing to operate, whether through dissolution or alteration of the business entity, the school shall return the license to the board must and provide a written report to the board on detailing the performances and hours of each student who has not completed the program.

E. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

<u>F. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours, any licensed school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.</u>

18VAC41-50-110. Tattooing instructor certificate General Requirements for a Tattooing, Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing or Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing Instructor Certificate.

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section shall be eligible for a tattooing instructor certificate if the person:

1. Holds a current Virginia tattooer license;

2 Provides documentation of legally tattooing for at least five years; and

3. Passes a course on teaching techniques in a post-secondary education level.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in tattoo, permanent cosmetic tattoo or master permanent cosmetic tattoo instruction must meet the following qualifications:

<u>1. The applicant must be in good standing as a licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic</u> <u>tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, and instructor, respectively, in every jurisdiction</u> where licensed, certified, or registered. <u>The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary</u> <u>action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for</u> licensure since being previously licensed as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license.

2. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant must disclose the previously licensed as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master in tattooer. a. All misdemeanor convictions within the tattooer of the code of the tattooer of tattooer of the tattooer of tattooer of the tattooer of tattooer o licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the instruction of tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions since being previously licensed as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer:

turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury; and

<u>b. All felony convictions within 10 years of the date of application.  $^{\circ}$ </u>

The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

3. The applicant must hold a current Virginia tattooer license, permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license in the respective profession;

4. The applicant must provide documentation of legally tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing for at least three years in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States; and 00 0

5. The applicant must pass a course on teaching techniques in a post-secondary education level or train under a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer instructor in the respective profession for 12 months.

B. Tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing and master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors must maintain a tattooer license, permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license in the respective profession.

#### 18VAC41-50-120. Permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificate. (Repealed.)

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section shall be eligible for a permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificate if the person:

1. Holds a current Virginia permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license;

2. Provides documentation of legally tattooing for at least five years; and

3. Passes a course on teaching techniques at the post-secondary education level.

B. Permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors shall be required to maintain a permanent cosmetic tattooer license or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license.

#### 18VAC41-50-125. Student Instructor Temporary License.

Materials

A. A licensed tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, and master permanent cosmetic tattooer may be granted a twelve (12) month student instructor temporary license to function under the direct supervision of a certified instructor in a licensed school. No subsequent student instructor temporary license shall be issued. Student instructors must pass an instructor examination administered by the board or by a testing service acting on behalf of the board.

B. Student instructors may teach in any profession in which they hold the underlying license. Failure to maintain a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer license shall disqualify an individual from holding a student instructor temporary license.

Board position C. Certified tattoo instructors may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo and master permanent cosmetic tattoo student instructor temporary license holders. Certified master permanent cosmetic tattoo instructors may also supervise permanent cosmetic tattoo student instructor temporary license holders.

D. The student instructor temporary license holder must be associated with both a school and a direct supervisor.

Jed 25 regulation E. Temporary licenses may not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18 VAC 41-50-110 and 18 VAC 41-50-120.

Part III

Fees

18VAC41-50-130. Fees.

The following fees apply: are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated

	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through August 31, 2024	AMOUNT E September 1, 2024
Individuals:	de not	
Application	50° \$90 31	\$105
License by Endorsement	Orall' sion \$90 nor	\$105
Renewal	t discuss \$900	\$105
Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee ar fee
Instructors:Instructor Co	ertificate:	
Application	\$110	\$125
License by Endorsement	<u>\$110</u>	<u>\$125</u>
Renewal	<u>\$110<u></u>\$20</u>	\$150 <u>\$20</u>
Reinstatement	<u>\$220*\$40*</u> *includes <u>\$110\$20</u> renewal fee and <u>\$110\$20</u> reinstatement fee	<u>\$300*\$40</u> *includes <u>\$150\$20</u> renewa reinstatemer
Parlors or salons: Application		
	\$165	\$190

Renewal	\$165	\$190
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee a fee
Schools:		800
Application	\$185	<u>بنان</u> \$220
Renewal	\$185	410 ^r 0 ^r \$220
Reinstatement	\$370* *includes \$185 renewal fee and \$185 reinstatement fee	\$440* *includes \$220 renewal fee a fee

18VAC41-50-140. Refunds. (Repealed.)

All fees are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated.

18VAC41-50-150. License renewal required Renewal Required.

Part IV Part IV Renewal and Reinstatement val required Renewal Pro-A. Tattooer licenses, tattoo parlor licenses, tattooing instructors certificates, tattooing schools licenses, permanent cosmetic tattooer licenses, master permanent cosmetic tattooer licenses, permanent cosmetic tattoo salon licenses, permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificate, master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor certificates, and permanent cosmetic tattooing schools licenses shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which they were issued.

B. Guest tattooer licenses will shall expire 14 days after the effective date of the license and may not be renewed.

18VAC41-50-160. Continuing education requirement Education Requirement.

All licensed tattooers, permanent cosmetic tattooers, and master permanent cosmetic tattooers shall must be required to satisfactorily complete board-approved health education to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR during their licensed term. Documentation of training completion shall must be provided at the time of renewal along with the required fee.

18VAC41-50-170 Notice of renewal Renewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the licensee or certificate holder outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice, however, shall not relieve the licensee or certificate holder of the obligation to renew. If the licensee or certificate holder fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

18VAC41-50-180. Failure to renew Renew.

A. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license or certificate within 30 days following the expiration date of the license, the licensee or certificate holder shall must meet the renewal requirements as prescribed in 18VAC41-50-170 and apply for reinstatement of the license by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application along with the required renewal and reinstatement fees.pay the reinstatement fees.

B. When a licensed or certified individual, or business entity fails to renew its license or certification within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

Board Position 1. The former licensee or certificate holder shall must apply for licensure or certification as a new applicant, shall must meet all current application entry requirements, for each respective license or certificate. shall pass the board's current examination, and shall receive a new license.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under an examination exemption, known as grandfathering, pursuant to 18VAC41-50-20 A 6, shall submit a new application showing the individual met the requirements of the applicable examination waiver provision, demonstrate five years of licensed experience, and previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3) years must submit a new application and pass the required examination.

C. The application for reinstatement for a school license shall provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date, and (ii) a notarized statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. Reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school and if the school's records are maintained in accordance with 18VAC41-50-250 and 18VAC41-50-330. Pursuant to 18VAC41-50-100, 18VAC41-50-230, and 18VAC41-50-310 upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

C. When a licensed school fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee must pay the reinstatement fee.

1. After 180 days, the school must submit a reinstatement application and must provide (i) the reasons for failing to renew prior to the expiration date and (ii) a statement that all students currently enrolled or seeking to enroll at the school have been notified in writing that the school's license has expired. All of these materials shall be called the application package. After 180 days, reinstatement will be considered by the board if the school consents to and satisfactorily passes an inspection of the school. Pursuant to 18VAC41-50-100 and 18VAC41-50-230, upon receipt of the reinstatement fee, application package, and inspection results, the board may reinstate the school's license or require requalification or both.

2. If the reinstatement application package and reinstatement fee are not received by the board within six months following the expiration date of the school's license, the board will notify the testing service that prospective graduates of the unlicensed school are not acceptable candidates for the examination. Such notification will be sent to the school and must be displayed in a conspicuous manner by the school in an area that is accessible to the public. No student shall be disgualified from taking the examination because the school was not licensed for a portion of the time the student attended if the school license is reinstated by the board.

Materialscor D. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license is applicable and an additional fee is required.

E. When a license or certificate is reinstated, the licensee or certificate holder shall have the same license number and shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

F. A licensee or certificate holder that reinstates its license or certificate shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed without interruption. Therefore, a licensee or certificate holder shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

G. A licensee or certificate holder that fails to reinstate its license or certificate shall be regarded as unlicensed or uncertified from the expiration date of the license or certificate forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority to discipline a licensee or certificate holder for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual 25 regulation was licensed or certified.

Part V

Apprenticeship Programs

18VAC41-50-190. General requirements Requirements.

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the tattooing apprenticeship program shall be required to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of board-approved a minimum of five hours of health education to include but not limited to bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing, and first aid and CPR.

B. Any tattooer desiring approval to perform the duties of an apprenticeship sponsor and offer the board's tattooing apprenticeship program shall meet the requirements of 18VAC41-50-70.

C. All apprenticeship training shall be conducted in a tattoo parlor that has met the requirements of 18VAC41-50-80.

18VAC41-50-200. Apprenticeship curriculum requirements Curriculum Requirements.

Apprenticeship curriculum requirements are as follows:

1. Microbiology.

- a. Microorganisms, viruses, bacteria, fungi;
- b. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases; and
- c. Characteristics of antimicrobial agents.
- 2. Immunization.
 - a. Types of immunizations;
 - b. Hepatitis A G transmission and immunization;
 - c. HIV/AIDS:
 - d. Tetanus, streptococcal, zoonotic, tuberculosis, pneumococcal, and influenza;
 - e. Measles, mumps, and rubella;
 - S. Vaccines and immunization; and
 - g. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.

3. Sanitation and disinfection.

a. Definition of terms.

(1) Sterilization;

Materials contained

- (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;
- (3) Sterilizer or sterilant;
- (4) Antiseptic;
- (5) Germicide;

, and position

- (6) Decontamination; and
- (7) Sanitation.
- b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
- s; be construed as requiation of offical Board position c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, disinfectants, and fumigants;
- d. The use of sanitation equipment;
- e. Preservice sanitation procedure; and
- f. Post-service sanitation procedure.
- 4. Safety.
 - a. Proper needle handling and disposal;
 - b. How to avoid overexposure to chemicals;
 - c. The use of Material Safety Data Sheets;
 - d. Blood spill procedures;
 - e. Equipment and instrument storage; and
 - f. First aid and CPR.
- 5. Bloodborne pathogen standards.
 - a. OSHA and CDC bloodborne pathogen standards; no^{t to}
 - b. Control plan for bloodborne pathogens;
 - c. Exposure control plan for tattooers;
 - d. Overview of compliance requirements; and
 - Dic oussion allenda e. Disorders and when not to service a client.
- 6. Professional standards.
 - a. History of tattooing;
 - b. Ethics:
 - c. Recordkeeping:
 - (1) Client health history;
 - (2) Consent forms; and

(3) HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule) Standards.

d. Preparing station, making appointments, parlor ethics:

- (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
- (2) Promoting services of the parlor and establishing clientele.
- e. Parlor management:
- (1) Licensing requirements; and
- (2) Taxes.
- f. Supplies:
- (1) Usages;
- (2) Ordering; and
- (3) Storage.
- Materials contained in thi 7. Tattooing.
 - a. Client consultation;
 - b. Client health form;

- c. Client disclosure form:
- d. Client preparation;

e. Sanitation and safety precautions;

- f. Implement selection and use;
- g. Proper use of equipment; and
- h. Material selection and use;
- i. Needles:

i. Ink:

k. Machine:

- (1) Construction;
- (2) Adjustment; and
- (3) Power supply;
- I. Art, drawing; and
- m. Portfolio.
- 8. Anatomy:
 - a. Understanding of skin; and
 - b. Parts and functions of skin.
- 9. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations.

to be construed as requilation or official Board position 18VAC41-50-210. Hours of instruction and performances Instruction and Performances.

A. Curriculum requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-200 shall must be taught over a minimum of 1500 hours as follows:

1. 350 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9 of 18VAC41-50-200;

2. 150 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivision 3 of 18VAC41-50-200; and κΟ

3. The remaining 1000 hours shall must be devoted to practical training to include apprenticeship curriculum requirements and a minimum of 100 performances pertaining to subdivision 7 of 18VAC41-50-200.

B. An approved tattooing apprenticeship program may conduct an assessment of an apprentice's competence in the theory and practical requirements for tattooing and, based on the assessment, give a maximum of 700 hours of credit toward the requirements in subdivisions A 1 and A 3 of this section. No credit shall be allowed for the 150 hours required in subdivision A 2 of this section.

Part VI

Tattooing and Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing Schools

18VAC41-50-220. Applicants for tattooing school license. (Repealed.) 18VAC41-50-220. Applicants for tattooing school license.

Any person or entity desiring to operate a tattooing school shall submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought.

18VAC41-50-230. General requirements Requirements.

A tattooing and permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall must:

1. Hold a tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school license for each and every location. Any suites or classrooms that are located in a different building or are further than 500 feet from the main office are considered a separate location, and require the school hold an additional license.

2. Hold a tattoo parlor license.or salon license if the school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic.

Board position Employ a and ensure all training is conducted under the direct supervision of a staff of licensed and certified tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors, respectively.

a. Licensed and certified tattoo instructors may also instruct permanent cosmetic tattooing and master permanent cosmetic tattooing programs.

b. Licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic instructors may also instruct ation permanent cosmetic tattooing programs.

c. Instructor programs must be taught by a certified instructor.

d. Any change in instructors shall be reported to the board within 30 days of the change.

4. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

5. Submit its curricula for board approval. All changes to curricula must be resubmitted and approved by the board. Tattoo curricula must be based on a minimum of 1000 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-50-280.C. Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo curricula must be based on a minimum of 200 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-50-280.D. Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattoo curricula must be based on a minimum of 200 clock or equivalent credit hours and shall include performances in accordance with 18VAC41-50-280.E.

6. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the shop parlor or salon in plain view of the public.

7. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

8. Conduct all instruction and training of students under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified tattooing instructor.

8. The theory portions of the curriculum may be offered online. Practical instruction must be obtained in a traditional brick and mortar classroom setting.

9. Schools should utilize technologies and practices that are effective in verifying the identity of distance-learning students who participate in class or coursework (such as a secure login and pass code) while protecting student privacy. Educational technologies must be capable of monitoring a student's time and activities.

10[°]There is a measure of competency (examination) of the information the student is taught online which shall be completed in a traditional brick and mortar classroom.

18VAC41-50-250. Records.

A. Schools are required to keep upon graduation, termination, or withdrawal, written records of hours and performances showing what instruction a student has received for a period of five years after the student terminates or completes the curriculum of the school. These records shall be available for inspection by the Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation. All records must be kept on the premises of each school.

B. For a period of five years after a student completes the curriculum, terminates, or withdraws from the school, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

<u>1. Enrollment application containing student's signature and a two-inch by two-inch color head and shoulders photograph;</u> 2. Daily record of attendance containing student's signature: 3. Student clock hours containing student's signature: 4. Prosting A. Schools must maintain on the premises of each school and available for inspection by the board or any of its agents the following records for the period of a student's enrollment through five years after the student's completion of the curriculum, termination, or withdrawal:

3. Student clock hours containing student's signature; 4. Practical performance completion sheets containing student's aim of the student's signature and method of calculation; 5. Final transcript:

5. Final transcript;

6. Course descriptions, and

7. All other relevant documents that account for a student's accrued clock hours and practical applications.

B. Schools must produce to the board or any of its agents within 10 days of the request any document, book, or record concerning any student, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records, for inspection and copying by the board or its agents. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10day period. \mathcal{O}

C. Schools shall must within 21 days upon receipt of a written request from a student provide documentation of hours and performances completed by the student as required to be maintained by subsection A of this section. \mathcal{O}

D. Prior to a school changing ownership of a school closing, the schools are required to provide to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

E. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

18VAC41-50-255. Reporting.

A. Each school must provide student rosters to the board guarterly, no later than January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15 of every year;

1. A roster of all enrolled students and a roster of students who attended in the preceding six months prior to the reporting deadline.

2. Students who are enrolled but have not begun classes must be included in the report.

3. Rosters must be submitted via a secure link provided by the board on the board supplied document, which will include the students full name, date of birth, program type, date enrolled, the total number of hours to-date, and the date completed, terminated, or withdrawn.

4. Schools with no students enrolled, but the intention of operating, must submit a report to that effect. Schools with no students enrolled that no longer wish to operate should terminate their license in accordance with board regulations.

18VAC41-50-280. Tattooing school curriculum requirements and Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing School Curriculum Requirements.

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall be required to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of a minimum of five hours of board-approved health education to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to tattooing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR.

B. Tattooing school curriculum requirements are as follows: Each tattoo or permanent 1.25 regulation or offical Board position cosmetic tattoo school must submit with its application a curriculum including a course syllabus, a detailed course content outline, a sample of five lesson plans, a sample of evaluation methods to be used, days and hours of instruction, program length, a sample of a final transcript, and a breakdown of hours and performances for all courses to be taught that will lead to licensure.

C. The outline for tattooing must include the following:

- 1. Microbiology- minimum of 100 hours of instruction.
 - a. Microorganisms, viruses, bacteria, fungus;
 - b. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases; and
 - c. Characteristics of antimicrobial agents.
- 2. Immunization- minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
 - a. Types of immunizations;
 - b. Hepatitis A through G transmission and immunization;
 - c. HIV/AIDS;
 - d. Tetanus, streptococcal, zoonotic, tuberculosis, pneumococcal, and influenza;

cor

- e. Measles, mumps, and rubella;
- f. Vaccines and immunization; and
- 00 g. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.
- 3. Sanitation and disinfection- minimum of 150 hours of instruction.
 - a. Definition of terms:

 - (1) Sterilization;
 (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;
 (3) Sterilizer or sterilant;
 (4) Antiseptic;
 (5) Germicide;
 (6) Decontamination; and

 - (7) Sanitation.
 - b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
 - c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, disinfectants, and fumigants;
 - d. The use of sanitation equipment;
 - e. Preservice sanitation procedure; and
 - f. Postservice sanitation procedure.
- 4. Safety- minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
- a. Proper needle handling and disposal;
 - b. How to avoid overexposure to chemicals;
 - c. The use of Material Safety Data Sheets;
 - d. Blood spill procedures;
 - e. Equipment and instrument storage; and
 - f. First aid and CPR.
- Waterials contained in t 5. Bloodborne pathogen standards. - minimum of 50 hours of instruction.
 - a. OSHA and CDC bloodborne pathogen standards;
 - b. Control plan for bloodborne pathogens;

- c. Exposure control plan for tattooers;
- d. Overview of compliance requirements; and
- e. Disorders and when not to service a client.

6. Professional standards - minimum of 30 hours of instruction.

a. History of tattooing;

b. Ethics;

c. Recordkeeping:

(1) Client health history;

(2) Consent forms; and

or offical Board position (3) HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule) Standards: (e⁰⁾

d. Preparing station, making appointments, parlor ethics:

- (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
- Juentele;
 Juen (2) Promoting services of the parlor and establishing clientele.

h. Material selection and use;

i. Needles:

(1) Groupings:

(2) Properties; and

Materials contained in thi (3) Making;

j. Ink;

- k. Machine:
- (1) Construction;
- (2) Adjustment; and
- (3) Power supply;
- I. Art, drawing; and
- m. Portfolio.

- 8. Anatomy- minimum of 60 hours of instruction.
 - a. Understanding of skin; and

a. Definition of terms:

(1) Sterilization:

(2) Disinfection and disinfectant;

b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;

c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, and disinfectants;

d. The use of sanitation equipment;

e. Preservice sanitation procedure; and

f. Postservice sanitation procedure.

9. Safety- - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

a. Proper needle handling and disposal;

b. Blood spill procedures:

c. Equipment and instrument storage; and

(1) Licensing requirements; and

<u>. require</u> <u>. require</u> <u>. remanent cosmetic t</u> <u>a. Client consultation;</u> <u>b. Client health form;</u> <u>c. Client disclos</u> <u>d. Clien</u>t r <u>e</u>. r 14. Permanent cosmetic tattooing- - minimum of 100 hours of instruction.

c. Client disclosure form;

e. Drawing and mapping;

f. Sanitation and safety precautions;

g. Implement selection and use;

h. Proper use of equipment;

i. Material selection and use;

j. Eyebrows;	
k. Microblading;	
I. Eyeliner;	70.
m. Lip coloring;	SILL'S
n. Lip liners; and	
o. Scalp micropigmentation.	
E. The outline for master permanent cosmetic tattooing must include the following:	
k. Microblading; l. Eyeliner; m. Lip coloring; n. Lip liners; and o. Scalp micropigmentation. E. The outline for master permanent cosmetic tattooing must include the following: 1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction. 2. Machines and devices: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction. a. Coil or rotary machine; b. Hand device; and c. Others devices. 3. Needles: and cartridges - minimum of 5 hours of instruction. a. Types; b. Uses; and c. Application. 4. Advanced practical clinical anatomy: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction	
2. Machines and devices: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
a. Coil or rotary machine;	
b. Hand device; and	
<u>c. Others devices.</u>	
3. Needles: and cartridges - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
a. Types;	
b. Uses; and	
c. Application.	
Advanced practical chilical anatomy minimum or 10 nours of instruction.	
a. Eyelid anatomy; b. Lip anatomy; and c. Breast anatomy.	
b. Lip anatomy; and	
<u>c. Breast anatomy.</u>	
5. Advanced color theory minimum of 10 hours of instruction.	
6. Organic and inorganic pigment minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
7. Understanding the surgical process: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.	
a. The latissimus dorsi flap procedure;	
b. Abdominoplasty and breast reconstruction;	
c. Other reconstruction procedures:	
(1) Deep inferior epigastric artery (perforator (DIEP) flap; and	
(2) Superior gluteal artery (perforator (DIEP) flap;	
d. Flap size versus areola size; and	
e. Implant reconstruction:	
(1) Tissue expansion; (2) Placing the implant;	
(4) Saline versus silicone;	
(5) Radiation therapy; and	
(6) Lymphedema.	
8. Client consultation minimum of 10 hours of instruction.	
<u>9. Breast areolar pigmentation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.</u>	
a. Chart notes;	
(3) Implant versus flap reconstruction; (4) Saline versus silicone; (5) Radiation therapy; and (6) Lymphedema. 8. Client consultation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction. 9. Breast areolar pigmentation: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction. a. Chart notes; b. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);	
<u>c. Room setup:</u>	

d. Anesthetic for breast procedures:

e. Color selection;

f. Needle selection;

g. Design and placement;

(1) Position of the areola/nipple complex;

(2) The Penn Triangle;

(3) Diameter of the areola; and

(4) Nipple reconstruction;

h. Creating three-dimensional nipple/areola;

(1) Understanding and creating a reflection of light; and

(2) The value of color;

i. Covering scar tissue and periareolar scar blending;

i. Aftercare:

(1) Tegaderm aftercare instructions; and

(2) Follow up; and

k. Precautions and contraindications.

10. Skin cancer: - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

a. Basal cell carcinomas;

b. Squamous cell carcinomas; and

c. Melanoma.

<u>.tion</u>, to be construed as regulation or offical Board position Jare not to be construed as regulation or offical Board position 11. The art of camouflage: - minimum of 10 hours of instruction.

a. Client/patient selection and handling;

b. Contraindications and when not to perform services;

c. Skin tones;

d. Color selection and skin tone matching;

e. Scars;

f. Burn scar; and

g. Common needle configurations used for camouflage.

12. Side effects - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

13. Insurance - minimum of 5 hours of instruction.

14. Master permanent cosmetic tattooing procedures: - minimum of 110 hours of

d. Camouflage; and

e. Eyeshadow.

<u>_ater</u> <u>_auction.</u> <u>_a Lip;</u> <u>a Lip;</u> <u>b. Areola;</u> <u>c. Blush</u>: <u>d.</u>C-<u>GF.</u> A licensed tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo school may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in the respective profession and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the hours requirements specified in this section and 18VAC41-50-290. A licensed tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo school with an approved master permanent cosmetic tattoo program may conduct an assessment of a transfer student's competence in master permanent cosmetic tattooing and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the requirements specified in subsection E of this section and 18VAC41-50-290.D.

The school shall <u>must</u> make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript, <u>documentation of hours and performances provided to the student by the school</u>, and the successful completion of a board approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or the number of hours specified in the board-approved curriculum for a specific topic. Credit may only be given for in-person training.

18VAC41-50-290. Hours of instruction and performances Instruction and Performances.

A. <u>Tattooing Curriculum curriculum</u> requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-280. shall must be taught over a minimum of 1,000 hours as follows:

1. 350 hours shall <u>must</u> be devoted to theory pertaining to 18VAC41-50-280 B<u>C</u> 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 9;

2. 150 hours shall <u>must</u> be devoted to theory pertaining to 18VAC41-50-280 B<u>C</u> 3; and

 The remaining 500 hours shall must be devoted to practical training to include tattooing curriculum requirements and a minimum of 100 performances pertaining to 18VAC41-50-280 BC 7.

B. An approved tattooing school may conduct an assessment of a student's competence in the theory and practical requirements for tattooing and, based on the assessment, give a maximum of 700 hours of credit toward the requirements in subdivisions A 1 and A 3 of this section. No credit shall be allowed for the 150 hours required in subdivision A 2 of this section.

C. Individuals enrolled in a program prior to July 1, 2022, may complete the program at the hours in effect at the time they enrolled.

B. Curriculum and performance requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-280.D and E must be taught over a minimum of 200 clock hours for permanent cosmetic tattooing program and 200 clock hours for a master permanent cosmetic tattooing program.

C. A minimum of 60 performances must be completed as part of the permanent cosmetic tattooing instruction, including:

Eyebrow	<u>10 performances</u>
Microblading	<u>10 performances</u>
Lip Liner C	<u>5 performances</u>
Lip Color	<u>5 performances</u>
Materials control Eyeliner Scalp micropigmentation	<u>10 performances</u>
Materic Scalp micropigmentation	20 performances

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D. A minimum of 55 performances must be completed as part of the master permanent 285 regulation or offical Board position cosmetic tattooing instruction, including:

Lip (cleft lip repigmentation)	<u>5 performances</u>
<u>Areola</u>	<u>10 performances</u>
Blush application	<u>10 performances</u>
<u>Camouflage</u>	<u>10 performances</u>
Scar repigmentation	<u>10 performances</u>
<u>Eyeshadow</u>	<u>10 performances</u>

E. Completion of performances are determined as follows:

1. Two complete eyebrows constitutes one performance;

Two complete eye liners constitutes one performance;

3. One complete lip liner (bottom or top lip separately) constitutes one performance;

4. One complete lip color (bottom or top lip separately) constitutes one performance; and

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5. Two complete eveshadows constitute one performance.

Part VII

Permanent Cosmetic Tattooing Schools

18VAC41-50-300. Applicants for permanent cosmetic tattooing school license. (Repealed.)

Any person or entity desiring to operate a permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall submit an application to the board at least 60 days prior to the date for which approval is sought.

18VAC41-50-310. General requirements. (Repealed.)

A permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall:

1. Hold a permanent cosmetic tattooing school license for each and every location.

2. Hold a permanent cosmetic tattoo salon license if the school receives compensation for services provided in the area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

3. Employ a staff of licensed and certified permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors or licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructors.

4. Develop individuals for entry-level competency in permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing.

5. Submit its curricula for board approval.

Materials contained

6. Inform the public that all services are performed by students if the permanent cosmetic tattooing school receives compensation for services provided in its clinic by posting a notice in the reception area of the shop or salon in plain view of the public.

7. Conduct classroom instruction in an area separate from the area where practical instruction is conducted and services are provided.

8. Conduct all instruction and training of permanent cosmetic tattooers under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or a licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor.

9. Conduct all instruction and training of master permanent cosmetic tattooers under the direct supervision of a licensed and certified master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor.

18VAC41-50-330, Records, (Repealed.)

A. Schools are required to keep upon graduation, termination or withdrawal, written records B. For a period of five years after a student completes the curriculum, terminates or withdraws n the school, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performance appleted by a student upon receipt of a written request from the student C. Prior to a school changing owners: wrrent student of hours and performances showing what instruction a student has received for a period of five years after the student terminates or completes the curriculum of the school. These records shall be available for inspection by the department. All records must be kept on the premises of each school.

from the school, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

to current students documentation of hours and performances completed.

D. For a period of one year after a school changes ownership, schools are required to provide documentation of hours and performances completed by a current student upon receipt of a written request from the student.

18VAC41-50-360. Permanent cosmetic tattooing school curriculum requirements. (Repealed.)

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the permanent cosmetic tattooing school shall be required to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of health education on bloodborne disease.

, and Dratt Agendia and are not 35. Dratt Agendia 35. Dratt Agendia Dratt Agendia B. Permanent cosmetic tattooing school curriculum requirements are as follows:

- 1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations.
- 2. Machines and devices.
 - a. Coil machine:
 - b. Hand device: and
 - c. Others devices.
- 3. Needles.
 - a. Types;
 - b. Uses; and
 - c. Application.
- 4. Anatomy.

a. Layers of skin

b. Parts and functions of skin; and

- c. Diseases.
- Color theory.

a. Skin and pigment color; and

b. Handling and storage of pigments.

6 Transmission cycle of infectious diseases.

Materials contained if 7. Immunization.

a. Types of immunizations; and

b. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the tattooer and client.

8. Sanitation and disinfection.

a. Definition of terms:

(1) Sterilization;

(2) Disinfection and disinfectant;

- (3) Sterilizer or sterilant;
- (4) Antiseptic:

- 9. Safety.
- 10. Bloodborne pathogen standards.
 - Jan Jording a client. Draft Agenda He praft Agenda He praft Agenda Draft Agenda Draft Agenda
- 11. Anesthetics.
- 12. Equipment.
 - a. Gloves;
 - b. Masks:
 - c. Apron;
- , able. , rrotessional standards. a. History of permanent cosmetic tattooing; b. Ethics; c. Recordkeeping: (1) Client health history; ar (2) Consent form d. Prend. Preparing station, making appointments, salon ethics:
 - (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
 - (2) Promoting services of the salon and establishing clientele; and
 - e. Salon management:

(1) Licensing requirements; and

(2) Taxes.

14. Permanent cosmetic tattooing.

a. Client consultation;

b. Client health form;

c. Client disclosure form:

d. Client preparation;

e. Drawing and mapping;

f. Sanitation and safety precautions;

g. Implement selection and use;

h. Proper use of equipment;

i. Material selection and use:

i. Evebrows:

k. Microbladina:

I. Eyeliner;

m. Lip coloring;

n. Lip liners; and

o. Scalp micropigmentation.

rot-to be construed as regulation or offical poard position ,-and ,-and aevices. ,-and aevices. ,-and aevices. ,-and trathasion and trathasion and prathasion prath C. Master permanent cosmetic tattooing program curriculum requirements are as follows:

1. Virginia tattooing laws and regulations.

2. Machines and devices:

3. Needles:

4. Advanced practical clinical anatomy:

b. Lip anatomy; and

a. The latissimus dorsi flap procedure;

b. Abdominoplasty and breast reconstruction;

(1) Deep inferior epigastric artery perforator (DIEP) flap; and

(2) Superior gluteal artery perforator (DIEP) flap;

d. Flap size versus areola size; and

e. Implant reconstruction:

- (1) Tissue expansion;
- (2) Placing the implant;
- (3) Implant versus flap reconstruction;
- (4) Saline versus silicone;
- (5) Radiation therapy; and
- (6) Lymphedema.
- 8. Client consultation.

9. Breast areolar pigmentation:

a. Chart notes;

Jarenotto be construed as regulation or offical Board position b. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);

c. Room setup:

d. Anesthetic for breast procedures;

- e. Color selection:
- f. Needle selection;

g. Design and placement;

(1) Position of the areola/nipple complex;

(2) The Penn Triangle;

(3) Diameter of the areola; and

(4) Nipple reconstruction;

h. Creating three-dimensional nipple/areola

(1) Understanding and creating a reflection of light; and

(2) The value of color;

i. Covering scar tissue and periareolar scar blending;

i. Aftercare;

(1) Tegaderm aftercare instructions; and

(2) Follow up; and)

k. Precautions and contraindications.

10. Skin cancer:

a. Basal cell carcinomas;

b. Squamous cell carcinomas; and

c. Melanoma.

11_The art of camouflage:

a. Client/patient selection and handling;

b. Contraindications and when not to perform services;

c. Skin tones:

d. Color selection and skin tone matching;

e. Scars:

f. Burn scar; and

g. Common needle configurations used for camouflage.

Materials contained in 12. Side effects.

- 13. Insurance.
- 14. Master permanent cosmetic tattooing procedures:
 - a. Lip;
 - b. Areola;
 - c. Blush;
 - d. Camouflage; and
 - e. Eyeshadow.

al Board position D. A licensed school with an approved permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing program may conduct an assessment of a student's competence in the respective profession and, based on the assessment, give credit toward the hours requirements specified in the respective subsection of this section and 18VAC41-50-370.

The school shall make the assessment based on a review of the student's transcript and the successful completion of a board-approved competency examination administered by the school. The school may also request a copy of a catalog or bulletin giving the full course description when making the evaluation. The number of credit hours awarded shall not exceed the actual hours of instruction verified on the transcript or diploma or the number of hours specified in the boardapproved curriculum for a specific topic. Credit may only be given for in-person training.

18VAC41-50-370. Hours of instruction and performances. (Repealed.)

A. Curriculum and performance requirements specified in 18VAC41-50-360 and this section shall be taught over a minimum of 200 clock hours for permanent cosmetic tattooing program and 200 clock hours for a master permanent cosmetic tattooing program.

B. A minimum of 50 performances shall be completed as part of the permanent cosmetic tattooing instruction, including two eyebrow, two microblading procedures, two lip liners, one lip color, and one full lips.

C. A minimum of 60 performances shall be completed as part of the master permanent cosmetic tattooing instruction, including: X

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Lip (cleft lip repigmentation)		10
Areola 🧹	20-	10
- ce		
Blush application		10
Camouflage		10
Scar repigmentation		10
Eyeshadow		10

D. Completion of performances are determined as follows:

1. Two complete eyebrows constitutes one performance;

2. Two complete eye liners constitutes one performance; and

One complete lip liner constitutes one performance.

Materials contained E. Individuals enrolled in a program prior to July 1, 2022, may complete the program at the hours in effect at the time they enrolled.

Part VIII

Standards of Practice

18VAC41-50-380. Display of licenseLicense.

A. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> ensure that all current licenses issued by the board shall <u>must</u> be displayed at the licensee's station or in plain view of the public. Duplicate licenses shall <u>must</u> be posted in a like manner in every parlor or salon or location where the licensee provides services.

B. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor owner or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> ensure that no licensee, apprentice, or student performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the applicable license.

C. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> offer to licensees the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

D. The responsible management for each tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall <u>must</u> maintain a record for each licensee of one of the following:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine; 🔊

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

3. Written declaration of refusal of the responsible management's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

E. All licensees shall must operate under the name in which the license is issued.

18VAC41-50-390. Physical facilities Facilities.

A. A parlor or salon must be in a permanent building or portion of a building, which must be in a location permissible under local zoning codes, if any. If applicable, the parlor or salon shall <u>must</u> be separated from any living quarters by complete floor to ceiling partitioning and shall <u>must</u> contain no access to living quarters.

B. The parlor, salon, or temporary location shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner. Mobile shops and salons must have a shop or salon license, comply with all requirements found in sections 18 VAC 41-50-260 and 18 VAC 41-50-270 and provide a physical address.

C. All facilities shall have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area. Any parlor, salon, or temporary location where services are delivered to the public shall be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.

D. Work surfaces shall be cleaned with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered, hospital grade disinfectant. Surfaces that come in contact with blood or other body fluids shall be immediately disinfected with an EPA registered germicide solution. Appropriate personal protective equipment shall be worn during cleaning and disinfecting procedures. <u>All facilities must have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area that contains at minimum latex gloves, two 12-inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) approved blood spill clean-up kit.</u>

E. Work surfaces must be cleaned with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered, hospital grade disinfectant. Surfaces that come in contact with blood or other body fluids must be immediately disinfected with an EPA registered germicide solution. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be worn during cleaning and disinfecting procedures.

E.<u>F.</u> Cabinets for the storage of instruments, pigments, single-use articles, stencils and other utensils shall <u>must</u> be provided for each operator and shall <u>must</u> be maintained in a sanitary manner.

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F.G. Bulk single-use articles shall <u>must</u> be commercially packaged and handled in such a way as to protect them from contamination.

G.<u>H.</u> All materials applied to the human skin shall be from single-use articles or transferred from bulk containers to single-use containers and shall be disposed of after each use.

H.<u>I.</u> The walls, ceilings, and floors shall <u>must</u> be kept in good repair. The tattooing area shall <u>must</u> be constructed of smooth, hard surfaces that are nonporous, free of open holes or cracks, light colored, and easily cleaned. New parlors shall <u>must</u> not include any dark-colored surfaces in the tattooing area. Existing parlors or salons with dark-colored surfaces in the tattooing area shall <u>must</u> replace the dark-colored surfaces with light-colored surfaces whenever the facilities are extensively remodeled or upon relocation of the business.

I.J. Parlors, salons, or temporary locations shall <u>must</u> have adequate lighting of at least 50foot candles of illumination in the tattooing and sterilization areas.

J.K. Adequate mechanical ventilation shall must be provided in the parlor.

K.<u>L.</u> Each parlor, salon, or temporary location shall <u>must</u> be equipped with hand-cleaning facilities for its personnel with unobstructed access to the tattooing area such that the tattooer can return to the area without having to touch anything with the tattooer's hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall <u>must</u> be equipped either with hot and cold or tempered running water under pressure and liquid germicidal soap or with a sanitizing solution to clean hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall <u>must</u> be equipped with single-use towels or mechanical hand drying devices and a covered refuse container. Such facilities shall be kept clean and in good repair. All facilities must have running water and soap accessible for cleaning of hands contaminated by body fluids.

<u>L.M.</u> Animals are not permitted in the parlor, salon, or temporary location except for guide or service animals accompanying persons with disabilities, or nonmammalian animals in enclosed glass containers such as fish aquariums, which shall <u>must</u> be outside of the tattooing or sterilization areas. No animals are allowed in the tattooing or sterilization areas.

M.<u>N.</u> Use of tobacco products and consumption of alcoholic beverages shall <u>must</u> be prohibited in the tattooing or sterilization areas.

N.O. No food or drink will be stored or consumed in the tattooing or sterilization areas except for client's use in order to sustain optimal physical condition; such food and drink must be individually packaged.

O.P. If tattooing is performed where cosmetology services are provided, it shall <u>must</u> be performed in an area that is separate and enclosed.

P.Q. All steam sterilizers shall must be biological spore tested at least monthly.

Q.R. Biological spore tests shall must be verified through an independent laboratory.

R.<u>S.</u> Biological spore test records shall <u>must</u> be retained for a period of three years and made available upon request.

S.T. Steam sterilizers shall must be used only for instruments used by the parlor's employees.

18VAC41-50-400. Tattooer or permanent cosmetic tattooer or master permanent cosmetic tattooer responsibilities Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer or Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer Responsibilities.

A. All tattooers shall must provide to the responsible management with one of the following:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

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3. Written declaration of refusal of the responsible management's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

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B. All tattooers shall must wear clean outer garments, maintain a high degree of personal cleanliness, and conform to hygienic practices while on duty.

Board Position C. All tattooers shall must clean their hands thoroughly using hot or tempered water with a liquid germicidal soap or use sanitizing solution to clean hands before and after tattooing and as necessary to remove contaminants.

D. All tattooers must wear single-use examination gloves while assembling tattooing instruments and while tattooing.

E. Each time there is an interruption in the service, the gloves become torn or perforated, or tionorof whenever the ability of the gloves to function as a barrier is compromised:

1. Gloves shall must be removed and disposed of; and

2. Hands shall must be cleaned and a fresh pair of gloves used.

F. Tattooers shall must use standard precautions while tattooing. A tattooer diagnosed with a communicable disease shall must provide to the Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation a written statement from a health care practitioner that the tattooer's condition no longer poses a threat to public health. 0

G. Tattooers with draining lesions on their hands or face will not be permitted to work until cleared by a health care professional.

H. The area of the client's skin to be tattooed shall must be cleaned with an approved germicidal soap according to label directions.

I. Tattooing pigments shall must be placed in a single-use disposable container for each client. Following the procedure, the unused contents and container will be properly disposed of.

J. If shaving is required, razors shall must be single-use. After use, razors shall must be recapped and properly disposed of.

K. Each tattooer performing any tattooing procedures in the parlor or salon shall must have the education, training, and experience, or any combination thereof to practice aseptic technique and prevent the transmission of bloodborne pathogens. All procedures shall must be performed using aseptic technique.

L. Multiuse instruments, equipment, furniture, and surfaces that may be contaminated during the tattooing process should must be covered or wrapped in a nonporous disposable barrier. This barrier should must be removed and disposed of after each service.

M. After the disposable barrier is removed, covered items should must be wiped down with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency registered disinfectant that is bactericidal, virucidal, and fungicidal.

N. A set of individual, sterilized needles shall must be used for each client. Single-use disposable instruments shall be disposed of in a puncture resistant container.

O. Used, rondisposable instruments, such as stainless steel tubes, tips, and grips, shall must be kept in a separate, puncture resistant container until brush scrubbed in hot water soap and then sterilized by autoclaving. Contaminated instruments shall must be handled with disposable gloves.

P. Used nondisposable instruments that are ultrasonically cleaned shall must be rinsed under Conning hot water prior to being placed in the used instrument container;

Q. Used nondisposable instruments that are not ultrasonically cleaned prior to being placed in the used instrument container shall must be kept in a germicidal or soap solution until brush scrubbed in hot water and soap and sterilized by autoclaving.

R. The ultrasonic unit shall must be sanitized daily with a germicidal solution.

S. Nondisposable instruments shall must be sterilized and shall be handled and stored in a manner to prevent contamination. Instruments to be sterilized shall must be sealed in bags made U. Nondisposable instruments shall must be placed in the autoclave in a manner to allow live of the autoclave around them. V. A Sealed, puncture proof dirty tube receptacle with cool. Hards Multicity of the autoclave in the biohazard or cleanues. specifically for the purpose of autoclave sterilization and shall must include the date of sterilization. If nontransparent bags are utilized, the bag shall must also list the contents.

sterilization shall must be utilized during the autoclave sterilization process.

steam to circulate around them.

maintained in the biohazard or cleanup room.

W. Sharps containers should must be located within reach of the tattooing area.

X. Contaminated disposable and single-use items shall must be disposed of in accordance with federal and state regulations regarding disposal of biological hazardous materials.

Y. The manufacturer's written instructions of the autoclave shall must be followed.

qualifications. disclosures. 18VAC41-50-410. Client recordsQualifications. and Disclosures, and Records.

A. Except as permitted in § 18.2-371.3 of the Code of Virginia, a client must be a minimum of 18 years of age and shall must present at the time of the tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing a valid, government issued, positive identification card including a driver's license, passport, or military identification. The identification must contain a photograph of the individual and a printed date of birth.

B. The tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer shall must verify and document in the permanent client record the client's age, date of birth, and the type of identification provided. S 80

C. No person may be tattooed or permanent cosmetic tattooed who appears to be under the c_CC influence of alcohol or drugs.

D. Tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing shall must not be performed on any skin surface that manifests any evidence of unhealthy conditions, such as rashes, boils, infections, abrasions, or on any asymmetrical, irregular, blurred, or multicolored mole.

E. Before receiving a tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo, each client and client's parent or guardian, if applicable, shall must be informed verbally and in writing, using the client disclosure form prescribed by the board, about the possible risk and dangers associated with the application of each tattoo. Signatures of both the client and/or client's parent or guardian and the tattooer shall must be required on the client disclosure form to acknowledge receipt of both the verbal and written disclosures.

F. The tattoo parlor or temporary location or permanent cosmetic tattoo salon shall must maintain proper records for each client. The information shall must be permanently recorded and made available for examination by the Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation or authorized agent. Records shall must be maintained at the tattoo parlor or permanent cosmetic a salon fi records shall <u>i</u> corthe following: 1. ^T' tattoo salon for at least two years following the date of the last entry. The temporary location client records shall must be maintained by the license holder. The permanent records shall must include

1. The name, address, and telephone number of the client; and/or client's parent or guardian;

2. The date tattooing or permanent cosmetic tattooing was performed;

3. The client's age, date of birth, and a copy of the positive identification provided to the tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer;

4. The specific color or colors of the tattoo or permanent cosmetic tattoo and, when available, the manufacturer's catalogue or identification number of each color used;

7. A statement that the client <u>and/or client's parent or guardian</u> has received a copy of applicable written care instructions, and that the client has read and understande that instructions; and 8. The signature of the client and if one "

18VAC41-50-420. Grounds for license or certificate revocation, suspension or probation; denial of application, renewal, or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penaltyGrounds for License Revocation, Suspension or Probation; Denial of application, Renewal, or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee or certificate holder and suspend, place on probation, or revoke or refuse to renew or reinstate any license or certificate, or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seg.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if it finds that the licensee, certificate holder, or applicant:

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, refuse to issue, renew or reinstate a license or certificate, impose a monetary penalty, place a license or certificate on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate, suspend a license or certificate for a stated period of time; or revoke a license or certificate issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if it finds that the licensee, certificate holder, or applicant:

1. Is incompetent, or negligent in practice tattooing, or incapable mentally or physically, or unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, to (i) practice as a tattooer, tattooer apprentice, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer or (ii) operate a parlor, permanent cosmetic tattooing salon, or school;

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice or teaching of tattooing, permanent cosmetic tattooing or master permanent cosmetic tattooing or fails to teach the boardapproved curriculum as provided for in this chapter; , or fails to comply with 18VAC41-50-280.F when making an assessment of credit hours awarded;

3. Obtained attempted to obtain, renewed, or reinstated a license by false or fraudulent representation; Attempts to obtain, obtained, renewed or reinstated a license, certificate, apprentice or temporary license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates or induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating, any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which tattooers, permanent cosmetic tattooers or master permanent cosmetic tattooers may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local employee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent, in the performance of that employee's duties, any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing tattooing as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia;

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6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed parlor, salon, or school for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) or this chapter;

Board position 8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, certificate holder's, temporary license holder's, apprentice's, applicant's or responsible management's possession or maintained in accordance with this chapter;

9. Fails to notify the board of a change of name or address in writing within 30 days of the change for each and every license, certificate, apprentice, or temporary license;

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading;

11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license or certificate in connection with a disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction or of any license or certificate that has been the subject of disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction; Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of any final action or disciplinary action taken against a license, apprentice, temporary license or certificate in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States, of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude. sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia. Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or quilt;

13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of any convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section?

14. Allows, as responsible management of a parlor, or salon, or school, a person who has not obtained a license, temporary license, or guest tattooer license to practice as a tattooer, permanent cosmetic tattooer, or master permanent cosmetic tattooer, unless the person is duly enrolled licensed as an apprentice;

15. Allows, as responsible management of a school, a person who has not obtained an instructor certificate or student instructor temporary license to practice as a tattooing, or permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor or master permanent cosmetic tattooing instructor,

16. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practice of tattooing, or the operation of tattoo parlors or permanent cosmetic tattooing salons; or

17. Fails to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at any board examination.

Materials contained FORMS (18VAC41-50)

Tattooer Examination & License Application, A450-1231EXLIC-v17 (rev. 9/2023)

Training Verification Form, A450-1213TR-vs1 (eff. 5/2022)	
Tattooing Apprenticeship Sponsor Application, A450-12TATSPON-v6 (rev. 9/2023)	
Tattooer Apprenticeship Certification Application, A450-TAT SOA-v3 (rev. 3/2015)	10/
Tattooing Apprenticeship Sponsor Application, A450-12TATSPON-v6 (rev. 9/2023) Tattooer Apprenticeship Certification Application, A450-TAT_SOA-v3 (rev. 3/2015) Tattoo Apprenticeship Completion Form, A450-12TAC-v8 (rev. 1/2020) Tattoo Client Disclosure Form, A450-12TDIS-v3 (rev. 1/2020) Limited Term Tattooer License Application, A450-1235LIC-v9 (rev. 9/2022) Limited Term Tattoo Parlor License Application, A450-1235LIC-v9 (rev. 9/2022)	5
Tattoo Client Disclosure Form, A450-12TDIS-v3 (rev. 1/2020)	
Limited Term Tattooer License Application, A450-1233LIC-v12 (rev. 9/2022)	
Limited Term Tattoo Parlor License Application, A450-1235LIC-v9 (rev. 9/2022)	
Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer Examination & License Application, A450-1236EXLIC 16 (rev. 9/2023)	
Master Permanent Cosmetic Tattooer Examination & License Application, A450-1237EXLIC- v14 (rev. 9/2023)	
License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (rev. 9/2022)	
Body Piercing, Tattoo, Perm Cos Tattoo Experience Verification Form, A450-	
<u>12BPTATT_EXP-v2 (rev. 7/2022)</u>	
Salon, Shop, Spa & Parlor License-Reinstatement Application A450-1213BUS-v17 (rev. 9- 2023)	
Licensure Fee Notice, A450-1213FEE-v11 (rev. 9/2022)	
Instructor Certification Application, A450-1213INST-vs18 (tev. 9/2023)	
Individuals - Reinstatement Application, A450-1213REI-V13 (rev. 9/2022)	
School License Application, A450-1213SCHL-v19 (rev. 9/2023)	
Tattoo-Body Piercing Universal App A450-1231-41ULR-v1 (eff. 7/2023)	
School Reinstatement Application, A450-1213SCHL-REIN-v9 (rev. 9/2022) Tattoo-Body Piercing Universal App A450-1231-41ULR-v1 (eff. 7/2023)	
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APPROVAL OF PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ICAL BOARD AND THE REGULATIONS FEBRUARY 7, 2024 TO: FROM: **SUBJECT:** DATE:

At the August 14, 2023 meeting, the Board approved a Notice of Intended Regulatory Action to initiate a General Review of the Body-Piercing Regulations. The public comment period on the NOIRA is complete, and it is now time for the Board to adopt proposed regulations. There was no public comment. constr

You will find attached a copy of the proposed language that needs to be adopted by the Board.

If the Board concurs with the proposed regulations, the Board can vote to "adopt the proposed Please come to the meeting prepared to discuss.

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Board For Barbers And Cosmetology

General Review of Body-Piercing Regulations

Chapter 60

Body-Piercing Regulations Part I

General

18VAC41-60-10. Definitions.

regulation or offical Board position A. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. All terms defined in Chapter? (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia are incorporated in this chapter.ascribed to them in Chapter nd are not to be cor 7(§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia:

"Board"

"Body-piercer"

"Body-piercing"

"Body-piercing salon"

"Body-piercing school"

B. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Apprenticeship program" means an approved body-piercing training program conducted by an approved apprenticeship sponsor.

"Apprenticeship sponsor" means an individual approved to conduct body-piercing apprenticeship training who meets the qualifications in 18VAC41-60-70.

"Aseptic technique" means a hygienic practice that prevents and hinders the direct transfer of microorganisms, regardless of pathogenicity, from one person or place to another person or place.

"Body piercer ear only" means any person who uses only a mechanized, presterilized earpiercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both for compensation.

"Body piercing ear only" means the use of a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both.

"Body-piercing ear only salon" means any place in which a fee is charged for the act of using a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both.

Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law.

"Direct supervision" means a Virginia licensed body piercer is present in the body-piercing salon at all times when services are being performed by a temporary license holder or registered apprentice.

Materialscor "Endorsement" means a method of obtaining a license by a person who is currently licensed in another state or jurisdiction of the United States.

"Firm" means any business entity recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

"Gratuitous services" as used in § 54.1-701.5 of the Code Virginia means providing bodypiercing services without receiving compensation or reward, or obligation. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

"Licensee" means any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, sole proprietorship, limited liability partnership, or any other form of organization permitted by law holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia any individual or firm holding a license issued by the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology.

"Reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" shall mean the business hours when the licensee is open to the public.

"Reinstatement" means having a license restored to effectiveness after the expiration date has passed.

"Renewal" means continuing the effectiveness of a license for another period of time. not to be constru

"Responsible management" means the following individuals:

- 1. The sole proprietor of a sole proprietorship;
- 2. The partners of a general partnership;
- 3. The managing partners of a limited partnership;
- 4. The officers of a corporation;
- 5. The managers of a limited liability company;
- 6. The officers or directors of an association or both; and

7. Individuals in other business entities recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as having a fiduciary responsibility to the firm.

"Sole proprietor" means any individual, not a corporation, who is trading under that individual's own name, or under an assumed or fictitious name pursuant to the provisions of §§ 59.1-69 through 59.1-76 of the Code of Virginia.

"Sterilization area" means a separate room or area separate from workstations with restricted client access in which body-piercing instruments are cleaned, disinfected, and sterilized.

"Substantially equivalent exam" means an examination administered by the licensing entity which covers Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Substantially equivalent training" means at least 80% of the required hours in Virginia and curriculum content covering Virginia's scope of practice for that profession.

"Temporary location" means a fixed location at which body piercing is performed for a specified length of time of not more than seven days in conjunction with a single event or convention.

18VAC41-60-15. Gratuitous Services.

Any individual who engages in body piercing and body piercing ear only without receiving compensation, reward or obligation is considered to be performing gratuitous Materialscor services and is exempt from the provisions of this chapter. Gratuitous services do not include services provided at no charge when goods are purchased.

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Part II

18VAC41-60-20. General requirements Requirements.

A. Any individual wishing to engage in body piercing shall must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action, or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant has been previously licensed in Virginia as a body piercer, or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein the board deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in body piercing and body piercing ear only. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia body-piercing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with \$54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application: and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima f<mark>acie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt.</mark> The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must provide evidence satisfactory to the board that the applicant has passed the board-approved examination, administered either by the board or by a designated testing service.

Materialscontained B. Eligibility to sit for board-approved body-piercer examination.

1. Training in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any person completing an approved bodypiercing apprenticeship program in a Virginia licensed body-piercing salon shall be is eligible to sit for the examination.

2. Training outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia., but within the United States or jurisdiction of the United States. Any person completing a body-piercing training or apprenticeship program that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. If less than required hours of body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship was completed, an applicant must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship or documentation of three years of work experience within the preceding five years as a body piercer and (ii) documentation of completion of a minimum of five hours of health education to include (a) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body piercing; (b) first aid; and (c) CPR that is acceptable to the board in order to be eligible for examination.

a. Any person completing a body-piercing training or apprenticeship program that is substantially equivalent to the Virginia program but is outside of the Commonwealth of Virginia must submit to the board documentation of the successful completion of training or apprenticeship to be eligible for examination. Applicants who have earned a degree from an institution outside the United States must have their degree translated, authenticated and evaluated by an education evaluation service if credit is sought for the education. The board in its discretion may decline to accept any an evaluation submitted by an applicant.

b. Applicants who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying three years of work experience in any other state opjurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board; (ii) documentation of completion of board-approved health education to include (a) bloodborne pathogens sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body-piercing; and (b) first aid.

If less than required hours of body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship was completed, an applicant must submit (i) documentation acceptable to the board verifying the completion of a substantially equivalent body-piercing training or body-piercing apprenticeship or documentation of three years of work experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board; and (ii) documentation of completion of board-approved health education to include (a) bloodborne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body piercing; and (b) first aid.

C. In order to receive a license as a body piercer ear only, an applicant must meet the following qualifications: Any individual wishing to engage in body-piercing ear only must obtain a license in compliance with § 54.1-703 of the Code of Virginia and meet the following qualifications:

1. The applicant shall have completed a minimum of three hours of health education to include bloodborne disease and first aid that is acceptable to the board and provide verification of training on a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates Materials contained the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both and aftercare of piercing.

21. The applicant shall be in good standing in every jurisdiction where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in another jurisdiction in connection with the applicant's licensed, certified, or registered practice. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure whether he has been previously licensed in Virginia in any profession regulated by the board. The applicant must be in good standing in Virginia and in all other jurisdictions where licensed, certified, or registered. The applicant must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other

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jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection Board Position with a disciplinary action pertaining to services within the respective scope of practice, or voluntary termination of a license.

Upon review of the applicant's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in body piercing.

32. The applicant shall must disclose the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable.may be provided as a secondary address.

43. The applicant shall-must sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia body-piercing license laws and the board's body-piercing regulations this chapter.

54. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall-must disclose the following information regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 20 10 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant must have completed board-approved health education to include bloodborne disease and first aid and provide verification of training on a mechanized, presterilized ear-piercing system that penetrates the outer perimeter or lobe of the ear or both and aftercare of piercing. 11.

18VAC41-60-30. License by endorsement Endorsement.

A. Upon proper application to the board, any person currently licensed to practice as a body piercer in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States and who has completed a training or apprenticeship program and an examination that is substantially equivalent to that required by this chapter may be issued a body piercer license without an examination. The applicant must also meet the requirements set forth in 18VAC41-60-20 A 1 through A 4.

B. Applicants for dicensure by endorsement who completed a training program that is not substantially equivalent to Virginia's training but otherwise meet all the requirements listed in subsection A of this section, may substitute three years of work experience for training. Applicants must provide their work history demonstrating three years of licensed experience in any other state or jurisdiction of the United States on a form provided by the board.

18VAC41-60-40. Examination requirements and fees Requirements and Fees.

A Applicants for initial licensure shall must pass an examination approved by the board. The examinations may be administered by the board or by a designated testing service.

B. Any candidate failing to appear as scheduled for examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

Materialscor GB. The applicant shall must follow all procedures established by the board with regard to conduct at the examination. Such procedures shall include any written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and any instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board

and the testing service with regard to conduct at the examination may be grounds for denial of application.

DC. Any applicant who does not pass a reexamination within one year of the initial examination date shall be required to submit a new application.

ED. The fee for examination or reexamination is subject to contracted charges to the board by an outside vendor. These contracts are competitively negotiated and bargained for in compliance with the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq. of the Code of Virginia). Fees may be adjusted and charged to the candidate in accordance with these contracts. The fee shall not exceed \$225 per candidate.

E. Any candidate failing to apply for initial licensure within five years of passing the written examination shall be required to retake the examination. Records of examinations shall be maintained for a maximum of five years.

18VAC41-60-70. requirements for a body-piercing apprenticeship General sponsorRequirements for a Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Sponsor.

A. Upon filing an application with the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology, any person meeting the qualifications set forth in this section may be eligible to sponsor a body-piercing apprentice if the person: Any individual wishing to sponsor a body-piercing apprentice must meet the following qualifications:

1. Holds The applicant must hold a current Virginia body-piercing license;

2. Provides The applicant must provide documentation of legally practicing body piercing for at least five years; and

3. Provides The applicant must provide documentation indicating that he is in good standing in all jurisdictions where the practice of body piercing is regulated.

B. Apprenticeship sponsors shall be required to maintain a body-piercer license.

C. Apprenticeship sponsors shall ensure compliance with the 1500-hour Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Program and Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Standards.

18VAC41-60-75. Body-Piercing Temporary License.

A. A temporary license to work under the direct supervision of a currently licensed body piercer may be issued only to applicants for initial licensure who the board finds eligible for examination. There shall be no fee for a temporary license.

B. The temporary license shall remain in force for 90 days and no subsequent temporary license shall be issued.

C. Any person continuing to practice body piercing services after a temporary license has expired may be prosecuted and fined by the Commonwealth under §§ 54.1-111 A 1 and 54.1-202 of the Code of Virginia.

D. Temporary licenses shall not be issued where grounds may exist to deny a license pursuant to § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia or 18VAC41-60-20.

18VAC41-60-80. Salon licenseGeneral requirements for a Salon License.

A Any firm wishing to operate a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon shall must obtain a salon license in compliance with § 54.1-704.1 of the Code of Virginia and shall must

1. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall must be in good standing as a licensed salon in Virginia and all other jurisdictions where licensed-, certified or registered. The applicant and all members of the responsible management shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions in connection with the applicant's operation of any

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body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon or practice of the profession. The applicant and all members of the responsible management must provide a copy of any disciplinary action taken in Virginia and all other jurisdictions to the board at the time of application for licensure. This disclosure includes monetary penalties, fines, probation, suspensions, revocations, surrender of a license in connection with a disciplinary action of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of or voluntary termination of a license. The applicant shall disclose to the board at the time of application for licensure if the applicant or any member of the responsible management has been previously licensed in Virginia as a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon.

Upon review of the applicant's and all members of the responsible management's prior disciplinary action, the board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant wherein it deems the applicant is unfit or unsuited to engage in the operation of a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon. The board will decide each case by taking into account the totality of the circumstances. Any plea of nolo contendere or comparable plea shall be considered a disciplinary action for the purposes of this subdivision. The applicant shall provide a certified copy of a final order, decree, or case decision by a court, regulatory agency, or board with the lawful authority to issue such order, decree, or case decision, and such copy shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such disciplinary action.

2. The applicant shall must disclose his the applicant's physical address. A post office box is not acceptable may be provided as a secondary address.

3. The applicant shall <u>must</u> sign, as part of the application, a statement certifying that the applicant has read and understands the Virginia body-piercing license laws and this chapter.

4. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall <u>must</u> disclose the following information about the firm and all members of the responsible management regarding criminal convictions in Virginia and all other jurisdictions:

a. All misdemeanor convictions within two years of the date of application involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury within two years of the date of the application; and

b. All felony convictions within 2010 years of the date of application.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subsection. The record of a conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

5. The applicant shall must disclose the firm's responsible management.

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B. A body-piercing Body-piercing salon licenses or body-piercing ear only salon licenses are issued to firms as defined in this chapter and shall not be transferable. and shall bear the same name and address of the business entity. Any changes in the name or address of the salon shall be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of such changes. The board shall not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board in writing of any change of name or address or for any other reason beyond the control of the board. New responsible management shall be responsible for applying for a new license within 30 days of the changes.

C. Whenever the legal business entity holding the license is dissolved or altered to form a new business entity, the original license becomes void. and shall be returned to the board within 30 days of the change. The firm must notify the board, Additionally, the firm shall apply for a new license within 30 days of the change in the business entity and destroy the license. Such changes include:

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1. Death of a sole proprietor;

2. Death or withdrawal of a general partner in a general partnership or the managing

 Description a limited liability company, an or virginia.
 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation, managers of a limited liability company, or post of the company, or post of the company of the company.
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 D. Any change in the officers of a corporation. officers or directors of an association shall must be reported to the board in writing within 30 days of the change.

body-piercing salon license issued by the board.

E. The board or any of its agents shall be allowed to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Fitle 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.

F. Mobile salons must have a salon license and provide a physical address. be constri

Part III

Fees

18VAC41-60-90. Fees.

The following fees apply: are nonrefundable and shall not be prorated:

FEE TYPE	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2022, through August 31, 2024	AMOUNT DUE September 1, 2024, and a
Individuals:	Sto do los	
Application	<u>چر</u> ن ^ی \$90	\$105
License by Endorsement	55 KOT \$\$90	\$105
Renewal:	\$90 \$90 \$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90	\$105
Reinstatement	\$180* *includes \$90 renewal fee and \$90 reinstatement fee	\$210* *includes \$105 renewal fee a reinstatement fee
Salons:		
Application	\$165	\$190
Renewal	\$165	\$190
Reinstatement	\$330* *includes \$165 renewal fee and \$165 reinstatement fee	\$380* *includes \$190 renewal fee a reinstatement fee

18VAC41-60-100. Refunds. (<u>Repealed.)</u>

Part IV

Renewal and Reinstatement

18VAC41-60-110. License renewal required Renewal Required.

Board Position All body piercer, body piercer ear only, body-piercing salon, and body-piercing ear only salon licenses shall expire two years from the last day of the month in which they were issued.

18VAC41-60-120. Continuing education requirementEducation Requiremet.

All licensed body piercers shall be required to must satisfactorily complete a minimum of five hours of board-approved health education to include (i) bloodborne disease, sterilization and aseptic techniques related to body piercing; and (ii) first aid; and (iii) CPR during their licensed term. All licensed body piercers ear only shall be required to must satisfactorily complete a minimum of three hours of board-approved health education to include bloodborne disease and first aid during their licensed term. Documentation of training completion shall must be provided at the time of renewal along with the required fee.

18VAC41-60-130. Notice of renewal Renewal.

The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation will mail a renewal notice to the licensee outlining the procedures for renewal. Failure to receive this notice, however, shall not relieve the licensee of the obligation to renew. If the licensee fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the old license may be submitted as evidence of intent to renew, along with the required fee.

18VAC41-60-140. Failure to renewRenew.

A. When an individual or business entity fails to renew its license within 30 days following its expiration date, the licensee shall must meet the renewal requirements prescribed in 18VAC41-60-120 and 18VAC41-60-130 and apply for reinstatement of the license by submitting to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a reinstatement application along with the required renewal and pay the reinstatement fees.

B. When an individual or business entity fails to renew its license within two years following the expiration date, reinstatement is no longer possible. To resume practice:

1. The former licensee shall must apply for licensure as a new applicant, shall meet all current application entry requirements., shall pass the board's current examination if applicable, and shall receive a new license.

2. An individual initially granted licensure under an examination exemption, known as grandfathering, pursuant to 18VAC41-60-20 A 6 shall submit a new application showing the individualemet the requirements of the applicable examination waiver provision. demonstrate five years of licensed experience, previously licensed in Virginia for a minimum of three (3), must submit a new application, and pass the required examination.

C. The date a renewal fee is received by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation or its agent, will be used to determine whether the requirement for reinstatement of a license is applicable and an additional fee is required.

D: When a license is reinstated, the licensee shall have the same license number and shall be assigned an expiration date two years from the date of the last day of the month of reinstatement.

E. A licensee that reinstates its license shall be regarded as having been continuously licensed without interruption. Therefore, a licensee shall be subject to the authority of the board for activities performed prior to reinstatement.

F. A licensee that fails to reinstate its license shall be regarded as unlicensed from the expiration date of the license forward. Nothing in this chapter shall divest the board of its authority

to discipline a licensee for a violation of the law or regulations during the period of time for which the individual was licensed.

18VAC41-60-150. Applicants for board approval Board Approval.

A. Any person desiring to enroll in the body-piercing apprenticeship program shall be required provide documentation of satisfactory completion of a minimum of five hours of board-approved lith education to include but not limited to blood borne disease start. B. Any body pierces d to provide documentation of satisfactory completion of a minimum of five hours of board-approved health education to include but not limited to blood borne disease, sterilization, and aseptic techniques related to body piercing, and first aid and CPR.

B. Any body piercer desiring approval to perform the duties of an apprenticeship sponsor and offer the board's body-piercing apprenticeship program shall must meet the requirements in 18VAC41-60-70.

C. All apprenticeship training shall must be conducted in a body-piercing salon that has met the requirements of 18VAC41-60-80.

18VAC41-60-160. Body-piercing apprenticeship curriculum requirementsApprenticeship **Curriculum Requirements..**

Body-piercing apprenticeship curriculum requirements are set out in this section:

1. Microbiology:

- a. Microorganisms, viruses, bacteria, fungi;
- b. Transmission cycle of infectious diseases; and
- c. Characteristics of antimicrobial agents.
- 2. Immunization;
 - a. Types of immunizations
 - b. Hepatitis A—G transmission and immunization;
 - c. HIV/AIDS:
 - d. Tetanus, streptococcal, zoonotic, tuberculosis, pneumococcal, and influenza;
 - e. Measles, mumps, and rubella;
 - f. Vaccines and immunization; and
 - g. General preventative measures to be taken to protect the body piercer and client.
- 3. Sanitation and disinfection:
- (2) Disinfection and disinfectant;

 - (6) Decontamination; and

 - b. The use of steam sterilization equipment and techniques;
 - c. The use of chemical agents, antiseptics, disinfectants, and fumigants;
 - d. The use of sanitation equipment;
 - e. Pre-service sanitation procedure; and

- f. Post-service sanitation procedure.
- 4. Safety:
 - a. Proper needle handling and disposal;
 - b. How to avoid overexposure to chemicals;
 - c. The use of Material Safety Data Sheets;
 - d. Blood spill procedures;
 - e. Equipment and instrument storage; and
 - f. First aid and CPR.
- 5. Blood borne pathogen standards:
 - a. OSHA and CDC blood borne pathogen standards;
 - b. Control Plan for blood borne pathogens;
 - c. Exposure Control Plan for Body Piercers;
 - d. Overview of compliance requirements; and
 - e. Disorders and when not to service a client.
- 6. Professional standards:
 - a. History of body piercing;
 - b. Ethics;
 - c. Recordkeeping:
 - (1) Client health history;
 - (2) Consent forms; and

and are not to be construed as regulation or official position (3) HIPAA Standards (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 Privacy Rule);

- d. Preparing station, making appointments, salon ethics:
- (1) Maintaining professional appearance, notifying clients of schedule changes; and
- (2) Promoting services of the salon and establishing clientele;
- e. Salon management:
- (1) Licensing requirements; and
- (2) Taxes; and
- f. Supplies:
- (1) Usages;
- (2) Ordering; and
- (3) Storage.
- 7. Body piercing: Materials contained in

a. Client consultation;

- b. Client health information:
- c. Client disclosure form:
- d. Client preparation;
- e. Sanitation and safety precautions;
- f. Implement selection and use;
- g. Proper use of equipment;
- h. Material selection and use;

- i. Grade of jewelry; and
- i. Metals to use.
- 8. Body-piercing procedures:
 - a. Ear lobe;
 - b. Helix—ear;
 - c. Concha-ear;
 - d. Tragus—ear;
 - e. Tongue;
 - f. Navel;
 - g. Eyebrow;
 - h. Lip;
 - i. Septum;
 - j. Nostril;
 - k. Male nipple;
 - I. Female nipple;
 - m. Monroe (face cheek);
 - n. Prince Albert (male genitalia);
 - o. Frenum (male genitalia);
 - p. Clitorial hoods (female genitalia); and
 - q. Labias (female genitalia).
- Jarendto be construed as regulation or offical Board position 9. Virginia body-piercing laws and regulations.

18VAC41-60-170. Body-piercing hours of instruction and performancesBody-Piercing Apprenticeship Hours of Instruction and Performances.

A. Curriculum requirements specified in 18VAC41-60-160 shall must be taught over a minimum of 1,500 hours as follows: 💉

1. 350 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 of 18VAC41-60-160;

2. 150 hours shall must be devoted to theory pertaining to subdivision 3 of 18VAC41-60-160; and

3. The remaining 1,000 hours shall must be devoted to practical training and the following performances pertaining to subdivision 7 of 18VAC41-60-160:

Body-Piercing Performances								
	ear lo	minimum of 5						
1	helix	- ear	minimum of 5					
	conch	na - ear	minimum of 5					
10	tragu	s - ear	minimum of 5					
15 CO 1-	tongu	e	minimum of 5					
aterials	navel		minimum of 5					
N.o. 1	eyebı	` OW	minimum of 5					

lip	minimum of 5				
septum	minimum of 5				
nostril	minimum of 5				
additional piercings of choice	minimum of 50				
Total	100				

A Board position B. An approved body-piercing apprenticeship program may conduct an assessment of an apprentice's competence in the theory and practical requirements for body piercing and, based on the assessment, give a maximum of 500 hours of credit towards the requirements in subdivisions A 1 and A 3 of this section. No credit shall be allowed for the 150 hours required in ISTUED 25 regi subdivision A 2 of this section.

Part VI

Standards of Practice

18VAC41-60-180. Display of licenseLicense.

A. Each body-piercing salon owner or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must ensure that all current licenses issued by the board shall must be displayed in the reception area of the salon in plain view of the public. Duplicate licenses shall must be posted in a like manner in every salon location where the licensee provides services.

B. Each body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must ensure that no licensee performs any service beyond the scope of practice for the applicable license.

C. Each body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon owner shall must offer to licensees the full series of Hepatitis Byaccine

D. Each body-piercing salon or body-piercing eac only salon owner shall must maintain a record for each licensee of:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

3. Written declaration of refusal of the owner's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

E. All licensees shall must operate under the name in which the license is issued.

18VAC41-60-190. Physical facilities Facilities.

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A. A body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon must be in a permanent building. which must be in a location permissible under local zoning codes, if any. If applicable, the bodypiercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon shall must be separated from any living quarters by complete floor to ceiling partitioning and shall must contain no access to living guarters.

B. The body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner.

CA body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must have a blood spill clean-up kit in the work area- that contains at a minimum latex gloves, two 12inch by 12-inch towels, one disposable trash bag, bleach, one empty spray bottle, and one mask with face shield or any Occupational Safety and Heath Administration (OSHA)-approved blood spill clean-up kit.

D. Work surfaces in a body-piercing salon, body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must be cleaned with a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) registered, hospital grade disinfectant. Surfaces that come in contact with blood or other body fluids shall must be immediately disinfected with an EPA-registered germicide solution. Appropriate personal protective equipment shall must be worn during cleaning and disinfecting procedures.

E. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, cabinets or containers for the storage of instruments, single-use articles, and other utensils shall must be provided for each operator and shall must be maintained in a sanitary manner.

F. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, bulk singleuse articles shall must be commercially packaged and handled in such a way as to protect the articles from contamination.

G. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, all materials applied to the human skin shall must be from single-use articles or transferred from bulk containers to single use containers and shall must be disposed of after each use.

H. In a body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon, the walls, ceilings, and floors shall must be kept in good repair. The body-piercing area shall be constructed of smooth, hard, surfaces that are nonporous, free of open holes or cracks, light colored, and easily cleaned. New physical facilities shall must not include any dark-colored surfaces in the body-piercing area. Existing physical facilities with dark-colored surfaces in the body-piercing area shall must replace the dark-colored surfaces with light-colored surfaces whenever the facilities are extensively remodeled or upon relocation of the business entity.

I. A body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must have adequate lighting of at least 50 foot-candles of illumination in the body-piercing and sterilization areas.

J. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, adequate mechanical ventilation shall must be provided.

K. A body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location shall must be equipped with hand-cleaning facilities for its personnel with unobstructed access to the bodypiercing area or body-piercing ear only area such that the body piercer or body piercer ear only can return to the area without having to touch anything with his hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall must be equipped either with hot and cold or tempered running water under pressure and liquid germicidal soap or with a sanitizing solution to clean hands. Hand-cleaning facilities shall must be equipped with single-use towels or mechanical hand drying devices and a covered refuse container. Such facilities shall must be kept clean and in good repair. All facilities must have running water and soap accessible for cleaning of hands contaminated by body fluids.

L. Animals are not permitted in the body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location except for guide or service animals accompanying persons with disabilities or nonmammalian animals in enclosed glass containers such as fish aquariums, which shall must be outside of the body-piercing area or sterilization area. No animals are allowed in the bodypiercing area, body-piercing ear only area, or sterilization area.

M. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, the use of tobacco products and consumption of alcoholic beverages shall must be prohibited in the bodypiercing area, body-piercing ear only area, or sterilization area.

n a body-_i arink will be stor sterilization area. O. In a bosh piercing A. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, no food or drink will be stored or consumed in the body-piercing area, body-piercing ear only area, or

O. In a body-piercing salon, or body-piercing ear only salon, or temporary location, if bodypiercing or body-piercing ear only is performed where cosmetology services are provided, it shall must be performed in an area that is separate and enclosed.

P. All steam sterilizers shall must be biological spore tested at least monthly.

Q. Biological spore tests shall must be verified through an independent laboratory.

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R. Biological spore test records shall must be retained for a period of three years and made available upon request.

S. Steam sterilizers shall must be used only for instruments used by the salon's employees.

18VAC41-60-200. Body piercer and body piercer ear only responsibilitiesBody Piercer Ear Only Responsibilities.

offical Board position A. All body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must provide to the responsible management one of the following:

1. Proof of completion of the full series of Hepatitis B vaccine;

2. Proof of immunity by blood titer; or

3. Written declaration of refusal of the responsible management's offer of a full series of Hepatitis B vaccine.

B. All body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must wear clean outer garments, maintain a high degree of personal cleanliness, and conform to hygienic practices while on duty.

C. All body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must clean their hands thoroughly using hot or tempered water with a liquid germicidal soap or use sanitizing solution to clean hands before and after body piercing and as necessary to remove contaminants.

D. All body piercers and body piercers ear only must wear single-use examination gloves while assembling instruments and another pair of single-use examination gloves while providing piercing services. хO

E. Each time there is an interruption in the service, each time the gloves become torn or perforated or become contaminated, or whenever the ability of the gloves to function as a barrier is compromised:

1. Gloves shall must be removed and disposed of; and

2. Hands shall must be cleaned and a fresh pair of gloves used.

F. Body piercers and body piercers ear only shall must use standard precautions while providing piercing services. A body piercer or body piercer ear only diagnosed with a communicable disease, shall must provide to the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation a written statement from a health care practitioner that the body piercer's condition no longer poses a threat to public health.

G. Body piercers and body piercers ear only with draining lesions on their hands or face will not be permitted to work until cleared by a health care professional.

H. The area of the client's skin to be pierced shall be cleaned with an approved germicidal soap or antiseptic product according to label directions.

I.H. The external skin of the All client areas to be pierced shall must be cleaned with an approved germicidal soap or antiseptic product according to the label directions. In the case of oral piercings, the operator shall must provide the individual with antiseptic mouthwash in a singleuse cup and shall must ensure that the individual utilizes the mouthwash provided. In the case of a lip, labret, or cheek piercing, procedures described in this subsection for both skin and oral piercings shall must be followed.

resistant container. . If shaving is required, razors shall must be single-use and disposed of in a puncture-

K.J. Each body piercer or body piercer ear only performing any piercing procedures in the salon shall must have the education, training and experience, or any combination thereof, to practice aseptic technique and prevent the transmission of bloodborne pathogens. All procedures shall must be performed using aseptic technique.

L.K. An individual, single-use, pre-sterilized piercing needle shall must be used for each client. Single-use disposable instruments shall must be disposed of in a puncture-resistant container.

Board position M.L. Used, nondisposable instruments shall must be kept in a separate, puncture-resistant container until brush scrubbed in hot water soap and then sterilized by autoclaving. Contaminated instruments shall must be handled with disposable gloves.

N.M. Used nondisposable instruments that are ultrasonically cleaned shall must be rinsed under running hot water prior to being placed in the used instrument container.

O.N. Used nondisposable instruments that are not ultrasonically cleaned prior to being placed in the used instrument container shall must be kept in a germicidal or soap solution until brush scrubbed in hot water and soap and sterilized by autoclaving. 0

P.O. The ultrasonic unit shall must be sanitized daily with a germicidal solution.

Q.P. Nondisposable instruments shall must be sterilized and shall must be handled and stored in a manner to prevent contamination. Instruments to be sterilized shall must be sealed in bags made specifically for the purpose of autoclave sterilization and shall must include the date of sterilization. If nontransparent bags are utilized, the bag shall must also list the contents.

R.Q. Autoclave sterilization bags with a color code indicator that changes color upon proper sterilization shall must be utilized during the autoclave sterilization process.

S.R. Nondisposable instruments shall must be placed in the autoclave in a manner to allow live steam to circulate around them.

T.S. Contaminated disposable and single-use items shall must be disposed of in accordance with federal and state regulations regarding disposal of biological hazardous materials.

U.T. The manufacturer's written instruction of the autoclave shall must be followed.

18VAC41-60-210. Body-piercing client qualifications, disclosures, and recordsClient Qualifications, Disclosures, and Records.

A. Except as permitted in § 18.2-371.3 of the Code of Virginia, a client must be a minimum of 18 years of age and shall must present at the time of the body piercing a valid, governmentissued, positive identification card including, but not limited to, a driver's license, passport, or military identification. The identification must contain a photograph of the individual and a printed date of birth.

B. The body piercer shall must verify and document in the permanent client record the client's age, date of birth, and the type of identification provided.

C. No person may be body pierced who appears to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

D. Body piercing shall must not be performed on any skin surface that manifests any evidence of unhealthy conditions such as rashes, boils, infections, or abrasions.

E. Before receiving a body piercing, each client and client's parent or guardian, if applicable, shall must be informed verbally and in writing, using the client disclosure form prescribed by the board, about the possible risk and dangers associated with the application of each body piercing. Signatures of the client, the client's parent or guardian, if applicable, and the body piercer shall must be required on the client disclosure form to acknowledge receipt of both the verbal and written disclosures. Each client and client's parent or quardian, if applicable, shall must be informed verbally and in writing of aftercare for each piercing.

F. The body-piercing salon or temporary location shall must maintain proper records for each client. The information shall must be permanently recorded and made available for examination by the department or authorized agent. Records shall must be maintained at the body-piercing salon for at least two years following the date of the last entry. The temporary location client records shall be maintained by the license holder. The permanent records shall must include the following:

1. The name, address, and telephone number of the client;

2. The date body piercing was performed;

Hical Board position 3. The client's age, date of birth, and a copy of the positive identification provided to the body piercer;

4. The specific type of jewelry used for the piercing and, when available, the manufacturer's catalogue or identification number for the type of jewelry used;

5. The location on the body where the body piercing was performed;

6. The name of the body piercer;

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7. A statement that the client has received a copy of applicable written care instructions and that the client has read and understands the instructions; and

8. The signature of the client and, if applicable, parent or guardian.

18VAC41-60-220. Grounds for license revocation or suspension or probation; denial of application, renewal, or reinstatement; or imposition of a monetary penalty License Revocation, Suspension, or Probation; Denial of Application, Renewal or Reinstatement; or Imposition of a Monetary Penalty.

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, fine any licensee and suspend, place on probation, or revoke or refuse to renew or reinstate any license, or deny any application issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if the board finds that the licensee or applicant:

The board may, in considering the totality of the circumstances, refuse to issue, renew or reinstate a license; impose a monetary penalty, place a license on probation with such terms and conditions and for such time as it may designate; suspend a license for a stated period of time; or revoke, a license issued under the provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia and this chapter if the board finds that the licensee or applicant:

1. Is incompetent or negligent in practice, or incapable mentally or physically, unable to practice with skill or safety as a result of any mental or physical condition, as those terms are generally understood in the profession, to (i) practice as a body piercer or body piercer ear only, or (ii) operate a body piercing salon;

2. Is convicted of fraud or deceit in the practice body piercing or body piercing ear only;

3. Attempted to obtain, obtained, renewed, or reinstated a license by false or fraudulent representation; Attempts to obtain, obtains, renews, or reinstates a license by false or fraudulent representation;

4. Violates or induces others to violate, or cooperates with others in violating, any of the provisions of this chapter or Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any local ordinance or regulation governing standards of health and sanitation of the establishment in which body piercers or body piercers ear only may practice or offer to practice;

5. Offers, gives, or promises anything of value or benefit to any federal, state, or local Semployee for the purpose of influencing that employee to circumvent in the performance of the employee's duties any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or ordinance governing body piercing as defined in § 54.1-700 of the Code of Virginia;

6. Fails to respond to the board or any of its agents or provides false, misleading, or incomplete information to an inquiry by the board or any of its agents;

7. Fails or refuses to allow the board or any of its agents to inspect during reasonable hours any licensed salon for compliance with provisions of Chapter 7 (§ 54.1-700 et seq.) or this chapter;

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8. Fails to produce, upon request or demand of the board or any of its agents, any document, book, record, or copy thereof in a licensee's, apprentice's, temporary license holder's, applicant's or responsible management possession or maintained in accordance

10. Makes any misrepresentation or publishes or causes to be published any of the advertisement that is false, deceptive, or misleading; 11. Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of the advertisement of a license, certificate or the other invised of the surrender of a license, certificate or the other invised of the surrender of a license, certificate or the surrender of a license. other jurisdiction or of any license, certificate, or permit which has been the subject of disciplinary action in any other jurisdiction; Fails to notify the board in writing within 30 days of any final action or disciplinary action taken against a license, registration, certificate or permit in any jurisdiction by a local, state or national regulatory body;

12. Has been convicted or found guilty, regardless of the manner of adjudication in Virginia or any other jurisdiction of the United States, of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or any felony, there being no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having elapsed. Review of convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia. Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for purposes of this subdivision. The record of a conviction certified or authenticated in such form as to be admissible in evidence under the laws of the jurisdiction where convicted shall be admissible as prima facie evidence of such conviction or quilt;

13. Fails to inform the board in writing within 30 days of pleading guilty or nolo contendere or being convicted or found guilty regardless of adjudication of any convictions as stated in subdivision 12 of this section; S \odot

14. Allows, as responsible management of a salon, a person who has not obtained a license or temporary license to practice as a body piercer or body piercer ear only unless the person is duly enrolled as an apprentice;

15. Fails to take sufficient measures to prevent transmission of communicable or infectious diseases or fails to comply with sanitary requirements provided for in this chapter or any local, state, or federal law or regulation governing the standards of health and sanitation for the practice of body piercing, or the operation of body-piercing salon or body-piercing ear only salon; or

16. Fails to comply with all procedures established by the board and the testing service with regard to conduct at any board examination.

FORMS (18) AC41-60)

Body Piercer Examination & License Application, A450-1241EXLIC-v16 (rev. 9/2023) Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Sponsor Application, A450-12BPSPON-v6 (rev. 9/2023) Materials contait Body-Piercing Apprentice Certification Application, A450-BP SOA-v3 (rev. 3/2015) Body-Piercing Apprenticeship Completion Form, A450-12BPAC-v8 (rev. 1/2020) Body-Piercing Client Disclosure Form, A450-12BPDIS-v2 (rev. 4/2013) Body Piercer Ear Only License Application, A450-1245LIC-v10 (rev. 9/2023) License by Endorsement Application, A450-1213END-v18 (rev. 9/2022)

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As you know from earlier in the meeting, the Board occasionally receives requests for reconsideration of case. According to § 2.2-4023.1 of the Code of Virginia, a party may petition for reconsideration of a board decision made pursuant to § 2.2-4020 within (fifteen (15) dorner service of the final decision on the party's timely petition for 30) days from receipt of the petition for reconsiderations of the petition for reconsiderations of the petition for reconsideration of a written decision on the party's timely petition for ground so which felling?

decision on petitions for reconsideration of Board decisions for licensing and disciplinary cases.

The Board may delegate this authority to the Board for Barbers and Cosmetology Executive Waterials contained in this agenda are proposed topics for dist Director by making a motion to "delegate the authority to consider and render a decision on petitions for reconsideration of Board licensing and disciplinary case final decisions." Oraft

Code of Virginia Title 2.2. Administration of Government Subtitle II. Administration of State Government Part B. Transaction of Public Business Chapter 40. Administrative Process Act Article 3. Case Decisions

§ 2.2-4023.1. Reconsideration

,oard positio A. A party may file a petition for reconsideration of an agency's final decision made pursuant to § 2.2-4020. The petition shall be filed with the agency not later than 15 days after service of the final decision and shall state the specific grounds on which relief is requested. The petition shall contain a full and clear statement of the facts pertaining to the reasons for reconsideration, the grounds in support thereof, and a statement of the relief desired. A timely filed petition for reconsideration shall not suspend the execution of the agency decision nor toll the time for filing a notice of appeal under Rule 2A:2 of the Rules of Supreme Court of Virginia, unless the agency provides for suspension of its decision when it grants a petition for reconsideration. The failure to file a petition for reconsideration shall not constitute a failure to exhaust all administrative remedies.

B. The agency shall render a written decision on a party's timely petition for reconsideration within 30 days from receipt of the petition for reconsideration. Such decision shall (i) deny the petition, (ii) modify the case decision, or (iii) vacate the case decision and set a new hearing for further proceedings. The agency shall state the reasons for its action.

C. If reconsideration is sought for the decision of a policy-making board of an agency, such board may (i) consider the petition for reconsideration at its next regularly scheduled meeting; (ii) schedule a special meeting to consider and decide upon the petition within 30 days of receipt; or (iii) notwithstanding any other provision of law, delegate authority to consider the petition to either the board chairman, a subcommittee of the board, or the director of the agency that provides administrative support to the board, in which case a decision on the reconsideration shall be rendered within 30 days of receipt of the petition by the board.

D. Denial of a petition for reconsideration shall not constitute a separate case decision and shall not on its own merits be subject to judicial review. It may, however, be considered by a reviewing court as part of any judicial review of the case decision itself.

E. The agency may reconsider its final decision on its own initiative for good cause within 30 days of the date of the final decision. An agency may develop procedures for reconsideration of its final decisions on its own initiative.

F. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, (i) any agency may promulgate regulations that specify the scope of evidence that may be considered by such agency in support of any petition for reconsideration and (ii) any agency that has statutory authority for reconsideration in its basic law may respond to requests in accordance with such law.

2016, c. 694.

The chapters of the acts of assembly referenced in the historical citation at the end of this section(s) may not constitute a comprehensive list of such chapters and may exclude chapters whose provisions have expired.

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<image><image><image><image><image><image><image><text> Attached you will find the most recent Statement of Financial Activity and the Supporting Statement of Financial Activity.

Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation **Statement of Financial Activity**

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology 954230

2022-2024 Biennium		February 2024				
			ardpos			
			o-Date Comparison			
	February 2024 Activity	July 2020 - February 2022	July 2022 - February 2024			
Cash/Revenue Balance Brought Forward			810,212			
Revenues	327,845	6,661,903	6,965,663			
Cumulative Revenues		100 A	7,775,875			
Cost Categories:		347,586				
Board Expenditures	18,636	347,586	373,263			
Board Administration	104,523	\sim	1,921,931			
Administration of Exams	05,946	92,913	102,908			
Enforcement	85,589	1,523,584	1,702,276			
Legal Services Information Systems		53,742	53,445 1,290,278			
Facilities and Support Services	27,332	573,460	565,144			
Agency Administration	104,523 104,523 85,589 16 16 147,228 147,228 63,285	840,034	1,322,362			
Agency Administration Other / Transfers Total Expenses	0	(3)	(923)			
Total Expenses	458,517	6,522,022	7,330,683			
Transfer To/(From) Cash Reserves	(69,971)	0	(165,402			
Ending Cash/Revenue Balance			610,593			
ined in the						
Cash Reserve Beginning Balance	5,335,613	0	5,431,044			
Change in Cash Reserve	(69,971)	0	(165,402			
Ending Cash Reserve Balance	5,265,642	0	5,265,642			
Number of Regulants						
Current Month Previous Biennium-to-Date	75,408 74,446					

Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation

Board for Barbers and Cosmetology - 954230 Fiscal Year 2024

	Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation Supporting Statement of Year-to-Date Activity Board for Barbers and Cosmetology - 954230 Fiscal Year 2024								on or offical Board position									
												Fiscal Planned Projected Projected YTD Annual Current Charges Favorable (U						
Board	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Charges	Charges	Balance	at 6/30	Amount	%
Expenditures Board	17,763	24,979	23,032	19,074	17,585	23,374	8,737	18,636	0	C	0	Instrued	153,180	209,326	56,146	222,537	-13,211	-6.3%
Administration	94,354	91,468	136,012	47,839	100,126	146,982	58,655	104,523	0	C	10 ⁰⁰ 0	<u>о</u>	779,958	1,501,743	721,784	1,079,408	422,335	28.1%
Administration of Exams	5,227	6,132	8,716	2,913	5,859	8,759	2,956	5,946	0	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	0	0	46,508	80,223	33,716	64,748	15,476	19.3%
Enforcement	81,854	85,042	127,902	46,429	84,562	127,565	42,497		erlda o	d are i	0	0	681,439	1,324,511	643,072	945,398	379,114	28.6%
Legal Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	11,955	5,978	sion o	61030	0	0	17,933	23,911	5,978	26,900	-2,989	-12.5%
Information Systems	40,949	96,030	77,474	53,967	60,150	73,232	13,319	147,228	Drate Drate	, co	0	0	562,351	843,892	281,541	825,962	17,930	2.1%
Facilities / Support Svcs	26,670	27,143	32,576	23,341	25,975	35,618	25,858	27,332	0	С	0	0	224,514	536,505	311,991	328,676	207,829	38.7%
Agency Administration	64,252	69,424	110,462	36,999	75,047	104,866	28,996		0	С	0	0	553,330	924,410	371,080	775,290	149,120	16.1%
Other / Transfers	0	0	0	0	Ne	-3	0	0	0	C	0	0	-3	0	3	-4	4	
Total Charges	331,069	400,217	516,173	230,563	.80	520,394	192,974	458,517	0	C	0	0	3,019,210	5,444,521	2,425,311	4,268,914	1,175,607	21.6%
YR 2 YTD I	Expenditures Con	400,217	tained it	this of													4/1/2024	

Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation Statement of Financial Activity

Agency Total

2022-2024 Biennium

February 2024

rd Post Biennium-to-Date Comparison February 2024 July 2022 -July 2020 -Activity February 2022 February 2024 6 **Cash/Revenue Balance Brought Forward** 3,453,476 33,353,632 **Revenues** 1,180,098 33,733,253 de S to be construed **Cumulative Revenues** 37,186,729 **Cost Categories:** 2,737,565 **Board Expenditures** 173,613 3,214,087 **Board Administration** 428,694 7,411,067 7,973,299 Administration of Exams 502,172 496,672 Enforcement 11,673,616 12,150,367 429,005 Legal Services 404,520 **Information Systems** 5,340,053 5,485,482 **Facilities and Support Services** 3,225,366 3,228,046 Agency Administration 3,516,935 5,624,916 554 Other / Transfers 4,862 **Total Expenses** 34,816,155 38,602,429 Transfer To/(From) Cash Reserves (853,722) 0 (4, 385, 334)Ending Cash/Revenue Balance 2,969,634 Cash Reserve Beginning Balance 14,462,339 0 17,993,950 Change in Cash Reserve (853, 722)0 (4, 385, 334)**Ending Cash Reserve Balance** 13,608,617 0 13,608,617 Number of Regulants

Current Month 320,070 Previous Biennium-to-Date 308,696